THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

COPYRIGHT 1932 BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

BOSTON, THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1932—VOL. XXIV, NO. 124

** ATLANTIC EDITION—FIVE CENTS A COPY

The MARCH of the NATIONS

by RUFUS STEELE

America Asks Debts Pledge

Arms Roar at Geneva Lunch

Dawes Discloses Three Facts

South American Union Is Talk

Chile Turns Ashes to Coin

WASHINGTON developments point to early clarification of the international war debt situation. Congress hears more speeches aroused by failure of the British budget to provide for debt payments to the United States. The Administration regards as sufficient the statement of Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, that provision might have to be made after the Lausanne reparations conference in June. The State Department announces that, acting for the Treasury, it has recently sent to 14 European nations owing the United States notice that they will be expected to sign formal obligations to repay over a 10-year period, in addition to regular payments, the $246,000,000 postponed in the Hoover moratorium agreement. The action is classed as a formality. Events, it is plain, have thrown war debts into the center of American major problems—probably into the coming national election.

¶ Geneva sees the Disarmament Conference in struggle over the resolution to abolish warfare's heavy aggressive arms, while the real decision is probably being reached at a momentous luncheon near-by. Over the lunch table MacDonald of Britain, Tardieu of France, Bruening of Germany, Grandi of Italy, and Stimson of the United States come face to face with the problem. No news is given out, but no one doubts that history is made by the diners. The five statesmen are guests of Lord Londonderry, one of England's most famous hosts. But for once his fine food is doubtless wasted—How could any one of those embattled eaters know what he is eating?

¶ Congress hears President Dawes of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation make three significant statements to the House Ways and Means Committee. He says that his big corporation has loaned $243,248,000 to 1520 banks, 68 per cent of them in towns of less than 100,000 people; that general withdrawals from banks have stopped; that to pay the war veterans a cash bonus out of new currency would affect disastrously the country's monetary and credit systems. His words, in economical effect, mean this: America has stopped sliding downhill; America is holding its own; should America, open-eyed, return to the toboggan?

¶ New York sees closing down of the Transandine Railroad as giving impetus to the movement for a South American customs union. Collapse of the expensive road is brought about by lack of traffic between Chile and Argentina, high tariffs having brought trade to a standstill. A customs union would take in all the neighbors. The Transandine Railroad is one of the most striking and picturesque in the world. Its builders were called madmen attempting the impossible. The mountain-climbing mail trains will be replaced by something yesterday would have called madder still—air-climbing mail planes.

¶ Austria sees the International Chamber of Commerce end its special conference at Innsbruck with a strong appeal on behalf of the Danube states. All the European powers are asked to aid in relieving a critical situation out of which the Danube area cannot lift itself. Adjustment of tariffs and economic agreements in favor of the area is seen as imperative. The process of helping Central Europe may appear involved, but the problem is not very different from that vexing many parts of the world—How shall the farmer be brought again into wholesome and satisfactory relation with his market?

¶ Chile finds that out of seeming dark disaster may come almost incredible profit. Reparations pour in from the eruption of five Andean peaks which laid a blanket of fine ashes over hundreds of square miles of towns and countryside. Curico's 16,000 inhabitants are busily gathering the gray dust for a Santiago firm which is purchasing it by the ton and will use it for some unnamed purpose. Now come the alfalfa farmers, who feared the thick blanket had smothered their crops completely, to announce that the alfalfa is flourishing as never before under the strange fertilizer. It is an ill volcano, chirps Chile, that blows nobody good.

¶ Bulgarian villages run their stores wholly on barter. In come two eggs and out goes a handful of rice. Enter more eggs, exit sugar. A Monitor correspondent finds a group of leading citizens, including the Mayor, who haven't a total of 10 cents among them. Any American who will can play a grand game with his sense of values. He may have little money, but he has a nickel, and a buffalo nickel in a Bulgarian village would leap into unheard-of proportions—It would seem about the size of a wheel of one of those tall Bulgar carts.

'Extinct' Australian Marsupial Revives

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Adelaide, S. Aust.

ONE of Australia's rare marsupials, which had been lost for nearly 100 years, has been rediscovered, following the bountiful rains that recently reawakened plant and animal life in the center of the continent. This is the rat kangaroo (caloprymnus campestris), which was found by Mr. Harry Finlayson, of the Adelaide University staff, on a recent trip in Central Australia.

The little animal, which stands about a foot high, was believed to be extinct. It is said that the only three specimens of it in the world are in the British Museum.

Chinese 'Reds' Close In on Big Treaty Port

Evacuation of Amoy Starts Following Capture of Provincial Capital

AMOY, China, April 21 (AP)—The evacuation of this treaty port was begun by the Government forces today in expectation of its capture any hour by the Communists.

The British cruiser Devonshire was standing by to protect British inhabitants, among whom are a number of women and children.

Many Chinese have fled to the countryside, although the city is still comparatively quiet.

Amoy, which is one of the finest ports of the Pacific coast, lies some 350 miles to the northeast of Canton in the south of China. Owing to the capture of Changchow, capital of Fukien Province, and one of China's largest cities, by Communist forces yesterday, Amoy is directly threatened by the 'Reds.' The retreating government forces, on their way from Changchow passed close by Amoy, but were refused admission by the International Settlement authorities.

HONG KONG, April 21 (AP)—The British warship Devonshire at Amoy reported today that refugees were flocking into the city, driven by the advancing Communist army, and that the government troops were retreating toward Changpu and Tungon.

Chinese reports said the Communists were expected to capture the city any moment. Troops were reported being sent from Nanking and Canton to endeavor to save the city.

Lytton Starts North

TOKYO, April 21 (AP)—The League of Nations Inquiry Commission today began its journey into Manchuria, scene of its most important labors.

Both sections were expected to arrive at Mukden tonight. The city was placarded with slogans in English, such as, "Envoys of Peace, Welcome!" "Dawn From the East" and "Peace From Geneva."

Before leaving Dairen, Dr. Wellington Koo, Chinese representative, said that he was determined to accompany Lord Lytton.

LIST OF SHORTS MADE PUBLIC IN STOCKS INQUIRY

No Prominent Men Among Them or Officials of the Government

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 21—The Senate Banking and Currency Committee, investigating short sales on Wall Street, today made public a list of some 350 selected names of individuals who held a short interest of 2500 shares or over on the date of April 8. The list was compiled from the larger list of 24,000 short sales slips assembled earlier by the committee on this single day's transactions.

It was the first such list ever published, and marked the high light of the resumed hearing today at which Mr. Richard Whitney, president of the New York Stock Exchange, was the sole witness. Mingled in the crowded aisles of the big committee room sat some 25 or more New York brokers and individual bear operators, subpœnaed yesterday to appear today. Mr. William A. Gray, associate counsel of the committee, did not reach this group in today's hearing, but will examine them later. In the group of those served with subpœnaed yesterday to appear today.

Rockefeller to Appear

Mr. William A. Gray's associate counsel of the committee, did not reach this group in today's hearing, but will examine them later. In the group of those served with subpœnas was Mr. Percy A. Rockefeller, cousin of Mr. John D. Rockefeller Jr., Mr. Mathew Brush, head of the American International Corporation, and others.

At the close of an executice session of the committee that concluded the morning's hearing, Senator Peter Norbeck (R.) of South Dakota, chairman of the committee, declared emphatically that the Wall Street investigation was "just at its beginning" and that it was not to "be halted or called off."

An explanation of the list of 350 names was given orally by Senator Frederic C. Walcott (R.) of Connecticut, as the latter was made public. The original list of 24,000 short slips representing individual transactions from which the present group was selected was taken for the day April 8 because of the rumor that a $1,000,000,000 bear raid" had been engineered for the morrow.

No Officials on List

The smaller list contained only individuals whose interest was 2500 or more shares on the short side. No prominent men, or those engaged in public affairs, had been found on the list, he said. In particular, he denied the rumor that a Cabinet official had been found in the group.

Senator Walcott said there was nothing unethical in being on the short side and having one's name on the list. Many of the signatures, he said, were obviously dummy names. The list proved nothing in itself, he added, but would become the basis of an important investigation in detail and of the whole matter of short selling.

At the morning session, Mr. Whitney described in detail the regulations imposed by the New York Stock Exchange upon the short sale of securities.

Nations Writing Vital Chapter In World's Post-War History

Conference at Geneva Brings Statesmen of Great Powers Into Close Contact on Question of Disarmament and Its Allied Topics

By ERWIN D. CANHAM

Staff Correspondent

By Cable from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

GENEVA, April 21—The arrival of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, British Prime Minister, and the unexpected appearance of the French Premier, M. André Tardieu, on the scene, converted Geneva today into the most intensely concentrated political and economic conference of post-war history.

By mid-forenoon the château at Bessinge, occupied by the American Secretary of State, Mr. Henry L. Stimson, had already become one center of this conference when Mr. MacDonald and M. Tardieu hastened there for joint discussions.

Mr. Stimson, with much appreciated courtesy, went to Mr. MacDonald's hotel and personally escorted the British Prime Minister to his manorial residence. A few minutes later M. Tardieu was brought out by Mr. Norman H. Davis of the American delegation.

The visit of the heads of the British and French Governments coincided only briefly, for Mr. MacDonald wished to appear as soon as possible at the Disarmament Conference. But M. Tardieu remained longer for a conversation with Mr. Stimson upon the conflict of views between the Anglo-Saxon and French powers, which at that very moment was becoming more acute across Lake Leman at the League headquarters.

The first full-fledged conference of the "Big Five" took place over lunch at the Beau Rivage Hotel, where Lord Londonderry, in his capacity as one of England's most noted aristocratic hosts, entertained Mr. MacDonald, M. Tardieu, the German Chancellor, Dr. Heinrich Bruening, Mr. Stimson and Signor Dino Grandi, Italian Foreign Minister.

It is too early to attempt to estimate the nature and results of these conversations. Naturally, the meeting lacked eavesdroppers and there was no stenographic reporter under the table. Such fragmentary descriptions of the conversations as emerge can be valuable only later when the re-

(Continued on Page 11, Column 1)

CLOSE CHECK ON 'BAD BOY' DRIVERS KEPT

Motor Registrar's Safety Expert Speaker at Conference

Mr. Morgan T. Ryan, Registrar of Motor Vehicles, today commended the work of Dr. C. S. Slocombe in his capacity as safety adviser to the Registrar. His statements were made as chairman of the second day gathering of safety officials convening for the Eleventh Annual Massachusetts Safety Conference at the Hotel Bradford.

In view of criticisms leveled at his safety adviser's department, the Registrar, in introducing Dr. Slocombe as one of the speakers at the meeting, emphasized that the system worked out by the safety expert was helping to reduce accidents in the State by aiding in apprehending the habitually careless.

"So far as I know, Dr. Slocombe has not attempted to run things at Commonwealth Pier," the Registrar declared. "And his master card system has led to more efficient methods of getting the accident driver off the road. In the end, this system should help to reduce the costs of insurance and aid in educating the mass of drivers to be safe."

Dr. Slocombe described his system of keeping records on drivers who are involved in accidents as something like the probation system in the public schools. The "bad boy" motorist is not ruled off the road at once but is given a chance to make good on probation.

If he fails to prove himself capable of good driving under observation, he is then ruled off the highway. This educational system is proving more effective than more drastic regulations, Dr. Slocombe declared.

In Somerville, which has cooperated with Dr. Slocombe's department, the best accident record is compiled this year to date in the national safety contest now going on, the expert said. Other communities are being asked to coöperate with the department which serves in the capacity of adviser and supervisor to communities seeking safety guidance. Dr. Slocombe contends that if Somerville can build up such a good record, every community can do it.

It is the policy of the safety adviser to put officers or inspectors where the accidents are most frequent to detect their causes and insure safety. Dr. Slocombe further described his system as a means of tying up the records of all communities for the use of the whole in evolving a general program of safety work.

Dr. Slocombe took up his work two years ago with the registry, following a successful record as safety adviser for the Boston Elevated Railway.

WOMEN DEMAND DRY PLATFORM OF PRESIDENT

Hoover Notified of Conditions Under Which He May Get Dry Vote

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 21—Notice has been once more served upon President Hoover that he must stand on a dry platform if he wants the dry vote next November.

A warning was given him yesterday by a group of dry women led by Mrs. Henry W. Peabody, chairman of the National Women's Committee for Law Enforcement, who presented him with resolutions passed at its convention just closed here.

"We cannot," said one of the resolutions, "accept any recommendation by either party to present a dry candidate on a wet platform, since we could not trust the sincerity of any candidate willing to lend himself to such a plan."

Leaving the White House, Mrs. Peabody said that the reference in another resolution asking that American ambassadors be instructed to obey the laws of the United States while at their posts was aimed directly at Mr. Andrew W. Mellon, new Ambassador to Great Britain, who announced upon arrival at London that he would observe the customs of England.

At the conclusion of their visit the women handed President Hoover a bound volume containing his utterances on prohibition since 1925. The preface reminded the President that these utterances indicate he is definitely committed to the dry side.

The drys, Mrs. Peabody explained after the visit to the President, "trust Mr. Hoover will not accept any wet or doubtful plank in the Republican platform," but if the convention inserts such a plank he will have to "take the consequences."

France Reported Open to Reason

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 21—Progress is reported between France and the United States for an adjustment of the trade and tariff controversy bothering the two nations. It is understood that Mr. William R. Castle Jr., Acting Secretary of State, discussing the situation with M. Paul Claudel, French Ambassador, was advised that France is "prepared to view the situation reasonably."

Relief sought by American industrial and commercial concerns is largely a question of quotas, the claim being made that they are unfairly administered. It has been pointed out to France that where the normal year for American exports has been low, the American quota in that product has been necessarily restricted.

What the Department of State seeks is an equitable system for choosing a period of years, instead of one arbitrary 12-month period; and then to strike an average that would take into consideration both the period of maximum imports as well as the minimum years.

The seriousness of the American trade situation was foreshadowed in the report for the first quarter of this year, made public by the Department of Commerce. Due to foreign trade restrictions of one kind or another, American exports dropped near an unfavorable trade balance. This was the first time that such a condition has existed since the World War.

Hoover Gets Maple Sirup From 11 Vermont Boys

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP)—Eleven youngsters from Colchester, Vt., presented to President Hoover yesterday a gift of maple sugar and maple sirup drawn with their own hands.

The President received it saying: "We will have it on our table many days."

The boys made the trip to the capital in two small cars and are stopping at a tourist camp on the edge of the city.

HOOVER OPPOSES BUDGET SLASHES IN DEPARTMENTS

Thinks General 10 P. C. Cut Threatens Efficiency of Government

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 21—The budget-slashing senatorial joy ride came abruptly up against White House opposition today. Cabinet members, after conferring with the President, expressed firm opposition to the 10 per cent slashes now being applied to all appropriation bills.

No secret is made of the fact that the White House is alarmed at slashes already made in the Interior, Post Office and Treasury Departments. It was said at the White House that the latter two will be particularly hard hit. The President is known to oppose this method of effecting economies.

The Administration view was fully expressed in a letter by Mr. Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, to the Senate Appropriations Committee yesterday vehemently protesting the flat 10 per cent method and indicating the belief that Congress has started out on a retrenchment policy which threatens activities essential to the continued existence of good government.

Mr. Mills estimated that the reductions in the Treasury appropriations alone would throw 6000 employees, 80 per cent residing outside Washington, out of work, and declared that unless Congress was intending paper cuts and sham economies, to be made up later by supplementary appropriations, it was heading the Government toward the "shocking" alternative of wholesale dismissals and crippled efficiency.

Further modifications in President Hoover's economy program were decided upon by the Economy Committee today. His proposal to abolish the Shipping Board and suspend operations of the United States Ship Lines were rejected. In its place the committee proposes to save about $2,500,000 by elimination of some of the special research bureaus and divisions of the board which are no longer considered necessary.

The committee also decided to reject the President's proposal to abolish federal vocation education. As a substitute they will draft a plan for graduated reduction in federal contribution with the expectation the work will be taken over by the individual states. No reduction in appropriations is contemplated for the present year beyond what is already provided in the appropriation bill.

Meanwhile the House Economy Committee, working on Mr. Hoover's plan for intelligent economy through salary reductions, elimination of waste and consolidations, sought to complete the omnibus bill which will coördinate its own suggestions with those of the President.

It rejected yesterday two sections of the original Hoover plan for effecting economies in the Veterans' Bureau administration following a storm of protest from the American Legion and other veteran organizations.

Chicago Tax Hope Given Stimulus By Court Ruling

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, April 21—Fresh hope as to the possibility of collecting back taxes and ending the "tax strike" here, thus bringing the best kind of financial relief to Chicago, was given yesterday by the State Supreme Court. It reversed a local judicial decision, which held the 1928 and 1929 tax levies invalid, a decision which had thrown the tax situation into a near chaos.

News of the Supreme Court verdict brought the enthusiastic comment from Mayor Anton J. Cermak that balky taxpayers should now come in and pay. He declared the city's credit immeasurably improved.

"This looks to me like the final blow to the tax strike," Mr. Hayden N. Bell, tax attorney for the county, said. "They have been banking on getting the local decision sustained and while they might take their objection to a higher court I don't think they will."

Mr. Bell added that there was probably $50,000,000 of outstanding taxes for the two years involved. Had the legality of the 1928 and 1929 levies been undermined, this would also have cast a cloud over the 1930 taxes, which are now in collection, throwing the city into a still greater predicament.

POSTAL RATE RISE HOLDS UP BUNDLES

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 21 — Increased postal rates on second-class matter to foreign countries have held up 60 sacks of merchandise and newspapers here.

Notices will be sent to senders of all packages as far as is possible, and where names and addresses do not appear, similar notices will be sent to all addressees with the request that the senders' names and locations be forwarded to the department.

Where such names are not obtainable, merchandise will be auctioned off at customary department sales. Where names can be obtained, senders will be notified of the amounts due, and upon payment, packages will be returned to them.

British Canal Project To Afford 1000 Jobs

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Birmingham, Eng.

WIDENING of the Grand Union Canal from Warwick to Birmingham, which is being started this spring, is expected to give employment to at least 1000 men over a period of two years.

When the £1,000,000 development scheme has been completed, barges in pairs—one a motor barge and the other a tower—carrying between them about 130 tons, will be able to pass anywhere along the canal from Limehouse to Birmingham.

Foreign Policy Minimized In French Voting

Orthodox Parties Agree on Main Lines, With Socialists Dissenting

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

PARIS—Foreign affairs could not be kept out of the electoral campaign in France. Yet, though they figure so largely in the preoccupations of the country, it was not sought to give them a prominent place in the national discussions.

The fact is that, apart from a vague phraseology, a certain appeal to mysticism on the part of the Radicals, there is no essential difference in the foreign policy of the orthodox parties. M. Léon Blum and the Socialists stand aloof.

The leader of the Socialists is a very able controversialist, and he, in the party organ, Le Populaire, argues powerfully against the official French thesis of security as a preliminary condition of disarmament.

M. Blum does not believe that the piling up of armaments adds to a nation's security. On the contrary, he opposes the formula of the Radical chief, M. Edouard Herriot—a formula generally accepted—Security, Arbitration, Disarmament. He prefers the formula: Security by Arbitration and Disarmament.

German Case Exploited

As for the proposed international army controlled by the League of Nations, M. Blum regards it as fantastic. If it could be realized it would be dangerous. Probably it would be worse than national armies—which indeed would not necessarily disappear with the formation of an international army.

In short, the Socialists are genuinely in favor of disarmament. But though there is a Socialist viewpoint which differs from th: of any other party, it would be ill-advised to count on it. The Socialist viewpoint can hardly be adopted by the bulk of the French people.

How far there is really fear of Germany in France is a matter of opinion, but there is no doubt that such fear is assumed and exploited. If France spends enormous sums on its armaments it is because the people believe that they must be strong enough to repel the attacks of any nation. That is the popular conception. The politicians think rather of the necessity of maintaining the peace treaties, and the status quo which gives France a dominant position on the Continent.

The arguments of Mr. Blum are opposed in most quarters. To put the case bluntly, there is a widespread belief that France for some years practiced a policy of concessions, and that the policy has now failed. There is therefore no desire to continue or to renew it.

Must Uphold Common Tenets

In practice, it will doubtless be found impossible to resist the demands which will be made rather by circumstances than by a particular country, such as Germany. But in theory, at least, it is expected of any French Prime Minister that he will maintain a number of political tenets which are common to nearly all parties.

It is laid down that while every attempt must be made to effect a rapprochement with Germany, the treaties must be strictly upheld. Neither in respect of reparations nor in respect of disarmament is France prepared to make fresh sacrifices.

On these points there is virtual accord among the bourgeois parties, and accordingly they are not anxious to make foreign affairs a leading issue in the electoral campaign. They all profess to be at once patriotic and pacific. They all want to be friendly with other countries but not at the expense of France.

The Socialist Party, led by M. Blum, thus stands alone in proclaiming a clean-cut policy in opposition to the familiar French policy. In these circumstances, whatever be the results of the elections, it is unlikely that there will be fundamental changes in foreign policy.

THE MONITOR INDEX

THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1932

General News—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11
News of Sports—Page 6
Financial News—Pages 8 and 9

FEATURES

Events Tonight 2
Scouts the World Around 3
Washington Postage Stamp Series 4
The Home Forum 7
Permanent Health
(With Russian Translation)
The Young Folks' Page 10
Radio Programs 11
Daily Features 13
Editorials 14

TARIFF PACT IS EXPECTED IN AMERICAS

Closing of Transandine Railway Shows Need of Customs Union

IS CALLED VICTIM OF RUINOUS RATES

Isolating of Argentina and Chile Gives Impetus to Move for Agreement

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, April 21—Impetus to the movement for a South American customs union is seen in informed quarters here today as one of the positive results which may be expected to issue from the closing down of services on the Transandine Railway yesterday, the suspension of which was caused by insurmountable tariff barriers between Argentina and Chile.

Dispatches from Rio de Janeiro and Santiago received here charge the shutting down of the railroad chiefly to the Chilean tariff on Argentinian livestock and corresponding Argentine increases in the tax on Chilean imports, but it was declared that it would be a mistake to interpret the cattle situation as a result of hostile feeling between the two countries.

High as Andes Themselves

Instead, the prime cause may be described in the words of a one-time Argentine ambassador in Washington, when he characterized the tariff wall between Argentina and Chile as "high as the Andes themselves," and to the practice common among nations today of raising to a prohibitive figure the tax on foreign goods which come into competition with home industries.

Thus, the suspension of one of the most important short railroads in the world may be regarded as an outstanding example of how the influence of increasing tariff and trade barriers can reach into the business life of the world.

"One of the unfortunate aspects of Chilean-Argentine relations is that the two nations produce products of such similar nature," Mr. Earle K. James, editor of Chile Pan-American and expert on South American affairs, said today. "Thus Argentina has had a tariff on Chilean lumber, largely because Argentina forests can supply lumber for Argentina's needs.

"On the other hand, Chile has a tariff against Argentine tanning products, as Chile is also a producer of these.

"The cattle duty falls into a different category. It is now frankly prohibitive. This, however, again is not due to hostility or a tariff war. It is the result of economic conditions.

Other Products Available

"There are other products that might be interchanged between the two countries, on a large scale, were transportation costs not so high. Thus, it is cheaper to bring sugar into Chile by sea from Peru than by rail from Argentina. The same factor impedes Argentina importing on a large scale from the west coast countries. The northern trans-Andean route, through Antofagasta and Salta, which it was hoped to start building this year, would provide a cheaper route."

Mr. James referred to the movement for a South American customs union.

"The desire of these nations to avoid tariff wars," he said, "has been externalized repeatedly in suggestions for a customs union embracing the principal countries of the southern part of the continent. The latest proposal was by Señor Antonio Planet, Chilean Foreign Minister, a year ago. A customs union of these countries is a matter that has occupied and still occupies the attention of economists and politicians of Argentina, Uruguay, Chile, Peru, and Bolivia.

"Some of the motivating force is to be found in resentment against the tariff wall of the United States, particularly in Argentina and Uruguay, which suffer most because of their agricultural exports. Were Chile to feel a tariff on copper and Peru on petroleum, the southern grouping would receive renewed impetus. Argentina, Uruguay, and Brazil, it will be recalled, just recently were meeting to discuss coöperative measures in view of the situation of the meat-packing industry.

Problem Becomes Individual

"However, the present situation, so desperate for most nations, especially the producers of raw materials, makes each think first of itself. Each is concerned with solving its own internal troubles. When conditions improve, coöperation can again be extended over the borders of countries."

The closing down of the Transandine will mean an increase in air travel between Argentina and Chile, Mr. James held. Mr. John B. Davies, manager of the Argentine information bureau here, another expert on South American affairs, sees the abandonment of the Argentine sector of Transandine Railway as "virtually signifying a commercial blockade between Argentina and Chile."

"It comes," he said, "as the unfortunate climax to a series of retaliatory tariffs between the two countries which eventually killed off the freight traffic between the two countries. As a result of the almost complete lack of traffic the railway company's resources were effectively

(Continued on Page 11, Column 1)

Cosgrave Leads Irish Opposition

★ ★ ★

Heads Cumann na nGaedheal Partisans; Has Represented the Free State at Geneva

PERSONS IN FREE STATE POLITICS
Second of Five Articles

By GODFREY LIAS

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

DUBLIN—Mr. Liam T. MacCosgair, or in Anglicized nomenclature, Mr. William T. Cosgrave, is the leader of the Cumann na nGaedheal Party which is opposing the de Valera Government in the Dail.

Mr. Cosgrave is a forceful, dynamic individual, a sort of Irish Lloyd George. He has a mop of almost white and entirely unruly hair. As likely as not he will stride about the room while he is talking to you.

When he made way for Mr. de Valera last March, Mr. Cosgrave had been in office since 1922—a longer continuous period than any other European Prime Minister outside Soviet Russia. He has represented the Free State at Geneva, though not on the League Council of which the Free State has been a member since September, 1930.

By a strange turn of the wheel of history, it falls to the Free State representative to preside this year at the September meeting of the Council. With this dignity goes the privilege of opening the annual meeting of the Assembly. If Mr. Cosgrave's successor, Mr. Eamon de Valera, is still President of the Executive Council and Foreign Minister, this enviable duty will devolve upon him.

Another Cumann na nGaedheal man who is better known in Geneva than Mr. Cosgrave is Mr. Patrick MacGilligan, ex-Minister for External Affairs. When Mr. Cosgrave first took office, Mr. MacGilligan was a private secretary to one of the Cabinet ministers. He did not enter the Cabinet himself until 1924 when he was made Minister of Industry and Commerce. He had been Foreign Minister since 1927. As becomes a barrister he has a persuasive tongue.

One of Mr. Cosgrave's chief supporters is Mr. Ernest Blythe, for nine years Minister of Finance in the Cumann na nGaedheal Government. In this capacity, Mr. Blythe was largely responsible for the Financial Settlement of 1926 by which the Free State undertook to go on paying to Great Britain the money collected from the Irish farmers who bought their land in pre-war days with the aid of loans guaranteed by the British Government.

This money constitutes the so-called land annuities which Mr. de Valera now says he does not intend to hand over to Great Britain any longer, although he still intends to make the Irish farmer pay. The total amount involved is about £3,-

(Continued on Page 5, Column 5)

Owner of Large Farm Near Madrid Shares Proceeds With Employees

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MADRID—What is regarded as one of the most successful attempts in Spain to find a workable basis for the coöperation of Capital and Labor has been made at a farming center on the Jarama River near Madrid, prosaically known as El Porcal, or "The Piggery."

The estate covers about 1000 acres. Every grade of worker at El Porcal has been allotted a share in the prosperity of the estate. Small areas of land are leased to employees and the necessary mechanical contrivances and labor-saving devices made over to them on loan.

An account is opened by the proprietor with the head of each family and a small charge for the use of tools and implements debited to his name, the total amount due from each worker being deducted from his earnings at the end of the year.

Should there be no profit in any particular year, the debit is carried on to the following year, and if a worker wishes to withdraw his support at any time, his debit balance is taken over by the proprietor.

The remuneration of the proprietor, which is fixed beforehand, in each financial year, is a first charge on the estate as return for his services as manager and proprietor. This arrangement leaves the whole of the profits for each succeeding year for distribution among the workers. Comfortable houses have been built for the workers and their crops are stocked and held by the estate until the market prices are most favorable.

An additional benefit that is hoped for by the originators of the scheme, beyond the primary one of the improvement of relations between Capital and Labor, is that the workers may be induced to take pride once more in the work of their hands, instead of losing initiative and individuality, by virtual enslavement to machinery and the soil.

The scheme has already exceeded in some respects the object originally aimed at, according to an observer, by bringing some measure of culture and enlightenment into lives formerly overshadowed by ignorance and superstition.

DEBT REMINDERS SENT TO EUROPE BY WASHINGTON

Move Follows Omission of Repayment Fund in British Budget

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 21—Fourteen European nations have been asked to sign the legal forms acknowledging their indebtedness as beneficiaries of the Hoover moratorium last June, and fixing repayment of the $252,000,000 postponed annuity over a period of 10 years at 4 per cent.

The Department of State today declared the action a formality. In congressional circles, however, it was pointed out that the move follows close on the heels of the omission in the British budget of all reference to American debt payments. Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, explained that some adjustment might be made after the forthcoming Lausanne conference.

The stormy senatorial outpouring against cancellation or debt revision that followed the British action, meanwhile continued today and the prospect is that the matter has been thrown into the center of American major problems, with the possibility that it will find a place in the pending election.

The American debt notices were accompanied by legal forms which will be validated by the responsible officers in each country concerned, including Great Britain, France, Italy, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Roumania, Jugoslavia, Lithuania, Hungary, Estonia, and Latvia. Germany will also be invited to acknowledge its payments for costs of occupation.

Austria and Greece are the only two countries to which formal reminders were not sent. Both of these nations are bound by previous contracts with the League of Nations. The amounts due this Government are negligible, however.

In authoritative quarters it was explained that the lapse between the time of the moratorium and the present request for formal ratification was the formal consequence of congressional delay. Ratification was not achieved in December. The present step was likewise declared in these quarters to be perfunctory.

Another explanation of the delay here was the apparent hope of Department of State and Treasury officials that Congress might accede to President Hoover's request to revive the World War Debt Funding Commission. This would have reconsidered and presumably scaled down existing debts. With prospect of such action eliminated, the Department of State has now moved to forestall any attempt by debtors to merge unpaid sums of last year with a general default, or with any omission of action similar to that of the British Chancellor of the Exchequer on Tuesday.

Senator Pat Harrison (D.) of Mississippi, ranking Democrat on the Foreign Relations Committee, was the latest to attack any proposal for extending the moratorium.

In drafting the budget balancing bill, the Senate Finance Committee decided to include the $270,000,000 due from European countries in the next fiscal year, on the assumption that these countries will make their payments.

Letters to about 40,000 proprietors

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

Published daily except Sundays and holidays at The Christian Science Publishing Society, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass. Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries: One Year, $9.00; six months, $4.50; three months, $2.25; one month, 75c. Single copies, 5 cents. (Printed in U. S. A.)

Entered at second-class rates at the Post Office at Boston, Mass., U. S. A. Acceptance for mailing at a special rate of postage provided for in section 1103, Act of Oct. 3, 1917, authorized on July 11, 1918.

Jobs of 55 Workers Salvaged in Drive

Efforts of the job-finding campaign in Boston have saved the jobs of 55 employees of the Boston Consolidated Gas Company, it was announced today at the headquarters in the Chamber of Commerce Building. Mr. Walter C. Beckjord, vice-president and general manager of the gas company, announced that additional work would be provided to hold the 55 employees on duty during the summer. At the end of that time, he is confident that business will have so increased that the men will be able to resume their regular work.

WEATHER

U. S. Weather Bureau Report

Boston and Vicinity: Fair tonight; Friday partly cloudy; not much change in temperature.

Maine: Fair tonight and Friday; slightly cooler on south coast tonight.

New Hampshire and Vermont: Fair tonight and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Atlantic coast, Eastport to Sandy Hook: Fresh northwest winds over north portion and moderate north winds over south portion; weather partly overcast tonight and Friday.

Official Temperatures

	A	B		A	B
Atlantic City	52	58	Nantucket	50	60
Bismarck	48	68	New Orleans	68	84
Boston	55	70	New York	58	72
Buffalo	54	64	Norfolk, Va.	54	72
Charleston	60	68	North Platte	58	64
Chicago	42	52	Philadelphia	58	72
Cincinnati	54	78	Phoenix, Ariz.	54	86
Denver	60	80	Pittsburgh	52	76
Eastport, Me.	44	64	Portland, Me.	56	66
Hatteras	62	64	Raleigh	58	70
Honolulu, T.H. (7p.m. April 20)		80	St. Louis	58	78
	74		St. Paul	48	68
Helena, Mont.	34	36	Salt Lake City	36	46
Huron, S. D.	50	68	San Francisco	46	54
Jacksonville	60	68	Santa Fe, N.M.	48	68
Kansas City	58	68	Seattle	42	52
Key West	74	82	Tampa	64	78
Los Angeles	48	64	Washington	52	72
Memphis	68	84	Wichita, Kan.	66	80
Miami, Fla.	68		Williston, N.D.	50	64
Montreal	52	62			

A—8 a. m. eastern standard time April 21.
B—Maximum April 20.

High Tides at Boston

Thursday 11:37 p. m., Friday 12:42 a. m.
Height of tides 11.6 feet, 10.3 feet.

Light all vehicles at 7:01 p. m.

Monitor News to Go Over WBZ, W1XAZ

INCREASED coverage will be given the regular daily news radiocast, "The Monitor Views the News," when it goes on Stations WBZ, WBZA and W1XAZ, starting Monday, April 25. There will be two 15-minute periods daily, except Sunday, at 12 o'clock noon and 6:15 p. m., eastern daylight saving time. This supersedes the single daily radiocast over Station WHDH.

WBZ and WBZA operate on a frequency of 990 kilocycles, which is a wavelength of 303 meters, with a power of 25,000 watts. International coverage will be attained by W1XAZ, the short-wave auxiliary transmitter of WBZ, for those equipped with short-wave sets. W1XAZ has a wavelength of 31.35 meters, with a power of 10,000 watts.

and owners of retail stores, factories, office buildings, apartment houses, hotels, restaurants and other lines of business endeavor, are being prepared today to be mailed Saturday by the commerce and industry committee appealing for immediate start on repairs and improvements that are necessary in all such establishments.

Following the letter, members of the committees, will make a personal canvass to urge adoption of the proposals outlined. Mr. Kilby P. Smith has been made chairman of the printing trades committee, which is among the lines of business involved in the campaign.

SHIPPING SERVICE PAMPHLET ISSUED

Shipping services of the Port of ...on, compiled by the New England office of the United States bureau of foreign and domestic commerce and the Boston Port Authority, has just been issued in revised form, corrected to April 1, it was announced today by Mr. Hugh D. Butler, manager of the New England office.

The pamphlet of 32 pages and a map of port facilities at Boston contains tabular lists of air services and air transportation lines; domestic and foreign services by steamer, a list of steamship lines, a pier directory, railroad services, and import services. It is distributed free to interested persons.

Relief Lightship Made Into Home

Relief Lightship number 42, which has served on many of the most important stations in the north Atlantic seaboard but is no longer of any value for that work, is now to be used to relieve the cost of living for a chief petty officer of the United States Coast Guard at New London, Conn.

Mr. Hans Jorgensen, chief boatswain's mate in the United States Coast Guard Service, who is stationed at New London, purchased the lightship from the Government through Capt. George E. Eaton, superintendent of this lighthouse district, and will utilize the vessel as a home for himself, his wife and four small children.

The vessel is at the Chelsea Lighthouse depot today. Mr. Jorgensen plans to have minor repairs made at once and then have the vessel towed to New London, where it will be anchored in an obscure position in the harbor. It is 130 feet long and draws six feet of water.

TRAVEL AGENT IN BOSTON

Maj. W. T. Blake of London, Eng., travel agent with a personal knowledge of 60 countries, is in Boston to study travel possibilities. He said he has been flying since 1908, and has been a pilot since 1911.

"I WORK WONDERS"
...says little Miss Bab-o
"I work wonders on enamel and porcelain. At my touch ranges and refrigerators, kitchen sinks and floors, the bathroom tub, tiles, basins all gleam. Stubborn water-marks, film, dirt...vanish quickly. Try me once...you will never be without me."
BAB-O
BRIGHTENS BATHROOMS
Works like magic all over the house
Tune in
GUY LOMBARDO
and his orchestra
"The BAB-O Bright Spot"
Saturdays 7:30 P. M.
WNAC
BAB-O
ENAMEL AND PORCELAIN
B.T. Babbitt Inc.

NEW CHAPTER IN MARKETING SOCIETY FORMS

Organization of New England Group Expected to Aid Business

A New England chapter of the American Marketing Society was organized in Boston last night, at which Mr. John H. Fahey, Worcester publisher, stressed the value of better advertising and better salesmanship.

A better knowledge of markets on the part both of merchants and manufacturers and close cooperation in advertising and sales effort are an imperative need of progressive New England business today, and for the year ahead, he said.

"Demand for both the necessaries of life and for luxuries, will mark every great advance in the prosperity of the United States," said Mr. Fahey, "is the result of energetic and economical selling and efficient marketing. Irrespective of what else may be done, it is not to be expected that our business will resume its natural progressive development until our business men study more intensively and intelligently the markets at their doors and employ courageously the power of advertising and salesmanship to stimulate demand.

"It is true that we have many out of work, but why overlook the powerful fact that we still have 40,000,000 workers regularly keeping the wheels turning, receiving their pay envelopes every week and as ambitious and anxious to use and possess things as ever. They represent the largest single bloc of buyers, with the greatest power to buy, to be found anywhere in the world."

The object of the American Marketing Society is the advancement of research in marketing by providing for the systematic study and discussion of marketing problems and the formulation of standards in this field.

Prof. Robert F. Elder, of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, is chairman of the New England chapter. Mr. Daniel Bloomfield, manager of the Retail Trade Board of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, is national director. Mr. Hugh D. Butler, New England manager of the United States Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, is secretary-treasurer.

Board Wheat Aids 1,676,661 Families

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP)—To date, the Red Cross has approved distribution of free Government flour to 1,676,661 needy families. With an average of 4½ persons in a family, 7,544,974 will be benefited from the 1,265,257 barrels of flour being ground from 8,870,876 bushels of Farm Board stabilization wheat.

In all, 2096 Red Cross chapters in every state have applied for a 90-day supply. When applications are approved, the flour is moved from the nearest milling point.

Congress donated 40,000,000 bushels from Farm Board wheat stocks. Besides the wheat going into flour, 9,706,980 bushels have been approved for livestock feed, in the northwestern drought states—a total of 18,577,856 or nearly half of the congressional donation.

EVENTS TONIGHT

Free public lecture on Christian Science by Mr. Salem Andrew Hart, C. S. B., member of The Christian Science Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts, under the auspices of First Church of Christ, Scientist, Marlboro; First Unitarian Church, Hudson, 8.

Women's City Club of Boston: Dinner, Prof. John A. Walz, speaker, on "The Personality of Goethe," clubhouse, Beacon Street, 6:30.

Y. W. C. A. (140 Clarendon Street): Benefit bridge, sponsored by Pioneers' Club, 8.

Joint dinner and meeting, Massachusetts Society of Certified Public Accountants and Boston Chapter, National Association of Cost Accountants, address, "Composition and Interpretation of the Balance Sheet," by Prof. Roy B. Kester, Columbia University, Chamber of Commerce, 6:15.

Boston City Club: Dinner and meeting, Mr. Samuel R. McKelvie, former Federal Farm Board member, speaker, on "Small Town Stuff"; Miss Edith Lang's organ recital, 7:30, clubhouse, 14 Somerset Street, 6.

Eastern Massachusetts Recreation Council: Dinner meeting, address, "The General Public and Recreation as I See It," by Mr. Fletcher W. Taft, singing and entertainment, Hancock Parish House, Lexington, 6:30.

Jordan Hall: Program of choral music by Associated Lutheran Young People's Chorus, Mr. Walter Smith, trumpeter, soloist, benefit Martin Luther Orphan Home; 8.

Quota Club: Birthday dinner meeting, talk, "The Outlook for Better Homes in a Year of Depression," by Miss Ruth Clifford, Women's Educational and Industrial Union, 264 Boylston Street, 6:30.

Illustrated lecture, "Sienese Renaissance Art," by Prof. O. H. Edgell, Harvard University, benefit Peter Bent Brigham Hospital, home of Mrs. F. Douglas Cochrane, 257 Commonwealth Avenue, 8.

Willis Literary Society: Meeting, Copley-Plaza Hotel, 7.

Hotel Accountants Association: Dinner meeting, Copley-Plaza Hotel, 7.

Boston Public Library: Lecture-recital, "Love Stories from Charles Dickens," by Miss Esther L. Calderwood, lecture hall, Boylston Street, 8.

Harvard University: Fourteenth illustrated lecture in series, "Multiple Lens Cameras," by Maj. James W. Bagley, Institute of Geographical Exploration, 8 (open to public).

Traffic Club of New England: Dinner meeting, Copley-Plaza Hotel, 6:30.

Theaters

Opera House—"Countess Maritza," 8:15.
Hollis Street—"Juno and the Paycock," 8:15. Friday, "The Whiteheaded Boy," 2:15.
Tremont—"Confidential Service," 8:15.
Fine Arts—"Michael and Mary," film, continuous from 1 to 11.
Copley—"Silent Answer," 8:30.

EVENTS TOMORROW

Luncheon meeting to form Massachusetts unit of Daughters of the American Constitution, Mrs. Lon O. Hocker, speaker, Hotel Statler, noon.

Children's Museum of Boston: Motion picture talk, "Homes of Many Lands," lecture hall, Olmstead Park, Jamaica Plain, 3.

Music

Symphony Hall—Boston Symphony Orchestra, 2:30.

Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Admission free. Open week days, except Mondays, from 9 to 5; Sundays, 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries at 11 o'clock. French Textile Ornament; Paintings by contemporary Canadian artists; Daumier Lithographs. Paintings by Shohaku.

Jordan Marsh Company Annex, Washington Street—Annual exhibition of Contemporary New England Art.

Goodspeed's Print Shop, 7 Ashburton Place—The Derrydale Prints of American Sport. Through month of April.

R. C. Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Paintings of New England Gardens and Doorways.

Grace Horne's Galleries, Stuart Street at Dartmouth—Etchings by Helen Wills.

Holman's Print Shop, 8A Park Street—Japanese triptych prints. Etchings of aircraft by Wayne Davis. Through month of April.

Casson Galleries, 575 Boylston Street—Paintings by Emilie Gruppe. Through April 23.

Schervee Studio, 665 Boylston Street—General print show.

For other exhibitions, see Monday's Monitor

CUBAN FLIES TINY PLANE

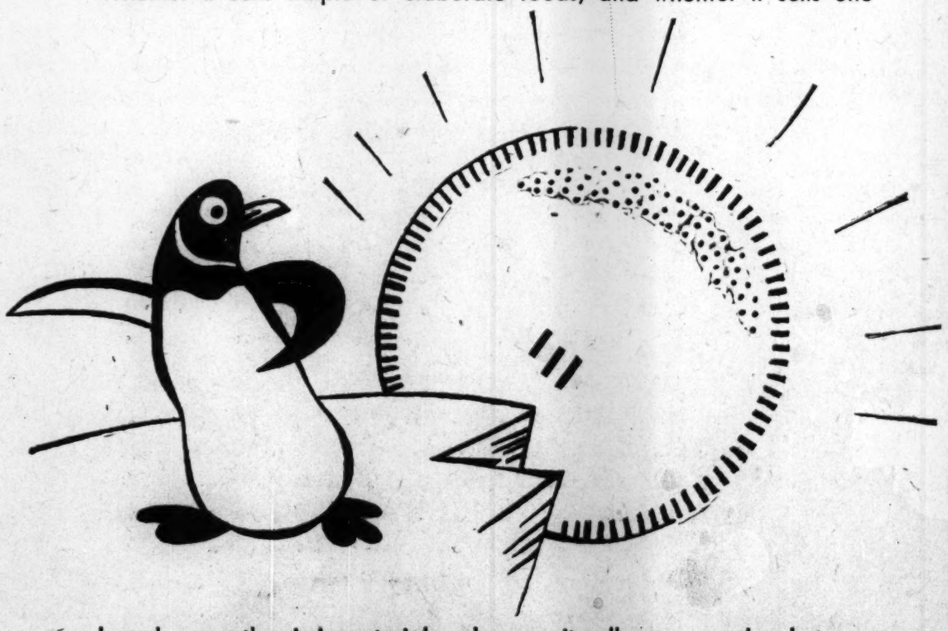
HAVANA, April 21 (AP)—Capt. Eduardo Laborde of the Cuban army telegraphed his family today that he had landed at Campeche, Mexico, safely after a night flight from Havana in a two-cylinder airplane whose wing spread is but 20 feet. He carried a message of friendship from President Machado's Government to the Mexican Government.

If You Demanded

PENGUIN PIES

A & P Would Stock Them For You

Fortunately for us the demands of our customers are not for foods so exotic. But please remember that whatever foods you do want are stocked by A & P. Because A & P is in business to make easily available to you the kinds of foods you want. A & P is first and last a retail food service. Whether it sells simple or elaborate foods, and whether it sells one



brand or another is immaterial so long as it sells you exactly what you want. A & P will stock any food that is asked for by a sufficient number of you to enable us to bring it to you with a stock always fresh and at a price you can afford.

The Great ATLANTIC & PACIFIC Tea Co.

A&P ESTABLISHED 1859 "WHERE ECONOMY RULES"

Studebaker prices are lower!

As much as $560 under 1931

GO THROUGH the whole field of motor cars and you'll find that *right now* Studebaker is giving you *more per car and per dollar than anybody!*

Many cars that apparently are selling at approximately the Studebaker prices do not begin to give anything comparable to Studebaker's 32 betterments. Some of them lack $75 to $100 worth of the equipment that you get without extra charge in Studebaker's 4 great "buys".

Studebaker was *first* to give you Free Wheeling—and now gives you incomparably finer Free Wheeling plus new *fast-action* Synchronized Shifting, Automatic Starting and Full-Cushioned Power.

Studebaker was the *first*, and is still the *only* complete line of cars in its price field to give you Safety Plate Glass without extra charge in all windows and all windshields of all models.

And yet Studebaker prices for longer, roomier, more luxurious cars are as much as $560 under 1931! See for yourself what a buy you can make in one of Studebaker's 4 great "buys". Arrange now for a demonstration drive!

32 Startling Betterments

1932 Free Wheeling plus Synchronized Shifting . . Safety Plate Glass All Around without Extra Charge . . Automatic Ride Control . . Armor-Plated Bodies . . Automatic Spark Adjustment . . Automatic Starting . . Full-Cushioned Power . . Metal Spring Covers . . Longer Bodies . . Wider Seats . . Air-Curve Coachcraft . . New Inside Sun Visor . . No-Glare Sloping Windshield . . Heat-Resisting Sponge Rubber Floor Mats . . New Convertible Body Styles . . All Bodies Insulated Against Heat, Cold and Noise . . New Service Policy . . Closed Bodies Wired for Radio . . Improved Brakes . . New Airplane Type Instruments on Dash . . Free Wheeling Dial . . Electric Gasoline Gauge . . Reflex Tail Light . . New Airplane Type Steel-Backed Engine Bearings . . Greater Cooling Capacity . . Finer Body Hardware including new positive quick action windshield mountings . . Concealed Hood Latches . . Chromium-Plated Steel Spoke Wheels . . One-Piece Fenders . . Steel Running Boards . . Improved Rim Assembly . . Air Cleaner, Carburetor Silencer and Full Power Muffler . . Single Key for Ignition, Doors, Package Compartment and Spare Tire Locks.

Studebaker's 4 Great "Buys"

$840 and up

PRESIDENT EIGHT . . $1690 *to* $1990
122 horsepower, 135" wheelbase—*Reductions up to $560*

COMMANDER EIGHT . $1350 *to* $1560
101 horsepower, 125" wheelbase—*Reductions up to $235*

DICTATOR EIGHT . . . $980 *to* $1125
85 horsepower, 117" wheelbase—*Reductions up to $115*

STUDEBAKER SIX . . . $840 *to* $985
80 horsepower, 117" wheelbase

Prices f. o. b. South Bend. Bumpers and spare tires extra

The Studebaker Corporation of America
South Bend, Indiana

SCHOOL FUNDS SOUND ECONOMY, EDUCATOR SAYS

Dr. Carr Tells Superintendents Money All Goes Back Into National Income

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

BRIDGEWATER, Mass., April 21—The school as an arc, integral with the full economic circle of earning and spending, was pictured by Dr. William G. Carr, director, research division, National Education Association, in an address today before Massachusetts school superintendents, convening at the State Teachers College here.

"Money spent for schools, or for any other public purpose, is not a depletion of our national income," Dr. Carr declared. "Two billion dollars spent for schools instantly becomes $2,000,000,000 of income, most of which is immediately spent again by teachers and other employees who receive the major part of the school money."

He pointed out that these considerations constitute no blanket indorsement of our present tax-gathering machinery. Its defects are well known and the needed remedies available, he continued. Tax reform and tax reduction are not necessarily identical nor does our insistence that taxation is a useful economic device imply approval of unnecessary taxation or of extravagant, incompetent, or dishonest spending of public money.

The educator called economy in public affairs as highly desirable as economy in personal affairs but to begrudge every cent spent for schools or other governmental operations is neither sound economy nor sound economics, he said.

Education is a powerful stimulant upon the production and consumption of the nation, and may be considered as one of the basic elements of production along with raw materials and labor, Dr. Carr told the superintendents, but urged them not to overemphasize the importance of education in this field.

"No matter how highly educated a people may be," he went on, they will not be able to purchase products of the farm and factory unless their purchasing power is maintained. Our present economic crisis illustrates this fact only too well. Nevertheless, economic adjustment alone cannot lift the level of the consumer's demand. The effect of education on consumption is unique since it not only creates a demand for more goods, but is also especially well fitted to create a demand for better goods. Education, by developing finer wants and good taste in their satisfaction, not only elevates but also refines the general standard of living."

Dr. Paul R. Mort, director of the school of education and professor of education, Teachers' College, Columbia University, spoke on "Local Control and Initiative as Related to Safeguarding of Funds," dwelling on the great importance of local self-government, particularly to school people. The school, he said, does well for many what the town meeting did incomparably for a few.

In another address last night, Dr. Mort said that a more expensive system of education can be afforded, pointing out that the ability to support depends partly on the economic productive value of education and partly on the attractiveness of education as a consumptive good. He cited its cultural, productive, and technical values as the three most important reasons.

Isolation Policy Called Illogical

The greatest creditor nation in the world cannot logically seek political isolation, said Dr. David Mitrany of London University in an address before the Women's Republican Club of Massachusetts in Boston last evening. His subject was "Fact and Fallacy in American Isolation."

"The foreign trade of the United States," he said, "is comparatively small but the private foreign investments are tremendous. From $500,000,000 in 1900 they have grown to $15,000,000,000 in 1930. Since the United States cannot use its wealth at home it should be in a position to see that other people can use it to advantage. The economic condition of other nations, its debtors, must be of utmost importance to the United States.

"International peace," he added, "is possible only through responsible international coöperation. The United States coöperates now but without responsibility. Private American citizens have sat in every important conference since the war, but only as individuals. Since it cannot, without withdrawing all the foreign investments, escape the result of those conferences, should not the United States have an official hand in shaping the policies and work of those meetings."

Quincy Bay Bill Passed in House

Waterway and highway improvements along the North and South Shores were favorably considered in the House of Representatives yesterday. One bill enacted provided for an investigation of the advisability of further improving the Old Colony Bouvelard in Dorchester.

The two harbor bills, passed to be engrossed, called for the dredging of a channel from Quincy Bay to Wollaston Yacht Club, and an investigation of the advisability of continuing the dredging work in Lynn Harbor and the Saugus River, and possibly the widening of the drawbridge passage at Point of Pines.

It was voted to accept the favorable report of the Rules Committee on a measure petitioning for continuance of the commission studying the laws relating to zoning, planning and regulation of billboards. Another bill to give preference in the classification of labor to persons with dependents was passed to be engrossed.

LEVIATHAN VISITED BY 12,000 PERSONS

More than 12,000 persons are believed to have visited the S.S. Leviathan, flagship of the United States Lines, in the two days she was open for inspection. More passes to inspect the vessel were issued this year because no restrictions were placed on the number of visitors, as for the first time the interior decorating was completed in New York before the ship came to Boston.

On the flood tide tomorrow the Leviathan will sail for New York to resume its transatlantic service. It will leave New York on April 26, sailing for the first time under the house flag of the Roosevelt Steamship Company, operators of the United States Lines. Another change in the previous schedules of the liner makes Bremen the European terminal instead of Southampton.

Markham Wins Fortune On 'Man With the Hoe'

NEW YORK, April 21 (AP)—Mr. Edwin Markham believes his poem "The Man with the Hoe" may be the most profitable one ever written. The poet said yesterday that the work has earned him $250,000 in the last 33 years.

It has been translated into nearly 40 languages, 250,000 copies of it in book form have been sold and it has provided the basis for about 1500 lectures by Mr. Markham.

Decks Aren't All That Need Swabbing

The Christian Science Monitor-© London News Agency

ENGLISH SEA SCOUTS MAKING ALL SHIPSHAPE FOR A SAIL

Sea Scouts List World Roster Of 24,000 Since Start In 1910

SCOUTS THE WORLD AROUND

By HUBERT S. MARTIN
Director, Boy Scouts International Bureau

LONDON—When the Boy Scout Movement was founded it was the romance and adventure of the backwoodsman which caused thousands of boys to enroll themselves. It was soon found, however, that there were other boys to whom the romance of the sea had ever made a strong appeal and thus it came about that in 1910 a new branch of the movement was formed for these boys, known as Sea Scouts.

The natural bent of boys toward adventures of the deep was turned into useful channels, just as the desire to read of and emulate the deeds of the backwoodsman was turned to good account.

The new branch was not confined to boys living by the sea, or even to countries possessing a seaboard, for the love of the "briny" is found among boys whose only available watercourses are rivers, lakes and canals. The Sea Scout is the same as any other Boy Scout, from whom he can only be distinguished by the cap and jersey he wears, which stamp him as a mariner.

His ideals are the same, he obeys the same Scouts' Promise and Law, but he is trained in watermanship and does his hiking and camping by water instead of by land.

For inland Sea Scouts the ideal headquarters is a barge or houseboat moored in a river. From this center they gradually acquire their little fleet of sailing or rowing boats, motorboats, canoes, rafts and so on, which give opportunities for all kinds of aquatic activities.

The special objects of the training, like those of the land Scouts, may be summed up under the headings of character and health. Under character we include such qualities as individual manliness, self-discipline, energy, reliability, happiness and being "handy."

It is a rule that no boat shall be taken over for use by Sea Scouts until its seaworthiness has been certified by a duly qualified person, and a "boat certificate" has been granted to that effect. Similarly no boat may be used by Sea Scouts unless properly manned and in charge of a leader who has been granted what is called a "charge certificate."

In Great Britain all coast guard stations have instructions to assist Sea Scout Troops as much as possible and Sea Scouts are expected always to be prepared to help the coast guards whenever needed.

Opportunities for rendering such help frequently occur, as in the case of a Lowestoft fishing smack that had gone ashore at Benacre Point. The Southwold motor lifeboat went out but was unable to render help as the vessel was already aground.

Rough seas were breaking over the ship and her starboard side was completely smashed in. It appeared possible to save the ship from destruction by hauling upon the anchor cable each time the breaking waves slightly lifted her. The rope, however, was old and broke under the strain at the seaward end.

Without a moment's hesitation one of the Sea Scouts plunged into the sea and managed to reach the smack. He was followed by two other Sea Scouts who carried out the end of the cable which they succeeded in securing to the foot of the mast, thereby anchoring the wreck once more. It was a smart piece of work, promptly and pluckily carried out.

As a mark of appreciation of their work the British Admiralty gives official recognition to all Sea Scout Troops and in cases of special efficiency gives a small annual capitation grant to the Troop.

The total number of registered Sea Scouts is some 24,000 of whom 6000 are American and 7000 British. Japan has 6000 Sea Scouts. Of the inland countries where such training is carried out on rivers, lakes, and so on, the largest number of Sea Scouts—or Water Scouts as they are called in such cases—are to be found in Hungary, Czechoslovakia and Poland.

[This is one of a series of articles on Boy and Girl Scout and Girl Guide activities which appear in the Monitor on the first four Thursdays of each month. On April 28 the article will deal with Girl Scouts of the United States.]

Swedish Scouts Rebuild Donated Cottage Lodge

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

STOCKHOLM—Boy Scouts in the little town of Sala, in the County of Uppland, north of Stockholm, have just opened a cottage of their own. In 1927 the owner of an estate in Sala presented them with a smithy and a plot of ground, a short distance from the smithy, in the outskirts of a wood.

In three months' time the boys pulled down the smithy and put it up again on their own ground as a cottage. Later, a veranda was added, as well as some outhouses, and now, after another year's work, the house has been made fit for winter habitation, too.

Save for the laying of the foundations and other purely professional work, for which skilled labor was necessary, the Scouts have done every bit of it themselves.

London Scouts Plan Camp

Special from Monitor Bureau

LONDON—A big Scout camp for South London Scouts will be held in the grounds of the Crystal Palace, London, on June 4 this year when Lord Baden-Powell will talk to the members, and displays of every phase of Scouting will be given.

Will to Win, Courage to Work, Beacons on Road to Recovery

Two Things Still Unhit, George B. Cortelyou Says, by Man-Made Economic Stress

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, April 20—Declaring that the two national reservoirs of the "will to win" and the "courage to work" were still untapped by economic stress, Mr. George B. Cortelyou, Secretary of the Treasury in the Cabinet of Theodore Roosevelt and president of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York since 1909, in a radiocast here last night said that these reserves would carry the American people through their crisis.

The nation stands confused by "a multitude of counsels and a multiplicity of counselors," he declared, and he urged the people to have patience to "wait and see," and, "while waiting, work, for it is only by working that we shall bring to pass the things for which we are waiting."

The times would produce their leader, he continued, when there were enlightened followers to give the nonpartisan coöperation that alone could help leaders to get the country safely over its hard times.

"The problem before us is, of course, enormously difficult but not impossible of solution. This depression was not caused by any catastrophe of nature—nature has been prodigal in her bounty. It was caused by man and can be cured by man. We cannot be confined within walls of our own building unless we choose to be.

"The idea that we must reconcile ourselves to a generally lower standard of living, must be content with a scaling down of production to meet a permanently lessened consumption, must adapt ourselves in the future to a vastly more restricted scope of commercial and industrial activity, and so on, strikes me as thoroughly unsound and un-American. It is perilously close to a counsel of despair.

"Moreover, there is nothing in reason or experience to justify it. It can be true only when human wants become static—fixed at a low and unchanging level. But all history proves that man's wants are never satisfied; that, in fact, they increase faster than his means of satisfying them. As long as there are unsatisfied wants, there will be demand for goods and more goods."

"Today," he continued, "the mass of our people is animated by a tolerant, conciliatory, give-and-take spirit, a willingness—nay, an eagerness—to sink personal and class differences and, united in a common bond of interest and sympathy, not only to take care of the casualties of the depression, but to attack and, so far as possible, remove its causes.

"We can go forward. We can go backward. One thing alone we cannot do: We cannot stand still. Nature forbids that. Can anyone, knowing the spirit of America, doubt in which direction we shall go?"

"However unfortunate our present economic condition, it is not as bad as it is painted by our professional pessimists. Not all the entries are on the debit side. We are rid of the hallucination of 'easy money'! We have shed the delusion of 'something for nothing.' We have turned our eyes from mirage to reality. We have come back to earth. These are no small gains."

Season your
FISH CAKES
with
LEA & PERRINS
SAUCE
and taste the difference

It will be appreciated if you will ask for
Wilhoite's
PEANUT BUTTER SANDWICHES
"MIGHTY-GOOD" Combination Peanut and Cheese
"3 W'S" Toasted Whole Wheat Sandwich
"JUS-T-NUF" "DEE-LITE-FUL"
"PLEN-TI-FUL" "KAKE-O-FIGS"
Assortment # 1 Sandwiches
DELICIOUS—ALWAYS FRESH
Quality is our motto
PRICE-WILHOITE SPECIALTY COMPANY, Inc.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Provisions
C. A. RUSSELL
Faneuil Hall Market, Stalls #18-20
Tel. Lafayette 4337
BOSTON
Specializing in Hotel and Family Distribution of Meats and Poultry

Goodenough & Russell
Faneuil Hall Market, Stalls #69-71
Tel. Capitol 1907-1908
Finest Quality of Beef, Lamb and Veal. Pork Products of all kinds. Sweetbreads, Tongues and Calves Liver.

$5
TALKS LOUDER NOW!
It buys your choice of all the smartest styles
W. L. DOUGLAS
AMERICA'S BEST KNOWN SHOES
Stores in Boston
156 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE
635 WASHINGTON STREET
38 HANOVER STREET
Stores in All Principal Cities

CHURCH'S Famous English Shoes
WICKERSHAM 2-4313-4314
309 OXFORD ST. LONDON, W. 1.
A NEW PRICE POLICY
EXCEPTIONAL VALUES AND EXTRA QUALITY
ARE NOW BEING OFFERED IN
CHURCH'S FAMOUS ENGLISH SHOES
AT SUBSTANTIAL REDUCTIONS
Babers, LTD.
MADISON AND FORTY-NINTH
NEW YORK

BEAUTIFUL DAY, ISN'T IT MRS. BAKER?
YES—I'M TAKING THE CHILDREN TO THE PARK. WHY DON'T YOU COME ALONG WITH YOUR LITTLE GIRL?
I CAN'T—I STILL HAVE MOST OF MY WASHING TO DO.
HOW IS IT YOU ARE THROUGH SO EARLY?
I DON'T SCRUB CLOTHES—OR EVEN BOIL THEM. I LET THEM SOAK SNOW-WHITE IN RINSO SUDS, WHILE I DO MY OTHER WORK
NEXT WASHDAY
THIS TIME LAST WEEK I WAS STILL SCRUBBING CLOTHES. THANK GOODNESS YOU TOLD ME ABOUT RINSO. MY WASH LOOKS MUCH WHITER, TOO
NOW TRY RINSO'S CREAMY SUDS FOR EASY DISHWASHING

Clothes washed this way last much longer!

IT'S easy to understand why clothes washed the Rinso way last much longer. They're *soaked*—not *scrubbed*. The dirt is gently loosened—not forced out. Rinso used regularly means a big saving in household linens, children's clothes, towels.

Try it and see! And see how much whiter clothes come, too...*even without boiling*. See what a lot of suds Rinso gives—twice as much, cup for cup, as from lightweight, puffed-up soaps. Creamy, long-lasting suds; marvelous for dishwashing and all cleaning.

The makers of 40 famous washers recommend Rinso. Get the BIG package today.

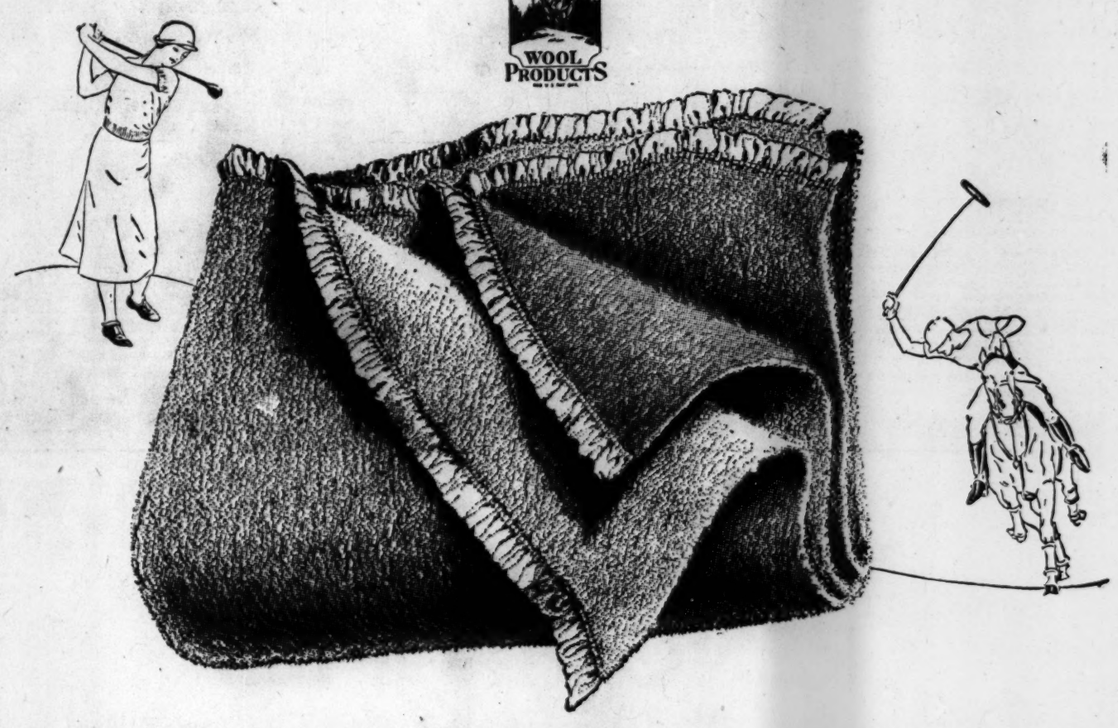
Rinso The Granulated

A PRODUCT OF LEVER BROTHERS CO.

Millions use Rinso in tub, washer and dishpan

Look for this recognized mark of Pure Wool Quality

KENWOOD WOOL PRODUCTS



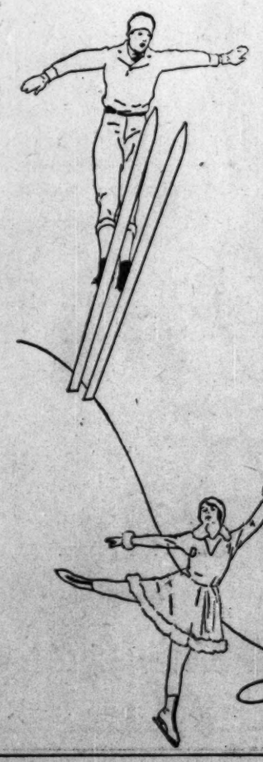
LASTING BEAUTY··LASTING LIFE

Alive—vibrant—tingling—alert—awakening each morning revivified and renewed by refreshing rest.

Kenwood Blankets by providing maximum protection with minimum weight contribute very definitely to the joy of living. Covering one in a billowy mass of the choicest wool, protecting from the chill night air—but, no burdensome, tiring, unnecessary weight. Just 100% all wool comfort.

Kenwoods are all new wool—not just wool, but the choicest of lively, long-fibre wool—selected with especial attention to long life and luster. And—they are beautiful—lastingly beautiful. Their soft, harmonious pastel shades are produced by a special process wherein the most permanent of dyes and most modern processes are employed.

Kenwoods are pre-shrunk so that laundering simply revives their original beauty. Such luxury (this lasting beauty, lasting life) would suggest a luxury price. This year, Kenwoods are the soundest economy at their new 1932 prices. They are now being featured at your favorite store in FULL, unstinted standard sizes 72" x 84" for full-size beds—60" x 84" for single or twin beds.



Ask for
LASTING BEAUTY---LASTING LIFE
KENWOOD
All wool BLANKETS

SIGHS FOR STIFF RULES OF PAST HEARD IN HOUSE

Liberalized Code Declared Responsible for Defeat of the Sales Tax

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 21—Liberalized House rules, adopted with much enthusiasm at the beginning of the present session of Congress, are being subjected to severe criticism with a resultant possibility that the next House may revert to the more rigid "gag rule" practices of previous generations.

Democratic leaders, who insisted on more liberal rules when they assumed control, are beginning to feel the force of criticism for their failure to prevent mutilation of the tax bill and elimination of its most essential feature, the general manufacturers' sales tax.

And now, with very good prospects for passage of a $2,400,000,000 cash bonus measure some are beginning to wish they still had a few of the methods available which were customary during the famous "czardom" of Uncle Joe Cannon and the scarcely less autocratic régime of Nicholas Longworth.

It is a reasonable assumption that the sales tax could have been passed had the leadership been able to "gag" the House and force them to vote only on whether to accept or reject the entire bill. Many who voted to strike the sales tax out would not have voted against the entire bill, with the sales tax in, had there been no opportunity to amend it.

At one time during the debate on the tax measure party leaders had secured promises of enough votes to assure its passage by the simple expedient of "trades." Certain provisions were put into the bill to conciliate special groups. Again, had there been only one vote on the entire measure these groups would have all voted to accept it—with the sales tax in.

But when the measure was thrown open to amendment it became a free for all with every man for himself. "Trades" were wiped out and the sales tax went by the board. Under rigid rules it is certain a more satisfactory and more carefully devised tax measure would have passed the House.

It is extremely doubtful if the majority of the House actually wants to see the bonus passed. Representative Fiorello H. LaGuardia (R.) of New York has asserted that not more than 30 members would vote in favor of it on a secret ballot. There is much evidence to support his contention. But votes on legislation cannot be secret. It will be an open vote and there are very few members of Congress who care to go on record against veterans' legislation.

In the opinion of Democratic leaders such as Representative Charles R. Crisp of Georgia, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, and Representative Henry T. Rainey, majority floor leader, the bonus could be defeated only by keeping it off the floor of the House. Once it comes to a vote it will be passed.

And due to the so-called "discharge rule" it cannot be kept off the floor. Under this rule 145 members, or one-third of the total, can force a vote on the floor on any measure. It is one of the "liberalized" rules which the Democrats so eagerly inaugurated this session.

Speaker John N. Garner (D.) of Texas and Mr. Crisp still maintain their belief in liberal rules and in giving the House a chance to vote freely on all legislation. But the charge that their inability to control the House indicates the irresponsibility of the Democratic Party has struck home in other quarters. With elections impending they do not relish the charge that they are an irresponsible party and unable to exercise authority when given them.

Rayon Pulp Made From Cane Bagasse

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON — A large new source of raw material for rayon has been found by the Department of Agriculture. Using low-priced nitric acid, chemists of the department have developed a process for making high grade cellulose, the base material for rayon, from bagasse, the waste from sugar cane.

The process is said to be important to producers as most of them depend now on wood pulp, a diminishing source. From 250,000 to 500,000 tons of bagasse accumulate each year at the sugar cane mills of the United States. For several years, much of this has been used for manufacturing insulating building material but the possibility that a higher grade of cellulose could be produced from bagasse led Government chemists to experiment with it.

The method of treating the bagasse consists of soaking the raw material in a weak nitric acid solution for several hours at a medium temperature, then heating it for an hour and finally washing and boiling in dilute sodium hydroxide to produce a soft bleachable pulp.

CAMPAIGN FOR JOBS PASSES 550,000 MARK

NEW YORK, April 21 (AP)—The campaign to place a million unemployed in wage-earning positions reached the 550,950 mark yesterday, officials of the "war against depression" announced. In 27 states, 9431 jobs were reported.

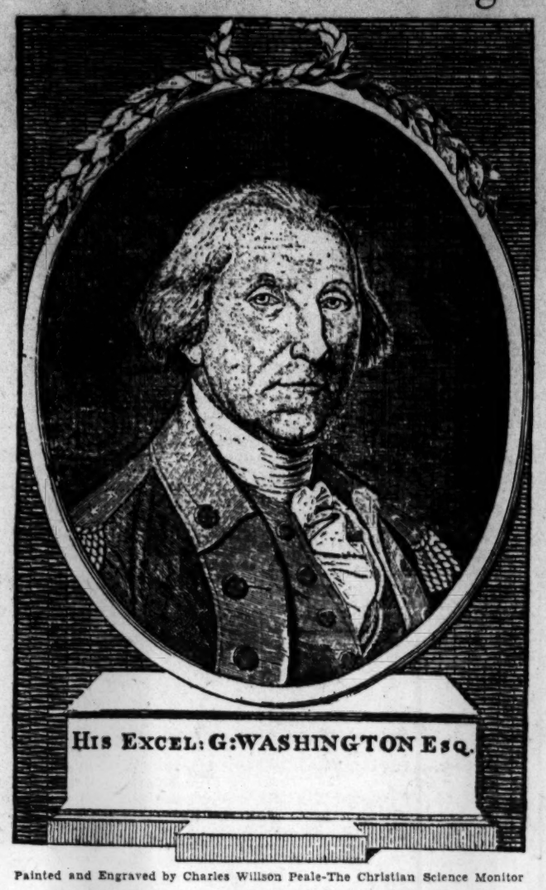
New York State, which leads all states with a total of 52,305, reported 2058 for the day.

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following:

Miss Alice D. Tuttle, Denver, Colo.
Mrs. Lula A. Newell, Denver, Colo.
E. M. French, Brookline, Mass.
Norman French, Brookline, Mass.
Mrs. Edith H. Parnell, St. Paul, Minn.
Mrs. Ada M. Mills, St. Paul, Minn.
Curtis L. Higgins, Quincy, Mass.
William R. Pratt, Norfolk Downs, Mass.
John Young, Squantum, Mass.
Mrs. Eva H. Knox, West Medford, Mass.
Mrs. Cora J. Wisen, West Medford, Mass.
Forrest E. Davis, St. Louis, Mo.
Maxine L. Gillis, Roxbury, Mass.
Alix Fraser, Roxbury, Mass.
Gloria Browning Cosman, Brookline, Mass.
Mrs. Elizabeth Hooper, Asbury Park, N. J.
Louise E. Hedden, New York, N. Y.
Isabel Malter, Wilmette, Ill.
Mrs. Arthur Gleason, St. Johnsbury, Vt.
Mrs. Charles P. Trimble, Pittsburgh, Penna.
Charles P. Trimble, Pittsburgh, Penna.
Mrs. Katherine M. Moore, Boston, Mass.
Jessie S. Gutterson, Burlington, Vt.

Four-Cent Bicentennial Stamp Shows Convention Washington



Painted and Engraved by Charles Willson Peale-The Christian Science Monitor

REPRODUCTION LIKE PRINT IN NOAH WEBSTER'S SPELLER

Sittings for Peale Afforded at Philadelphia, Where Washington Represented Virginia in Drawing Up Constitution

WASHINGTON POSTAGE STAMP SERIES
Sixth of Twelve Articles

By LANING HUMPHREY
Written for The Christian Science Monitor

Constitutional Convention Portrait—An element of mystery for some years surrounded the original of the 4-cent Bicentennial stamp portrait, painted by Charles Willson Peale. It was known by reproductions, but the original was believed to have been lost. A mezzotint had appeared, with the inscription, "His Excell: G: Washington, Esq: Late Commander in Chief of the Armies of the United States of America: Painted & Engraved by C. W. Peale." But as late as 1888 the painting was reported as unlocated. It was identified the very next year in a loan exhibition of historical paintings held in New York to celebrate the centennial of Washington's inauguration as first President of the United States.

Charles Willson Peale deserves to be called Washington's Artist Laureate. Five of the 12 Bicentennial stamp portraits are from his works. Washington posed for him more than for any other artist. The result was fully 14 life portraits, and many others copied from them or varied from them by Peale himself. He, seeing Washington constantly while under his command, had the opportunity to give lifelikeness to portraits not expressly posed for. As for the printed reproductions, they number a large proportion of what the Boston print authority, Louis Holman, declares has been computed as a total of 20,000 published portraits—all different. Many of these may be traced to 66 main kinds of prints based on this artist's originals.

Although Peale started his career as apprentice to an Annapolis saddler, he had had some instruction in drawing from his father, who taught it in his school. But when everyone traveled by horse, saddle-making offered a surer livelihood than art, in this country. Furthermore, young Peale could repair or even make clocks, and among still other accomplishments, was the first American to make artificial teeth. Ending his saddler's apprenticeship at 20, he married, and after trying a self-portrait, painted his wife, his small brother and sisters. One day he caught sight of a painting owned by the well-to-do Mr. Frazier. It was the first good painting he had ever seen. It added to his ambition and he sought John Hesselius, the artist.

"Give me instruction," he said, "and I'll give you the best saddle that can be made in Maryland."

Hesselius allowed young Peale to watch as he painted two portraits. Then, the story runs, he turned over to him a portrait in which he had painted the left side only, and let the youth finish the right.

This remarkable Maryland saddler-clockmaker had made such progress in art by his twenty-fourth year that he was called to far-away Newburyport, Mass., (far for those days), to paint five portraits. On his way home he stopped in Boston and asked and received advice and help from John Singleton Copley, who, although only four years older, had a wide reputation as a painter. Copley let Peale borrow one of his works to copy.

Before long, young Peale had aroused such enthusiasm among Baltimore citizens, that a group raised a fund expressly to enable him to go to London and study with the then great Benjamin West, the Philadelphia Quaker boy who had become a protégé of King George III, was famous for his huge historical pictures, and had prestige as a teacher.

For a little more than two years Peale studied with West. On his return to Annapolis in 1769, he was a man of mark as a portraitist. In three years a wealthy Virginian sent for him to come to his vast plantation and paint him. This was George Washington, and this was how the "Virginian Colonel" portrait came into being.

Peale became a captain of Maryland Volunteers in the Revolution, offering his services at the close of 1776. He commanded a company at the battles of Germantown, Trenton, Princeton, and Monmouth, and in the encampment at Valley Forge.

Historical Setting—Now it is the summer of 1787. The independent American states have sent delegates to Philadelphia — including Washington from Virginia—to draw up a Constitution which shall give them not only strength of union, but the satisfactions of "home government," too. And in preparation, Washington had set himself to reading books on the various theories of government. War had drawn the states tolerably well together. But since the final peace treaty, as Washington has written, it is a case of "thirteen sovereignties pulling against each other."

By common confidence, Washington is elected president of the convention, in May. It takes until September to write the Constitution. (And it will take two years for its acceptance, so that the states will have had no real national existence for six years after the final peace treaty.) Washington's old comrade-in-arms, Capt. Charles Wilson Peale, is now living in Philadelphia. He makes a request, and Washington writes in his diary:

"Tuesday, July 3, 1787—Sat before the meeting of the convention for Mr. Peale, who wanted my picture to make a print or mezzotinto by." And on the 6th and 9th two other sittings, in the morning, are recorded.

From the episode comes the "lost" painting of the four-cent stamp.

[The next article in this series will appear on April 28.]

Chicago School Children Tell Why Birds Are Their Friends

'Be Kind to Animals' Exercises Include Mass Recital of Pledge Which Is Sponsored by the American Humane Education Association

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO—"I will try, . . ."—several hundred high-pitched voices chorused, following the lead of a young woman on the platform—"—to be kind—to all living creatures—and to protect them—from all harm."

Children in a Chicago elementary school had just heard a talk on reasons for being kind to animals and they gave their pledge with a vigor that left no doubt of their support of the idea.

The speaker was Mrs. Jennie R. Toomin, the first field worker in the Chicago public schools to be sent by the American Humane Education Association of Boston. "Be Kind to Animal Week" finds her completing her first year of educational work here.

Mrs. Toomin goes from school to school, coöperating with the principals and teachers by talking to small groups and large assemblies about the desirability of being kind to animals and to each other and by starting poster work and other activities to be carried on after she leaves.

"Who are our friends?" Mrs. Toomin asked a group of eager first-graders in the Shakespeare School. "Mother, father, teacher and playmates," came the answers.

"And what friends have we that are not people?"

The children were glad for this question; they knew it was coming for they had been told that the lady was there to talk about kindness to animals.

"Dogs," "birdies," "kittens," the replies came tumbling.

"And why are birds our friends?" That set the first-graders to thinking.

"'Cause they sing for us." "'Cause they make the place pretty around the house."

"Yes, that's true," agreed the speaker. "And they destroy harmful insects so that our big red apples and other good things can grow. And how can we help them?"

"Give them crumbs," said a curly-head. "Give them peanuts," suggested a pink-cheeked boy.

Then Mrs. Toomin unrolled a poster, which showed a boy, who has learned that the birds are his friends, snapping them with a camera, having put away his trap and gun forever.

To the older children in assembly, the humane worker talks as to comrades. She tells story after story of dog heroism, reminds them that 10,000 dogs served mankind during the World War, many of them as aids to the Red Cross, and ends by telling them of Humane Week.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.

LASTING BEAUTY LASTING LIFE
KENWOOD All wool BLANKETS
WOOL PRODUCTS

Dey Brothers & Co.
Salina, Warren and Jefferson Streets

SYRACUSE, N. Y.

YOUR patronage at any of our 14 complete offices is cordially invited.

FIRST TRUST & DEPOSIT CO.
Main Office, S. Warren at Washington
"The Bank of Personal Service"

SYRACUSE, N. Y.

May We Help You Make Your Home Springlike?
New Curtains, New Rugs, New Lamps, New Bedding, Table Linens, Frigidaire.
New Stocks have just arrived, of our high standard of quality, economical too.
C.E. Chappell & Sons inc.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.

FROM OUR FARMS TO YOU
PASTEURIZED CLARIFIED
ONONDAGA MILK
Milk—Cream
Buttermilk
Cottage Cheese
Butter
ONONDAGA MILK PRODUCERS CO-OPERATIVE ASSN., INC.
810 Burnet Ave. Phone 2-0103

SYRACUSE, N. Y.

Amos-Rice COAL
200 EAST GENESEE STREET
DIAL 2-4151

ALBANY

Smartly Dressed Albany Women Prefer
WHITNEY'S PEMBERTON
RUN-GUARD
HOSIERY
Ask for it by name
Whitney's

The EDWARDS
Three Great Stores:
SYRACUSE
ROCHESTER
BUFFALO

SYRACUSE, N. Y.

BAUSCH OPTICAL CO.
Thermometers Binoculars
Barometers Field Glasses
Microscopes Opera Glasses
STATE TOWER BUILDING
209 E. GENESEE STREET

SYRACUSE, N. Y.

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.
"The Friendly Store"
The strongest Guarantee with every purchase. — "Satisfaction or your Money Back."

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

NEW LOWER PRICES
In All Departments
Men's Reliable Smartly Styled OXFORDS
$5.85
McFARLIN'S
195 MAIN STREET EAST

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Shop at SEARS and SAVE
Sears, Roebuck & Co.
Monroe Avenue at Union

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

If you're looking for the Famous . . .
KENWOOD BLANKETS
You'll Find Them In Our Infants' Shop
B. FORMAN COMPANY
CLINTON AVENUE SOUTH

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

McCurdy and Company
There's Quality Behind the McCurdy Label

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Gas and Electric Space Heaters
for chill Spring mornings and evenings. Just the thing when your fuel is low or the fire goes out. We offer some $20 heaters for $12.25 and a few $15 heaters for $9.75.
Rochester Gas and Electric Corporation
89 EAST AVENUE

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

LASTING BEAUTY LASTING LIFE
KENWOOD All wool BLANKETS
WOOL PRODUCTS
Kenwood blankets, in beautiful colorings; and in sizes for twin, single and large beds . . . are offered at new 1932 prices.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.

Restaurants

NEW YORK CITY

The GARDEN SPOT
An old Southern dinner comes six hundred miles to be close to the Theatre District.
$1.00 Daily and Saturday 5:15 to 8:15.
Self selected luncheon 11:30 to 2:30.
67 WEST 44TH STREET

Jane Davies DISTINCTIVE
145 WEST 55TH STREET
Luncheon 11:30 to 2
Dinner 5:30 to 8
Circle 7-0176

Maison A. De Winter
38 West 48th Street
One of the best French table d'hôtes in town.
Handsome surroundings.
Luncheons 75c Dinners $1.25
Also a la Carte
Accommodations for private parties. Open Sundays.

Pig & Whistle Inn
175 WEST 4TH STREET
(Near Tenth Church)
Luncheon 50c
Dinner 75c
Closed Sunday

MARY KIRBY'S SOUTHERN CUISINE
116 WEST 72ND STREET
Luncheon 50c Dinner 60c-80c-$1
Special Sunday Dinner 90c and $1

FREEPORT, L. I., N. Y.

DE VOE'S AMERICAN GRILL
HOMELIKE SURROUNDINGS
Dinner 50c 60c 75c
Sunday 75c, 90c
21 W. MERRICK RD. Phone Freeport 1742

BUFFALO, N. Y.

FAMOUS FOR FOOD
LAUBE'S CAFETERIA
Cor. Pearl and Eagle Streets
OLD SPAIN
660 MAIN STREET

ROCKVILLE CTR., L. I., N. Y.

Anything in a Name?
TRY US AND SEE
LUNCH—TEA—DINNER
MODERATELY PRICED—Special Lunch 35c
Chicken and Hot Biscuit Every Meal
SOUTHERN KITCHEN
76 NORTH VILLAGE AVENUE

HARTFORD, CONN.

Hazel Young's
Self Selected Meals
35c Lunch
$1.00 Dinner (Waitress Service)
Pies and Pastry to take home.
15 ASYLUM ST. (Downstairs)

PORTLAND, ORE.

The SIGN of the ROSE TEA SHOP
Luncheons Tea Dinner
Sunday Dinner 12 to 8
ALDERWAY BLDG.
BROADWAY AT ALDER
Telephone Beacon 7914

Gets every drop of juice!
One Stroke does it!
"PRESS-OR"
U. S. Pat. Re. 17,893
This sensational new type of fruit-juice extractor will give you a thrill in fresh-fruit drinks you never had before! "PRESS-OR" adds a new tang to orange juice—makes a real fruit cocktail . . . More tasty! More appetizing! Takes any and all citrus fruits, and gets every drop of the juice! Extracts and strains clear in one operation. No electricity. Money-back guarantee.
MIDGET "PRESS-OR" $4.95
Delivered East of Mississippi River.
Send for Special Booklet, "Smart Housewares CS."
Hammacher, Schlemmer
145 East 57th Street
New York Since 1848
'The House of Fine Housewares'

Hotel Belvedere
319 W. 48th St., New York City
Large double rooms, $21 per week & up
Large single rooms, $17.50 per week & up
Daily rate $3 up
Special monthly rates. Serving pantry in every room. Complete hotel service.

ATLAS
FIREPROOF STORAGE WAREHOUSE CO. Inc.
STORAGE AND REMOVALS
157-159 W. 124th St. Tel. Ca-8 4620
NEW YORK CITY

NEW YORK

Engagement rings showing important Diamonds in Round, Marquise, Square and Fancy Shapes
Watson & Co. JEWELERS
Established 1837
3A MAIDEN LANE
RECTOR 2-5498

Claribel Hills
Custer Arms Restaurant
671 Palmer Avenue at the Parkway
Bronxville, N. Y.
Tel. Bronxville 2446
Luncheon 50c and 65c
Dinner $1.00
Sunday Dinner, 1 to 7:30
$1.00 and $1.25
Orders taken for Cakes, Pies, Salads Sandwiches. Also Catering to private parties.

NEW YORK
INDIVIDUALITY IN Bobbing and Setting
For the discriminating Madame and M'mselle
PERMANENT WAVE
"Natural"
Chas. Deutsch
Incorporated
607 5TH AVE. VO 5-3282
BRANCH
2 EAST 57TH STREET PL. 3-1372

NEW YORK CITY
"Select Your Warehouse as You Would Your Bank"
KINDERMANN
Storage, Moving, Packing
Carpet Cleaning
Silver and Rug Vaults
Agent Allied Van Lines
MAIN OFFICE
Webster Ave. at 170th Street
Tel. Jerome 7-0196 N. Y. City
Correspondents in All Cities
Established 38 Years

Washington Heights JEWELER
Let us repair your Watches & Jewelry
38 years in business. Thousands to recommend us for honest values and high-grade workmanship.
M. ABRAMSON
1400 ST. NICHOLAS AVE. NEAR 166TH ST.
2526 EIGHTH AVE. Near 135th St.
NEW YORK CITY

If you think you're hard to fit, we're here to change your mind.

Why not open the season with the sport suit you're sure to buy later—and thus get that much more pleasure and wear out of it?

For instance: A 4-piece outfit of real hand-loomed Irish homespun.

Different!

A wearing quality that is as amazing as the fabric is attractive.

Ready-to-wear right out to the Club.

Coat, vest, knickers and trousers, $65.
Other golf suits from $45.

•

Irish golf hose, hand-knit the old fashioned, long-wearing way—and down to $4 this season.

Other golf hose from $2.
Irish poplin ties, $2.50

•

You business men who want a smart suit that holds its lines with mighty little pressing, will be delighted with Tweedmoor.

$50 is the new "low" for this Spring.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY
Broadway at Liberty
Broadway at Warren
Broadway at 13th St.
Broadway at 35th St.
NEW YORK CITY
Fifth Ave. at 41st St.
Tremont at Bromfield
Boston, Massachusetts

STERN BROTHERS
42nd 43rd STS. WEST OF FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK

Stern's Smart Artistic MANICURES
50c
Beauty Salon—Stern's Seventh

MENIHAN
ARCH-AID
SHOES FOR WOMEN

An Advertisement for Nurses:

We don't want to talk "shop" now. We want to talk about you, when you are off duty; not you, personally, so much as your feet. We want you to know about all the models that are made in Menihan Arch-aid shoes, besides duty shoes. There are many others—models which are built on lasts you like, with the same skill, and fine craftsmanship; and in patterns for every different occasion that shoes can be worn. Right now new Spring models are being put on display at our shop. Come in and look them over.

MENIHAN ARCH-AID SHOES

MARAY
A smart street shoe in brown kid with blonde trim . . . in black . . . and in white. Leather heel.

Arch-Aid Shoe Shops
38 West 39th St.
48 West 47th St. Men's and Ladies' Shoes
NEW YORK CITY
Brooklyn: 292 Livingston St.
Style Booklet Now Available

WET BALLOON IS PUNCTURED BY DRY FACTS

Dr. Colvin Marshals Figures in Refutation of Claims of Wets

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 21 — The revenue and prosperity balloon raised by the wets for the benefit of the Senate judiciary subcommittee which is considering prohibition modification measures was punctured today by Dr. D. Leigh Colvin, vice-chairman of the National Conference of Organizations Supporting the Eighteenth Amendment.

Emphasizing that the revenue would come not from the brewers and liquor sellers, but from the consumers, Dr. Colvin commented, "They are wonderfully free with other people's money."

Dr. Colvin called attention to the fact that $1,125,000,000, the amount of revenue brewers estimated the return of beer will bring, is nine times as large as the maximum of internal revenue paid by the brewers before the war and over 17 times as large as the average of the amount paid in the pre-war years 1910-1915, when their revenue averaged only $65,000,000.

He estimated that the people will have to pay $7,000,000,000 to the liquor interests in order that the liquor traffic may pay $1,000,000,000 to the Government.

In pre-war years the liquor traffic took more than seven times as much from the people as it paid in revenue, he said, pointing out that the average annual revenue in the years 1910-1915 was only about $318,000,000, whereas the average drink bill of that period was more than $2,333,000,000.

Adding their emphatic protest against all of the 15 bills designed to weaken prohibition were Bishop James Cannon Jr. of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South; Edward T. Lee, dean of John Marshall Law School, Chicago, and Dr. Arthur J. Barton, president, National Conference of Organizations Supporting the Eighteenth Amendment.

A strong defense of the Eighteenth Amendment from the standpoint "not of New York's 'four hundred,' but of its 'four million,'" was made yesterday to the committee in a statement by Miss Lillian D. Wald, of the Henry Street Settlement, New York, nationally known welfare worker. Miss Wald is now in Italy, but her appeal for retention of the Eighteenth Amendment was presented by the legislative department of the National Congress of Parents and Teachers.

"I have no hesitation whatsoever," she declares, "in asserting that prohibition, despite its weakness, has worked untold good to the greater portion of our population, and that to repeal or modify the amendment would be a grave mistake—one that might be fraught with serious, social and economic consequences.

"To expect complete success for the prohibition experiment in 10 or 12 years yould be to expect a miracle. We are engaged upon a great social adventure in which the life and welfare of vast numbers of people are concerned. Is it too much to ask for honest and sincere support for that adventure for at least a generation?"

Referring to the tendency to compare the evils of the speakeasy with the saloon, Miss Wald declares that "to us who knew the saloon in its heyday there is no comparison possible."

"Nothing," she continues, "can ever equal the brazen way in which the saloons flaunted their power throughout the years of their privilege, or their farcical evasion of the numerous efforts to regulate and control them by legislative enactment and by moral pressure. On Saturday nights their influence was most obvious and most sinister. The trucks gathered around the curb while the men went inside with their pay envelopes.

"That scene has disappered from one end of the country to the other, and with it have gone the Sunday brawls, the tragic Monday mornings when in factory and workshop tearful women came to beg for advances on their husbands' wages because Mike or Jim or Tony had left the contents of his pay envelope at the corner saloon."

Miss Wald said that, whereas in the early days of Henry Street settlement work, alcoholic cases were a common occurrence, "today they are so rare as to be a cause for general comment."

Eloquent testimony to the efficacy of prohibition was to be had in the neighborhoods served by settlements and social organizations where the shadow of the world-wide depression lay most heavily, Miss Wald states.

"The one ray of light in the gloom," she declares, "is that no longer do we see the hideous alcoholic wrecks—the 'old soaks'—who a few years ago patronized the bread lines. The majority of unemployed men along the Bowery and at the municipal lodging house today give no token that it is drink that has brought them to the waiting line. An even more significant change is reflected by the statistics of the family welfare organizations."

LONDON QUOTATIONS

LONDON, April 21 (AP)—Consols for money today were 60½, DeBeers 2⅞, and Rand Mines 3. Money was 1¼ and discount rates on short bills 1⅞@2 and three months bills 2@2⅛ per cent.

DOAK CRITICIZES NATIVE DEFENSE FOR AGITATORS

Mrs. Magna of Massachusetts Unopposed Nominee for D. A. R. Presidency

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 21 — Efforts of liberals to prevent the deportation of aliens who preach violence against American institutions were criticized by Mr. William N. Doak, Secretary of Labor, in an address here today before the forty-first Continental Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The native-born American defender of the alien propagandist, Mr. Doak characterized as a "menace to law and order and to the stability and the foundation of our government."

Mrs. Russell William Magna of Holyoke, Mass., was put in nomination for president-general of the D. A. R. last night without opposition, a rare honor in an organization where factions usually are rife.

Mrs. Magna is at present librarian-general and is the first Massachusetts woman to be nominated for president. Suggestions from leaders in the organization, as far apart as New England, and the Pacific Coast, first made two years ago and everywhere finding support, left Mrs. Magna as the unanimous choice of the 170,000 members of the society.

With Mrs. Magna were nominated, also without opposition, 10 candidates for the national offices and 10 candidates for the eight vacancies in the ranks of the vice-presidents-general of the society.

That there may be change of emphasis in the new administration away from militarism and anti-Communist activities and toward more intensive genealogical and historical preservation work, is indicated by the fact that Mrs. William Sherman Walker, for six years national defense chairman, has not been asked to serve again.

Mrs. Walker, an influential power behind the last two administrations, plans to retire to her home in Seattle, Wash., when this Congress adjourns. As national defense chairman, Mrs. Walker has been prominently a vigorous defender of a big military force and of anti-Communist activities at the Capitol and other branches of the Government, where the subjects have come up during her term of office.

BRAZIL GAINS IN PUPILS

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil (By U. P.)—The heaviest enrollment in history of the republic was reported this month by Department of Education officials in schools and colleges in Brazil opened for the winter term.

Cosgrave Leads Irish Opposition

★ ★ ★

Heads Cumann na nGaedheal Partisans; Has Represented the Free State at Geneva

★ ★ ★

(Continued from Page 1)

000,000 each year. The next payment is due in June.

Mr. Blythe is a frank, friendly individual who speaks as men do when they are quite sure they know what they are talking about. Years ago he used to edit a small provincial paper. He is the only Protestant who has attained a front rank position in either Cumann na nGaedheal or Fianna Fail.

Mr. Patrick Hogan, the former Minister for Agriculture, is another man of note in the Cumann na nGaedheal. Like Mr. Cosgrave he has held his post in the Cabinet from the days of the Anglo-Irish Treaty. To him the Free State owes the Live Stock Breeding Act of 1925, which has done a great deal to improve the quality of Irish milk and bacon.

Mr. Hogan also obtained the passage of a law providing for governmental control of the egg industry, which is second only in importance to stock-raising in the Free State's interior economy. Cleaner and bigger shells, fresher interiors and better packing were all provided for the export trade in this legislation.

Mr. Cosgrave and his associates strongly disapprove of the Fianna Fail Government's policy with regard to the oath of allegiance to King George V. Most of them have no regard for the oath itself. But they say that the Free State agreed to it in the Anglo-Irish Treaty of 1921 and therefore cannot honorably discard it without first negotiating with Great Britain, and they believe the time not to be ripe for raising the issue.

If the oath is just dropped, they say, the other members of the British Commonwealth of Nations will consider that the Free State has ceased to belong to the Commonwealth. This they think would be a calamity of the first magnitude.

Similarly with regard to the Land Annuities, Cumann na nGaedheal (pronounced Gale) holds that having made a bargin with Great Britain, the Free State ought to stick to it. Moreover, the peasant proprietors got their land and it is only right they should pay— and to those who lent the money, namely, the bondholders to whom the British Government gave a guarantee both as to capital and interest.

Mr. de Valera and the Fianna Fail Party, on the other hand, say they can get rid of the oath without touching the Treaty. And they declare that there is no obligation to make any further payments on the Land Annuities. Ireland, they argue, has already in the past paid quite enough to Great Britain and it is time the drain of funds was stopped.

But in spite of this difference of method both Cumann na nGaedheal and Fianna Fail claim to be republican. On this point, there is only a theoretical divergence between them as to the way which the republic is to be achieved.

In practice this means that whereas Fianna Fail is actively working for a republic in the near future, Cumann na nGaedheal at present leaves this question in more or less complete cold storage.

Virginia to Open Oyster Ground In Warwick River

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

RICHMOND, Va. — Opening of the oyster ground near the mouth of the Warwick River April 25, replenished by the State in May, 1929, for tonging, has been announced by Mr. Richard Armstrong, chairman of the commission of fisheries.

During the spring of 1929 the Federal Government was improving the James River channel toward Richmond, and oyster beds of considerable extent on Rock Landing Shoals were threatened with destruction by the dredges. Oystermen registered a strong protest.

As a result, Mr. Harry R. Houston of Hampton, then chairman of the fisheries commission, and the oyster advisory commission appointed in 1928 by the Legislature, conferred with the Governor, Mr. Harry F. Byrd.

Mr. Byrd allocated $2000 from the Governor's contingent fund to removal of the oysters in the projected channel, and they were planted near the mouth of the Warwick River.

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR QUALITY

Fanny Farmer CANDIES

all 60¢ the pound

Old time flavor at Old time price

Friend's BAKED BEANS

You can buy Friend's Beans and Brown Bread now at the lowest price in years . . . which makes them more kind to your budget than ever before. It's smart to be thrifty, you know, and it's just such little economies that enable you to make both ends meet, and perhaps even lap over a little! ▲ So if you would be wise, you'll serve Friend's Beans occasionally during the week as a vegetable, besides having them appear at Saturday's festive board with Friend's Brown Bread.

Friend Brothers, Inc.
Melrose Station
Boston, Mass.

Friend's Beans and Brown Bread, the inseparable pair for Saturday's fare

California
HAWAII
ORIENT
ROUND THE WORLD
Sailings every Thursday from New York
16 days to California on the famous President Liners. See Havana . . . the Panama Canal. A real vacation trip!
SPECIAL CLASS, from $150
FIRST CLASS . . from $225
See your local travel agent, or . . .
DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES
Statler Building ▲ Boston

SECRETS

Did you know that the money Uncle Sam keeps in the Sub-Treasury down on Wall Street is protected by all sorts of *secret* safety devices?

Our "safety devices" are *no secret*, however! Drop in and let us show you—and explain how we safeguard our depositor's money by investing only in A No. 1 gilt-edge American securities!

CENTRAL SAVINGS BANK
4th Avenue at 14th Street
Broadway at 73rd Street
NEW YORK CITY
$1 starts an account here where you needn't worry!

IN BOSTON METROPOLITAN AREA--SEE THE NORGE AT
CURTIS UTILITIES CORP., 154 Cambridge Street
Telephone CAPitol 4838

NORGE WINS!

Rollator Refrigeration leads all others combined....in 1931 sales gain

SEE THE NORGE BEFORE YOU BUY

That's what thousands did. They saw the Norge. They bought! Thousands more are seeing the Norge. And the popular enthusiasm for Rollator refrigeration *continues* to pile up new sales records.

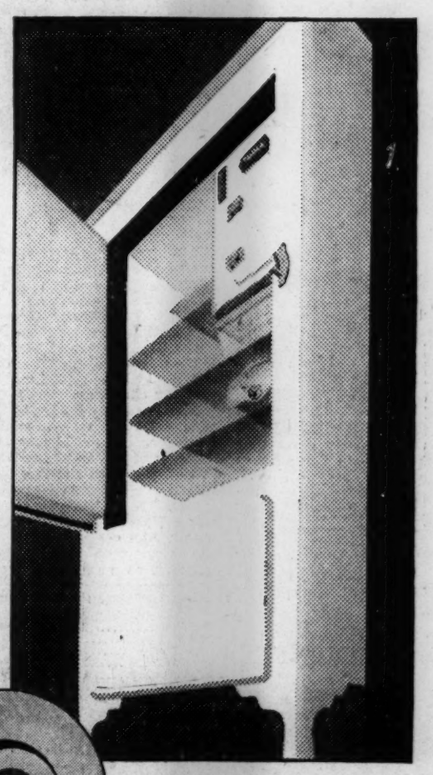
If you wonder why, look at the Norge itself. Look at the cabinet designed for convenience and beauty—built to last a lifetime. Look at its many improvements. It's a fact that no other electric refrigerator offers you so many original features of utility and convenience.

Then learn about the Norge mechanism—the simple, sturdy, extra-powered, almost everlasting Rollator. It is Rollator Refrigeration that is causing the tremendous public preference for the Norge. Because only Norge offers the surplus cooling power of the Rollator.

● *All Norge 1932 models offer new greater values at lower prices. See the Norge before you buy and compare with others you may have considered.*

Norge Corporation is a division of Borg-Warner Corporation, one of the world's largest makers of precision parts, including automotive free wheeling.

* *Figures from report of Electric Refrigeration News, February 24th, 1932.*



THE ROLLATOR
A roller rolls and there's ice... that's all there is to the powerful, smooth operation of the Norge Rollator mechanism. It is simple, sturdy, almost everlasting.

NORGE
Rollator refrigeration

NEW GREATER VALUES AT LOWER PRICES

NORGE CORPORATION
676 East Woodbridge Street
Detroit, Michigan

Intercollegiate, Club and Professional Athletic News of the World

TEXAS FROGS IN BASEBALL LEAD

Only Team to Benefit From Past Week-End Results—Rice Owls Next

SOUTHWEST CONFERENCE BASEBALL STANDING

	Won	Lost	Runs For	Runs Agst	P.C.
Texas Christian	3	1	18	8	.750
Rice	4	2	18	14	.667
Texas	4	3	37	33	.571
Baylor	3	3	38	20	.500
Texas A. & M.	2	3	27	26	.400
So. Methodist	0	4	16	44	.000

SOUTHWEST BASEBALL GAMES

April 22—Texas A. & M. at Baylor and Rice at Texas; 23—Texas A. & M. at Baylor and Rice at Texas; 25—Rice at Baylor and Texas A. & M. at Texas Christian; 26—Texas A. & M. at Southern Methodist.

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

AUSTIN, Texas, April 21—By winning from Southern Methodist University while the Rice Institute Owls were dividing two games with Texas A. & M. College the Texas Christian University Horned Frogs took the leadership in the Southwest Conference baseball race with three victories and one defeat. Low scores featured the five games played last week between the Conference nines.

With the exception of Texas Christian University, the games last week-end held back the pennant chances of every team in the race. Both Texas A. & M. College, last year champions, and the University of Texas, last year runner-ups, were pushed back as a result of the division of games with Rice Institute and the Baylor Bears.

Pitchers showed good form in the five games. Two boxmen, Hersel Kinzy '34 of Texas Christian University and V. E. Taylor of Texas, pitched one-hit games.

After being batted out of the box by the Baylor Bears one day, Taylor came back the following day to hold the Bears to one hit—a single in the ninth inning by W. S. Wells '32 after two were out. The Baylor team won the first 6 to 2, and the Longhorns won the second 4 to 1.

C. C. F. Klaerner '34, big Rice pitcher, chalked up his fourth victory in as many starts by defeating the Texas A. & M. nine 3 to 2 in the first of the two-game series. The following day the Aggies evened the series by winning 4 to 2.

Southern Methodist was unable to solve the curves of Kinzy and Texas Christian handed the Methodist nine its fourth defeat of the season. The score was 4 to 1.

Several changes may take place in the standing after the games of this week-end and those scheduled for the early part of next week. With four games scheduled in five days, the Texas Aggies will face their "biggest test" of the current season. Two of the games are with Baylor, one with Texas Christian University, and one with Southern Methodist. The Rice Owls, too, will face a busy week-end with three games to be played in four days. The Owls have two games with the University of Texas and one with the Baylor Bears.

E. R. Jones '32, Rice Institute first baseman, gained the leadership among the regulars in the Conference individual hitting race by getting four hits out of eight times at bat against the Aggies. He now has an average of .521. Galloway Selby '32, Southern Methodist University shortstop, failed to get a hit in three times at bat to bring his average down to .500. He was the leader last week.

Klaerner continues to set the pace for the Southwest pitchers. He has pitched every one of the four games the Owls have won. The leading hitters:

Players	Pos.	Team	AB	R	H	P.C.
E. B. Price, 2b, Texas			3	0	2	.666
E. R. Jones, 1b, Rice			23	3	12	.521
Galloway Selby, ss, S. M. U.			16	4	8	.500
L. O. Orshorn, 3b, S. M. U.			4	0	2	.500
J. R. Veltmann, p, Texas			2	1	1	.500
Hal Donovan, cf, T. C. U.			16	6	7	.438
Herbert Dennis, c, T. C. U.			16	1	7	.438
L. H. Veltman, cf, Tex. A&M			19	6	8	.421
W. E. Davis, 2b, Tex. A.&M.			18	2	7	.389
J. W. Hinton, lf, T. C. U.			17	2	6	.353
C. H. Blanton, c, Texas			12	2	4	.333
R. H. Scheer, p, Tex. A.&M.			6	1	2	.333
H. G. Enck, 2b, Rice			22	1	7	.318
Jack Graves, rf, T. C. U.			16	2	5	.312
Rhea Williams, lf, S. M. U.			13	4	4	.308
W.D.V.M.Bloebaum, c, Tex.			13	3	4	.308
T. N. Russell, cf, Rice			23	4	7	.304

SHOOTERS DIVIDE HONORS

PINEHURST, N. C., April 21 (AP)—Tracy V. Lewis of New York and Andrew J. Smith of Providence, R. I., divided honors in two events run off yesterday in the north and south trapshooting tournament. Lewis captured the all-around championship, scoring 96, while Smith led the handicap event with a score of 95. The Providence gunner shot from the 20-yard mark. Samuel H. Sharman of Salt Lake City, Utah, shooting from 23 yards, broke 94 targets to finish second in the handicap. Isaac Andrews of Spartanburg, S. C., former grand American champion, was third with a score of 93 from 21 yards.

Lewis was trailed by R. C. Coffey of Prairie City, Iowa, who had a score of 94, and by Sharman whose score was 92. Shooting from 19 yards in the handicap, Knowles A. Smith scored 85 hits. Mrs. Ralph Hornblower, Boston, at 16 yards, 75. In the all-around championship, A. J. Smith scored 83 and K. A. Smith 72.

COLLEGE BASEBALL RESULTS

Albright 5, Mt. St Mary's 2.
C. C. N. Y. 3, Stevens 0.
Dickinson 3, Juniata 2.
Duke 7, Virginia P. I. 5.
Fordham 14, Yale 3.
Harvard 11, Maine 2.
Illinois Wesleyan 8, Lincoln 1.
Lafayette 8, Haverford 0.
Lehigh 4, Princeton 3.
Lowell T. S. 11, Wesleyan 7.
Mass. State 12, Northeastern 5.
New York 10, Rutgers 6.
Notre Dame 4, South Bend 2.
Pennsylvania 17, Swarthmore 7.
Rochester 8, Syracuse 2.
Susquehanna 17, Penn State 16.
Virginia 9, Hampden-Sydney 2.
W. & L. 13, W & M. 3.
West Point 5, Temple 1.
Williams 8, Norwich 4.

MARTIN ENTERS BRITISH EVENT

LOS ANGELES, Calif., April 21 (AP)—Dave Martin, California golf champion, has sent his entry in for the British amateur golf championship to be played on the course of The Honourable Company of Edinburgh Golfers, Muirfield, in Scotland next month, he said yesterday, although he is not sure he can make the trip. Martin had planned to drive his old automobile East and sell it there for steerage passage to the British Isles. Then he found out the machine would not bring in enough money. Now he is figuring out other means of collecting the cash. Martin is the son of Ernest Martin, a professional here, who was born in Carnoustie, Scot.

COLLEGE TENNIS RESULTS

Brown 9, Boston College 0.
C. C. N. Y. 7, Drexel 0.
Harvard 9, Amherst 0.
New York 8, Columbia 1.
Pennsylvania 8, Villanova 1.
St. John's 8, Stevens 1.
West Point 8, Lafayette 2.

British Olympic Hope

The Christian Science Monitor-© Sport & General

J. A. BURNS

Burns Considered An Olympic Hope

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WOLVERTON, Eng.—J. A. Burns of Newcastle-on-Tyne has been asked by the English athletic authorities whether, subject to selection, he is prepared to go to Los Angeles to represent Britain in the distance races (5000 and 10,000 meters) at the Olympic Games. He is entirely in favor of the plan (needless to say) and his appearance in California therefore would seem to depend mainly upon his ability to arrange with his employers for the necessary leave of absence.

His credentials are impressive, for last year he won the Amateur Athletic Association's four-mile track championship at Stamford Bridge, and here, March 12, he gained a splendid victory in the "National" 10-mile cross-country running race.

As readers may recall from the special wireless message to The Christian Science Monitor which appeared at the time, Burns won a brilliant contest here by an electrifying sprint in the last two or three hundred yards. Until then G. W. Bailey, of Salford Harriers, the steelplechase champion of the British Empire, looked like a comfortable winner. He was about 20 yards in front and moving well. The pace all along had been very hot—the winner's time, 53m. 21 4-5s., shows that—but Burns had sufficient stamina in reserve to "jump" Bailey up the last slope and break the tape with 15 yards to spare. There were 289 runners, representing 29 teams and 35 individual entrants, and the first 18 of them finished within two minutes of the victor.

MRS. EDWIN H. VARE WINS GOLF FINAL

HOT SPRINGS, Va., April 21 (AP)—Playing one of the greatest rounds of her golfing career, Mrs. Edwin H. Vare Jr. defeated Miss Grace Amory of the Seminole Club, Palm Beach, 7 and 6, in the finals of the Old Dominion Golf Championship over the Homestead Golf Club course here yesterday.

Mrs. Vare played out the round and carded a brilliant 72, which is one over men's par for the layout and two strokes lower than the new women's record of 74 she established in the qualifying round on Monday. The former record of 78 was held jointly by Miss Helen L. Hicks, 1931 winner of the Old Dominion Championship, and Miss Diana Fishwick, former British amateur champion.

A large gallery followed Mrs. Vare around all the way, showing more interest in her medal play than the outcome of the match. She was out in 35 and played the incoming nine in 37.

Mrs. Vare's best previous round was a 71, scored early in her golfing career. She considered her 72 over the Homestead course yesterday, however, as a greater achievement.

TEXAS LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Houston	6	2	.750
Dallas	5	3	.625
Fort Worth	5	3	.625
San Antonio	4	4	.500
Galveston	3	5	.375
Beaumont	3	5	.375
Wichita Falls	3	5	.375
Shreveport	3	5	.375

RESULTS APRIL 20

San Antonio 9, Galveston 5.
Houston 6, Beaumont 4.
Dallas 14, Wichita Falls 6.
Shreveport 5, Fort Worth 4.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Chattanooga	9	0	1.000
Memphis	6	2	.750
Birmingham	6	2	.750
New Orleans	4	5	.444
Atlanta	3	6	.333
Nashville	2	6	.286
Little Rock	2	7	.222
Knoxville	2	7	.222

RESULTS APRIL 20

Knoxville 4, New Orleans 3.
Birmingham 7, Atlanta 6.
Chattanooga 6, Little Rock 5.
Memphis at Nashville (postponed).

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
San Francisco	14	2	.875
Sacramento	10	6	.625
Hollywood	10	6	.625
Portland	9	7	.563
Los Angeles	7	9	.438
Oakland	6	10	.375
Seattle	6	10	.375
Missions	2	14	.125

RESULTS APRIL 20

Los Angeles 6, Sacramento 2.
Seattle 8, Hollywood 3.
San Francisco 8, Oakland 7.
Portland 4, Missions 1.

CINCINNATI IN SECOND PLACE

Giants Pound Phillies—Pirates Shut Out Cardinals, 7 to 0

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Boston	4	2	.667
Cincinnati	5	3	.625
Philadelphia	4	3	.571
Chicago	4	3	.571
Pittsburgh	4	4	.500
Brooklyn	3	3	.500
New York	2	5	.286
St. Louis	2	5	.286

RESULTS APRIL 20

New York 14, Philadelphia 5.
Pittsburgh 7, St. Louis 0.
Cincinnati 7, Chicago 2.
Other clubs not scheduled.

The Cincinnati Reds jumped into the picture on Wednesday, when they defeated the Chicago Cubs, 7 to 2, and took second place in the National League race. Boston, which was not scheduled to play, held the lead. The New York Giants pounded Philadelphia pitching for a 14-to-5 triumph and moved out of eighth place. Pittsburgh, with Steve Swetonic pitching, shut out the St. Louis Cardinals, 7 to 0.

The Reds scored a run in the first inning and were always in the lead. The Cubs were weak at the bat and erratic in the field, getting only five hits and making four errors. Red Lucas, veteran right-hander, pitched for Cincinnati and kept out of trouble most of the time. The winners rallied in the third inning for five runs, driving Pat Malone, who started for the Cubs, to the showers. Morrissey batted in four runs for the Reds, hitting two doubles and a single. One of his doubles came with the bases full in the third. Stanley Hack hit a double and a single for the Cubs.

The Giants drove the ball to all corners of the field and out of the park for 17 hits off four Phillie pitchers. Critz, Koenecke, Lindstrom and Terry led the attack, each getting three safeties. Terry hit two homers and a single, accounting for five runs. Lindstrom also batted in five team mates with a home run and two singles. Clarence Mitchell, left-handed spitball veteran, kept 10 Philadelphia hits fairly well scattered. Phil Collins, Burt Shotton's star right-hander, drew the pitching assignment for the Phillies, but was driven out of the box in the fifth.

Steve Swetonic held the Cardinals until two men were out in the eighth inning. He weakened slightly at that time and the champions made three singles before the game was over. Bill Hallahan, who was Swetonic's opponent during the first four innings, shut out the Pirates in the first, second and third, only to lose his effectiveness in the fourth. Comorosky hit two singles for the Pirates, drove in one run, scored another and stole two bases. Grace hit a triple and single. Pie Traynor also stole two bases for the winners. The scores:

AT CHICAGO

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Cincinnati	1	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	9	2
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	5	4

Batteries—Lucas and Manion; Malone, May, Baecht, Tinning and Hartnett. Losing pitcher—Malone. Umpires—Reardon and Barr. Time—2h. 7m.

AT PHILADELPHIA

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
New York	3	0	1	0	5	3	0	1	1	14	17	3
Philadelphia	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	5	10	2

Batteries—Mitchell and Hogan; Collins, Hansen, Bolen, Adams and Davis. Losing pitcher—Collins. Umpires—Klem, Magerkurth and Stark. Time—2h. 10m.

AT PITTSBURGH

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	x		7	11	1
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3

Batteries—Swetonic and Grace; Hallahan, Lindsey, Dean and Wilson. Losing pitcher—Hallahan. Umpires—Rigler, Donnelly and Quigley. Time—1h. 59m.

CHANGES IN RULES FOR GIRLS PROPOSED

PHILADELPHIA, April 21 (AP)—Vital changes in rules for girls' basketball, designed to develop the feminine game more along the lines now followed by boys' teams, were proposed at yesterday's session of the annual convention of the American Physical Education Association.

They included more freedom in guarding the player in possession of the ball, changes in the value of field goals tossed from various parts of the floor, enlargement of the center circle from four to six feet, new arrangements for foul goals and center toss-ups, and elimination of technicalities defining juggling and bouncing.

The proposed changes will be brought before the executive committee of the basketball group Saturday. Athletic directors from all sections of the United States are attending the convention.

BLUE ENTERS SEMIFINAL

PINEHURST, N. C., April 21 (AP)—Halbert J. Blue, Aberdeen, N. C., the medalist, advanced to the semifinals of the mid-April golf tournament here yesterday by a 7 and 6 victory over Howard G. Phillips, New York. Tom Rudel, Montreal, celebrated his birthday by winning his match with Donald Parson, New York, 1 up in 20 holes. Easy victories were won by Eric D. Thomson, Springfield, Mass., defending champion, who eliminated Francis T. Keating, New York, 7 and 6, and Edwin L. Scofield, New York, who routed Winthrop Williams, New York, 7 and 5. In the semifinals Rudel plays blue and Thomson faces Scofield.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Newark	6	2	.750
Buffalo	6	2	.750
Rochester	4	3	.571
Reading	4	4	.500
Baltimore	4	4	.500
Toronto	3	5	.375
Jersey City	2	5	.286
Montreal	2	6	.250

RESULTS APRIL 20

Newark 11, Rochester 7.
Jersey City 11, Toronto 2.
Reading 4, Buffalo 3.
Baltimore 9, Montreal 4.

SIX CLUBS IN MIDDLE ATLANTIC

WHEELING, W. Va., April 21 (AP)—The Middle Atlantic Baseball League last night became a six-club circuit. The league operated with 12 teams last season. Wheeling and Youngstown, Ohio, were dropped. It was announced at the close of the meeting that the Canton, Ohio, franchise in the Central League will be moved to Youngstown. Teams remaining in the Middle Atlantic are Cumberland, Md., Johnstown, Penna., Charleston, Huntington, Beckley and Clarksburg, W. Va. All teams will play night baseball.

COLLEGE TRACK RESULTS

Lafayette 83, Muhlenberg 43.
West Chester T. 69½, Delaware 56½.

McCauliff Victor Over John Van Ryn

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PINEHURST, N. C., April 21—A player from Yonkers, N. Y., Eugene H. McCauliff, startled the gallery here yesterday when he defeated John W. Van Ryn of Philadelphia, United States doubles champion with Wilmer L. Allison Jr. of Austin, Texas, and a member of the Davis Cup team that will meet Canada next week. McCauliff and Van Ryn took to the court in a quarterfinal round singles match in the annual Mason and Dixon tennis championships at the Greenbrier Golf and Tennis Club.

In the other quarterfinal-round match played yesterday, Allison downed J. Gilbert Hall of Orange, N. J., 6—2, 6—1, 6—3. The Texan played throughout the match without displaying a single weakness, while Hall erred repeatedly.

McCauliff outplayed Van Ryn most of the way. He was behind the Davis Cup star in the third set, 2—5, but apparently decided not to drop a set if it could be helped. At that point he started rushing the net and before long won four straight games to lead at 6—5. Van Ryn held McCauliff to even terms until 7-all, but McCauliff won his own service in the fifteenth and broke through the Cup star's delivery in the sixteenth for the match, which was scored at 6—2, 6—4, 9—7.

Miss Virginia Hilleary of Philadelphia gained a three-set victory over Miss Virginia B. Rice of Boston after three sets in the women's singles semifinal, 7—5, 4—6, 6—4. The other semifinalists Mrs. Van Ryn and Baroness Giacomo Giorgio Levi of Italy did not play yesterday.

H. Ellsworth Vines Jr., Pasadena, Calif., and Francis X. Shields of Sleepy Hollow, N. Y., advanced to the semifinals by defeating G. Carlton Shafer of Philadelphia and Frederick C. Baggs of New York, 6—2, 6—2, and McCauliff and Marcel Rainville of Montreal defeated Dr. Philip B. Hawk, New York, and Clarence C. Chaffee of Providence, R. I., 6—0, 6—4 in the quarterfinal round. The summary:

MASON AND DIXON TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS—MEN'S SINGLES—Quarterfinal Round

Eugene H. McCauliff, Yonkers, N. Y., defeated John W. Van Ryn, Philadelphia, 6—2, 6—4, 9—7.

Wilmer L. Allison Jr., Austin, Texas, defeated J. Gilbert Hall, Orange, N. J., 6—2, 6—1, 6—3.

MEN'S DOUBLES—Quarterfinal Round

H. Ellsworth Vines Jr., Pasadena, Calif., and Francis X. Shields, Sleepy Hollow, N. Y., defeated Frederick C. Baggs, New York, and G. Carlton Shafer, Philadelphia, 6—2, 6—2.

Eugene H. McCauliff, Yonkers, N. Y. and Marcel Rainville, Montreal, defeated Dr. Philip B. Hawk, New York, and Clarence C. Chaffee, Providence, R. I., 6—0, 6—4.

WOMEN'S SINGLES—Semifinal Round

Miss Virginia Hilleary, Philadelphia, defeated Miss Virginia B. Rice, Boston, 7—5, 4—6, 6—4.

Glasgow Rangers Win Cup Replay

Special to The Christian Science Monitor via Press Wireless

GLASGOW, Scot., April 21—One of soccer's greatest prizes changed hands yesterday when the Glasgow Rangers defeated Kilmarnock 3 to 0 in a replayed final tie for the Scottish Cup which drew more than 110,000 football fans to Hampden Park here. The previous meeting of the teams on Saturday produced one goal from each and provided the third drawn final in succession. Last season Glasgow Celtic and Motherwell met twice before the former was victorious and in 1929-30 the Rangers, who had won the Scottish league championship, completed the great "double event" by beating Partick Thistle in the Cup final after a replay.

The famous Rangers have now won the national trophy seven times. Saturday there was very little to choose between the rivals in a rather tame and unimpressive contest, but yesterday the Rangers were definitely on top—a fact for which they have largely to thank their neat and thrustful inside forwards.

At the end of 10 minutes of play Fleming pounced on the ball after the goalkeeper had fisted it clear and sent in a hard drive from just outside the penalty area. There was no further scoring until about half way through the second period when McPhail found the net. Ten minutes later English, center forward, who had played exceedingly well all the time, put the issue beyond doubt by registering the Rangers' third point. The summary:

RANGERS	KILMARNOCK
Fleming, lw	rw, Connell
McPhail, il	ir, Muir
English, c	c, Maxwell
Marshall, ir	il, Duncan
Archibald, rw	lw, Aitkin
Brown, lhb	rhb, Morton
Simpson, chb	chb, Smith
Meiklejohn (captain), rhb	lhb, McEwan (captain)
McAulay, lb	rb, Leslie
Gray, rb	lb, Nibloe
Hamilton, g	g, Bell

Score—Glasgow Rangers 3, Kilmarnock 0. Scorers—Fleming, McPhail, English. Time—Two 45m. periods.

PRO FOOTBALL TEAM IN BOSTON

Boston will have a team in the National Professional Football League next season, with the games to be played at Braves Field, George Marshall of Washington Jay O'Brien of New York and W. B. "Larry" Doyle, also of New York, are the owners of the franchise. J. R. Ludlow Wray, former head gridiron coach at the University of Pennsylvania, will be the coach of the new Boston club. The circuit now includes the New York Giants, Staten Island Stapletons, Providence Steamrollers, Green Bay (Wis.) Packers, Chicago Bears and Cardinals, Brooklyn Dodgers, Portsmouth, Ohio, and Boston Braves. St. Louis and Cincinnati may enter teams later.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Indianapolis	7	2	.778
Kansas City	5	2	.714
Milwaukee	4	3	.571
Louisville	4	4	.500
Minneapolis	4	4	.500
Columbus	3	4	.429
Toledo	2	5	.286
St. Paul	2	7	.222

RESULTS APRIL 20

Milwaukee 8, Louisville 1 (six innings).
Indianapolis 11, Kansas City 10.
St. Paul 10, Columbus 9 (10 innings).
Toledo 9, Minneapolis 8.

OREGON AWARDS MONOGRAMS

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

EUGENE, Ore., April 21—Monograms for the University of Oregon swimming team were awarded recently to those who were successful in scoring points in meets against opponents of the Lemon and Green. Those receiving the emblems are: J. W. Brooke '34, F. T. Fletcher '34, C. W. Foster '32, W. F. Hug '34, P. R. Lafferty '32, R. Needham '34, S. H. Nigh '32, F. F. Oglesby '33, and L. E. Sherman '34.

YANKEES WIN BEFORE 58,000

Gomez Defeats A's and Babe Ruth Hits Fourth Home Run

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Washington	6	2	.750
Detroit	6	2	.750
New York	4	2	.667
Cleveland	4	4	.500
Chicago	4	5	.444
Philadelphia	3	4	.429
St. Louis	3	6	.333
Boston	1	6	.143

RESULTS APRIL 20

New York 8, Philadelphia 3.
Washington 4, Boston 3.
Detroit 2, Cleveland 1.
St. Louis 5, Chicago 0.

Joe McCarthy and his New York Yankees opened their American League season in New York City on Wednesday by scoring an 8-to-3 victory over the Philadelphia Athletics before a crowd of about 58,000. By winning, the Yankees kept pace with the two leaders, Washington and Detroit, which also won their games. The Senators opened their home stand against the Boston Red Sox with a 4-to-3 triumph. The Tigers turned back the Cleveland Indians, 2 to 1. The St. Louis Browns scored a shut-out victory over Chicago, 5 to 0.

Babe Ruth's fourth home run of the season was the high light as the Yanks defeated the champion A's. The four-base drive came in the third inning with Lyn Lary on base. Incidentally, it was Lary who started the scoring with a homer in the first inning. Vernon Gomez, slim left-hander and one of the best in the game, went the distance for the Yankees, Although the A's made nine hits, as did the Yanks, they could not come through in the pinches. Bob Grove was Philadelphia's starting pitcher. He left the game in the sixth.

Bob Burke and Danny MacFayden staged a pitchers' battle in Washington. The former had the better of the argument, limiting the Red Sox to five hits, while his team mates found MacFayden for eight. Boston put across what seemed to be the winning run in the first half of the ninth, but the Senators came back in their half with two runs. After two were out, Judge singled, Bluege accepted a base on balls, and a single by Spencer sent in Judge with the tying run. Burke's single put over the winning run.

George Uhle held his former team mates to five hits and one run, and kept the Tigers in a first-place tie in the American League standing. Clint Brown pitched good ball for the Indians, but Uhle was better. Cleveland scored in the second when Brown himself drove in Vosmik. Kamm's error paved the way for a Detroit run in the fifth. Doubles by Johnson and Stone gave the Tigers their winning run in the eighth.

Sam Gray pitched his second shut-out victory of the year against the White Sox. He was touched for only three hits, two singles and a double. The Browns made 13 safeties off two Chicago pitchers, driving Hadley, who started, out of the game in the fifth. Fred Schulte hit a single, triple and homer for the Browns. The scores:

AT NEW YORK

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
New York	1	0	2	0	1	0	3	1	x	8	9	0
Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	3	9	1

Batteries—Gomez and Dickey; Grove, Earnshaw and Cochrane. Losing pitcher—Grove. Umpires—Hildebrand, Moriarty and Dinneen. Time—1h. 58m.

AT WASHINGTON

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	—	4	8	1
Boston	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	5	0

Batteries—Burke and Spencer; MacFayden and Berry. Umpires—McGowan and Owens. Time—1h. 43m.

AT CLEVELAND

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Detroit	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	8	0
Cleveland	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	1

Batteries—Uhle and Hayworth, Susce; Brown and Myatt. Umpires—Geisel and Van Grafian. Time—1h. 40m.

AT ST. LOUIS

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
St. Louis	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	x	5	13	1
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0

Batteries—Gray and Ferrell; Hadley, Lyons, Gregory and Tate. Losing pitcher—Hadley. Umpires—Ormsby, Guthrie and Nallin. Time—1h. 39m.

UNIVERSITY OF IOWA AWARDS 29 LETTERS

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

IOWA CITY, Iowa, April 21—Winners of 29 major letters in four sports were announced at the University of Iowa here. Eleven men were named in basketball, seven each in swimming and wrestling, and four in gymnastics.

Basketball awards went to P. J. Bennett '34, H. R. Eshleman '33, D. C. Filkins '34, J. E. Kotlow '33, H. B. Moffitt '34, M. B. Riegert '33, Alexander Rogers '32, Benjamin Selzer '34, H. J. Swaney '34, C. B. Williamson '32, and G. C. Krumbholz '34.

Swimmers honored are G. A. Ammann '32, R. G. Janss '33, W. W. Lobdell '32, J. M. McGuire '32, W. A. McCloy '34, R. A. Mohl '32, and S. J. Nielsen '33. The seven wrestlers are A. E. Coons '32, W. B. Dull '33, C. B. Hubbard '32, C. W. Johnson '34, L. W. Mueller '32, J. B. O'Leary '34, and R. R. Parmentor '33.

Letter men in gymnastics are R. E. Bolte '34, F. A. Merten '32, L. W. Cassell '34, and E. L. Kringel '33.

WINDJAMMER—MARLEN II WIN

HAVANA, April 21 (AP)—Making good time under adverse weather conditions, the schooner Windjammer, owned by Garner Tull's of New Orleans, La., and the 32-foot yawl, Marlen II, owned by Kent Curtis of Captiva, Fla., were named the winners in the two divisions of the third annual St. Petersburg-Havana yacht race last night.

Windjammer, first of the nine yachts to finish, captured the Class "A" honors by a margin of more than an hour and a half over Huston Wall's big schooner Haligonian of Tampa, Fla., which had been reported as in the lead through most of the 325-mile race.

Marlen II, one of the smallest of the Class B craft, won first place in that division by virtue of its time allowance over Gidge Gandy's St. Petersburg (Fla.) ketch Cynosure, which was the second finisher. Marlen II came in fourth behind Haligonian and more than 47 minutes behind Cynosure but had a handicap allowance of nearly two hours over the Gandy yacht.

Both winning skippers had some anxious moments before their places were assured. The Windjammer crossed the line officially timed at 4:05:30 with a total elapsed time of four days, three hours, five minutes and 30 seconds, but had to await the arrival of Haligonian, which had an extra hour's handicap, and checked in at 7:28:18. Long after these two had finished, the third Class A yacht, H. S. Dennis-ton's Mobile (Ala.) yacht, Sunshine, which sailed at scratch, had not been sighted.

When Marlen II finished at 7:50, to beat out Cynosure, which arrived at 6:52:26, the smallest of the yachts in the race, William B. Allen's Gamecock, from Miami, Fla., was still out and had more than a half hour to spare. Gamecock did not finish, however, until 9:46.

The sixth yacht across the line was the Pieces of Eight, 32-foot Class B yawl, owned by F. G. Wagner of St. Petersburg. It was timed at 10:07. The Lanakai, another Class B yawl, owned by A. C. Howe of Brooklyn, was seventh at 10:51.

PENN M. C. POLO CAPTAIN

CHESTER, Penna., April 21 (AP)—Cadet Jack Pickering of Danvers, Mass., yesterday was elected captain of the Pennsylvania Military College outdoor polo team which opens its season here against Princeton on April 30. Pickering is a senior.

COLLEGE LACROSSE RESULT

Stevens 3, Lafayette 0.

Amusements

NEW YORK CITY

GILBERT MILLER presents
EDNA BEST and HERBERT MARSHALL
in
THERE'S ALWAYS JULIET
A Comedy by John van Druten
"Utterly Delightful."—Brown, Eve. Post.
HENRY MILLER'S Theatre, 124 W. 43 St.
Evgs., 8:40. Matinees Thurs. and Sat., 2:30.

The Theatre Guild Presents
TOO TRUE TO BE GOOD
A new play by Bernard Shaw
GUILD THEATRE, 52nd St., West of Broadway
Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. and Sat. 2:30

BOSTON

OPERA HOUSE EVENINGS AT 8:30
THIS WEEK ONLY
Broadway's Brightest Stars in Kalman's Gypsy Romance
'COUNTESS MARITZA'
Only Musical Show in Town
SAME SENSATIONAL PRICES
Evgs. 25c to $1.50—Mats., 25c to $1

NEXT MONDAY—SEATS NOW
Romberg's Greatest Score
"THE DESERT SONG"
"The Outstanding Hit of the Past 20 Years"
Evgs., 25c to $1.50—Mats., 25c to $1

BY-PLAYS

UNITED STATES TRACK PROSPECTS BEST IN TWENTY YEARS

BACK in 1912, when the Olympic Games were held at Stockholm, the United States won no less than five of the track events, cleaning up the running titles up to and including the 800-meter run. Uncle Sam also took the 110-meter high hurdles. The three other track events were the 1500, 5000, and 10,000-meter runs. A. N. S. Jackson of Great Britain took the first of these three events, while Hannes Kolehmainen of Finland won the other two. America's winners were Ralph C. Craig in the 100 and 200-meter dashes; C. D. Reidpath in the 400-meter dash; James E. Meredith in the 800-meter run, and F. W. Kelly in the 110-meter hurdles.

Since that year Olympic Games have been held in 1920, 1924, and 1928, but in all three of those games the United States was able to win in the five above-named events only seven times, and only one of these seven victories took place in 1928. Time was when American runners were winning their share, if not more, of these events, but the last few years have found the American runners giving way to the overseas athletes. Many have been the reasons advanced for this changed condition, but probably the two most generally regarded as responsible are an improvement in the standard of the runners from other countries and the overworking of the American athletes before the games take place.

That the United States will make a far better showing in these five events when the games take place at Los Angeles this summer appears certain at the present writing, and this claim can be based on the work of some of the United States athletes during the winter season and early spring. Just now there appears to be at least one United States candidate for the team who can either break, or come very close to breaking, the present world's record for each of the five events, and, with proper handling, their performances should be good enough to win first places at Los Angeles. Frank C. Wykoff in the 100-meter dash; T. E. Tolan or George S. Simpson in the 200-meter, Ben B. Eastman in the 400 and 800-meter runs; Gene Venzke, Henry A. Brocksmith and N. Penrose Hallowell Jr. in the 1500-meter run, and Percy M. Beard, E. Montgomery Wells and Eugene E. Record in the 110-meter hurdles have all shown enough speed to take care of their various events in the hardest of competition, and they should form the strongest supporting cast to the field-event athletes that has represented the United States in the last 20 years.

* * *

NOW FOR INDOOR LACROSSE IN THE U. S. A.

Canada introduced professional hockey to the United States fans, and it was accepted so generously, after a season or two of experiment, that Canadian promoters have revived, remodeled and professionalized its game of lacrosse to the point where its introduction to the United States is soon to come. The present Indoor Lacrosse League of Canada is comprised of four teams, two in Toronto and two in Montreal. A benefit game between Toronto Maple Leafs and Canadiens, clubs run by the same managements as operate the professional hockey teams under those names, will be played in the Madison Square Garden, New York, May 10. Later in the season it is expected that a regular league game will be played before the Boston public at the Boston Garden, probably hoping that it will "take" with the United States fans and develop along the lines of the National Hockey League.

* * *

NEW HEADQUARTERS FOR BRITISH TRACK SPORT

British track and field ath

THE HOME FORUM

Housekeeping on a Hill

IF ONE could have lived on the view, it would have been easy to keep house on that steep cone of hill in the midst of a Brazilian swamp. Our neat, brown-painted wooden bungalow, screened against mosquitoes and standing clear of the ground on its brick piles, crowned the hill, which was set in the middle of an immense saucer of dense, tangled forest, cleared in patches and planted with rows of tiny orange trees, and crossed by two sluggish rivers that wound their long course to the sea. The saucer was rimmed on three sides by high mountains, weathered to an undulating line and dark with forest, while on the fourth side lay the sea and the island of São Sebestião, gray-green grass and scrub, its rocky backbone completing the circle and hiding the broad stretch of the Atlantic from our eyes. Sometimes the view closed in to a tossing sea of cloud and rain on which our house seemed to float; and, when it had cleared away, we saw, especially on that day when seven and a half inches of rain fell in three-quarters of an hour, that the river below us had overflowed so that our hill was an island. At other times in the blackness that precedes the dawn, the valley was filled with a flickering light as leaping, twisting cords of lightning played behind the black humpy hills.

In the dry season, dawn on the hillside was a clamor of song, wrens chanting their loud, liquid song as they filled the nesting boxes with nests they never used, tiny blue and white swallows singing on the shelves we had made for them under the water-tank, their white waistcoats throbbing with the energy of their chant, and in the bushes the *sabiá*, a thrush intermediate between the English blackbird and the American robin, whistling joyously. On a still day before rain the air would be full of swallows and swifts, circling the hill and flashing under the house itself. Blue American swallows with chestnut breasts and white-collared black swifts stayed with us a few days on their migration; and always we had grayish bank swallows, little palm swifts with white patches, and purple martins that perched in families on the fence wires.

But housekeeping was a different matter. When first I arrived, fresh from England and a few days in a hotel in Santos, I climbed the hill on a hot, bright morning to find that all our provisions had been carried by mistake on to the next village up the coast. The water supply had not yet been connected up, and a small black girl wandered among the jumbled furniture, brushing dust from place to place. Presently a file of men, each with a kerosene tin of water on his head, climbed the hill and filled the tank.

There was no shop within seven miles of almost impassable road, but we bought rice and beans from the men's supplies.

Soon, however, a sort of order was established. Water was laid on and the box of stores returned safely by canoe. Our houseboy was an excellent fisherman, brought us bass and catfish from the river and supplied us with flowers, straggly zinnias and frail pink china roses from his uncle's garden and armfuls of heavy-scented ginger-lilies from the swamp. Eggs and sweet cassava, bunches of bananas to ripen under the house, and avocado pears from trees found in clearing the bush for a new orchard, appeared; and every day saw new contributions to our comfort,—now a small urchin on a dun pony with great, knobbly, yellow jackfruit, now at sunset, when the parrots flew screaming home in pairs across the swamp, a cheery Negro laborer whistling as he climbed the hill, his billhook on one shoulder and a bundle of palm-hearts on the other. Early one morning came an old gnome of a man with a basket of tall pine-apples and hands of stout little golden bananas on his head; on another day a tall, bearded brigand waited on the doorstep with a live hen and some prickly chocho. Two cows with little, wabbly red and white calves were bought, and milk was abundant, and where the land had been burned there sprang up a tall weed with spikes of pale rose flowers and leaves that made excellent spinach.

Now and then we would go with a bag to gather fruit from an old orchard up the river, and our way was along the narrow tram line between ditches edged with pink and white begonias and tall, straggly, aromatic shoots of wild mint. The orchard was deserted now, except by flocks of blue tanagers and tiny humming birds that quivered about the creamy orange blossoms. Crinkly-skinned tangerines, big Bahia oranges like golden balls and small, dirty-greenish oval oranges which were the sweetest of all, were there hanging among the shiny dark leaves, so we returned laden.

At the full moon, when the swamp was still, when the thin trunks of the trumpet trees with their crowns of many-fingered leaves hardly swayed, and the wide-leaved banana plants made tents of shadow, we sat on the veranda in silence. The only movement was of the shining silver eddies on the stream, the only sound the voices of the cicadas. Suddenly shadows moved beside the house, a soft voice murmured a few words and a queer concert began. The band consisted of accordion, mouth organ, fiddle, guitar and tambourine; the airs they played were popular jazz and occasional tangoes, but the music in that setting was oddly thrilling. The thrumming of the guitar, the long drawn notes of the violin, vibrated the warm night air till one's toes tingled to dance. It was late when they moved away down the hill, still playing. The music faded, and the cicada voices crept again into notice, and outside the garden fence mules shuffled on the hillside, cropping at the sparse grass. Far off the island lay huge and black in the white, shimmering, moonlit sea. R. E.

Streets of Cintra—Portugal

Through the streets of Cintra
My heart is roaming still—
An earthen jug, a two-wheeled cart,
A vendor's piercing shrill;
Burros of the market-men
Saddled with their wares.
My eager feet go up and down
Cintra's street of stairs.

CHARLOTTE CHAMPENOIS.

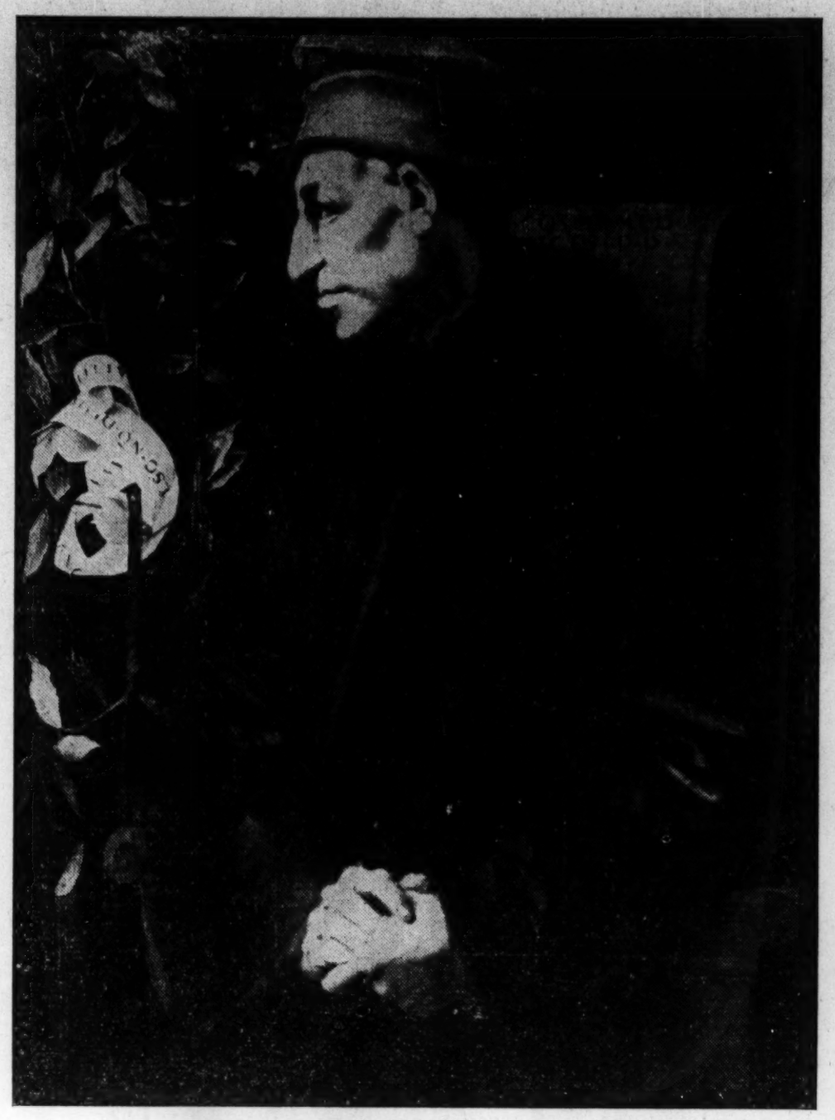
The Attic Drama at Bradfield

We may pause a moment to dwell on the growth of what became a recognized Bradfield institution, the triennial Greek Play. A performance in the Dining Hall in 1882 may have derived its inspiration from the revival of the Greek drama at Oxford two years earlier, but the idea of reproducing Attic tragedy in the open air, and amid surroundings as nearly equivalent as was practicable to those of antiquity was all Gray's own. He took for his model the theatre of Epidaurus, in the Morea, to examine which he made a special pilgrimage. This was the only one still retaining the complete circle of its architecture. Elsewhere the Romans, whose drama had no chorus, little by little invaded and cut short the original dimensions of the choral ring, by advancing their stage. Of actual scenic structure practically no vestige has survived, so that Gray (the headmaster) had to depend for this on his imagination. The form decided upon was that of a Greek temple.

Like Ruskin he enlisted his senior pupils to dig. . . . Their labours were supplemented by trained labour and owed much to the collaboration of E. Faulke, the College Engineer, a man of original genius, who faithfully carried out the ideas laid before him, yet managed to put something of himself into all he did. Ten tiers of seats were hewn out of the solid chalk, eight more being added a few years later. By the spring of 1890 all was in readiness for the first open-air performance.

Art and nature had combined to produce a scene of unusual beauty. The auditorium was largely overhung by green and waving boughs, while the notes of birds intermingled with the utterances of the actors. Bradfield spectators, who have also seen Greek plays in Oxford and Cambridge theatres, will admit that the Berkshire setting possesses, as well as an inclusive charm, the power to carry them in imagination, far nearer to some "first night"—or rather morning, of the drama's prime.

While the preparation of the plays became one of Gray's increasing interests, and while their successful performance appealed intensely to his artistic instincts, it is important to remark that he believed, no less intensely, in their educational value. . . . "I was imbued with the belief that my boys would grasp the classical spirit more by mastering one Greek play in acting it, than by any number of lessons instilled on the school benches." — From "Gray of Bradfield, a Memoir." Compiled from unpublished Reminiscences and other sources by SELINA GRAY.



Courtesy of the Uffizi Gallery, Florence, to The Christian Science Monitor

Cosimo de' Medici: From a Portrait by Pontormo

THIS beautiful, imaginative portrait of Cosimo de' Medici, "Cosimo the Elder" (1389-1464), was painted by Pontormo about the year 1518, when the artist was only twenty-four, but was already at the height of his powers. He has succeeded wonderfully in giving the impression that the work was done from life, instead of being based partly on a marble relief by Verrochio and partly on a contemporary portrait-medal.

The modeling of the expressive face and of the tightly clasped hands is exquisite, and the whole picture conveys to us the many-sided character of the astute, worldly wise, yet idealistic old banker who loved and sought the best he could find in art, literature, and philosophy, with a deep disinterested devotion. He lives more vividly here than in any portrait painted by those who knew him.

The picture was commissioned, as we know from contemporary records, by Goro Gheri, secretary to Lorenzino de' Medici, the great-great-grandson of Cosimo, to whom we thus owe a veritable masterpiece, in point of color, of arrangement, and of interpretation.

The cloak worn by Cosimo is red, edged with fine brown fur; his cap is a lighter red, contrasting with the pallid flesh tints, the green of the laurel leaves, and the dark greenish gray of the background.

The character of Cosimo is of peculiar interest because he was, as one writer puts it, "the first to succeed in solving the problem of becoming absolute ruler of a republic keenly jealous of its liberty, without suppressing any previous form of government, and always preserving the appearance and demeanor of a private citizen."

His astuteness in business brought him great wealth, and this, with his widespread commercial connections, enabled him to buy up, through his agents, and preserve for posterity many of the priceless treasures which were scattered abroad at the fall of Constantinople. These included many valuable ancient manuscripts. His generous encouragement of art and letters in his own city is well known. Public gratitude in Florence insisted on bestowing on him the posthumous title of "Father of his Country" (Pater Patriæ), shown in the picture by the letters "P. P." on the back of the chair.

His love of philosophy led him to found the Platonic Academy at Florence, and his most precious moments were spent in listening to one of Plato's Dialogues. Truly, a pathetic figure, in spite of all his seeming success! We can almost hear him saying, with the Wise Man: "I made me great works . . . I gathered me also silver and gold . . . I turned myself to behold wisdom. . . . for all is vanity and vexation of spirit."

Uncharted

There are no charts of these old roads and hills
Save in the minds of men who trod them down
Throughout a lifetime of small journeyings
From barn to pasture and from barn to town.
There is no map to tell where orchards crouch
Or wild trees drop scant fruit upon the earth,
Where cool spring-water starts, what walls are strong,
Which field has proved the yearly sowing's worth.
But to the men, whose seed the black soil starts,
These things are clear as their own deep-ploughed hearts.

—From "Hemlock Wall," by FRANCES M. FROST.

ПОСТОЯННОЕ ЗДОРОВЬЕ

Перевод с Английского помещенной на этой странице статьи Христианской Науки.

НЕДАВНО один медицинский журнал хвалил всеобщий интерес к здоровью и гигиене, однако заявил, что этот интерес "доведен до крайности и становится бременем." Рассуждая далее на эту тему, журнал выразился следующими словами: "А мы думаем, что навряд ли может существовать нечто более нездоровое для мысли и тела чем преувеличенная забота о самом себе?" Человечеству действительно было дано много советов и противоречивых мнений, которые способствовали к сосредоточиванию мысли на самом себе и всобственности на собственном теле.

Куда-же нам тогда обратиться за помощью от сбивающих с пути запутанных человеческих мнений о здоровьи? Христос Иисус указал путь к постоянному здоровью, когда заявил: "Сия же есть жизнь вечная, да знают Тебя, единаго истиннаго Бога и посланнаго Тобою Иисуса Христа." В вечной Жизни не может быть сознания раздала. Наоборот, вечная Жизнь заключает в себе здоровье, святость, совершенство. Чтобы избавиться от веры в учение о телесном здоровьи и достигнуть сознания совершенного здоровья нужно сосредоточить внимание на Боге а не на теле и стремиться достигнуть того духовного понимания Бога, которое разрушает ложное понятие о разуме, уме и жизни как телесных. Это понимание ведет к истинному самопознанию и это самопознание достойно того, чтобы на него было-бы обращено наше наибольшее внимание.

Христианская Наука находится в согласии с учением и делами Христа Иисуса; и духовное понимание божественнаго закона, который лежал в основании совершенных им чудес, исцелило Mary Baker Eddy, открывшую и основавшую эту божественную Науку. На странице 339 ея основного руководства, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" она пишет, "Великая истина, что кроме Бога нет другого Разума, является основанием полнаго здоровья, безгрешности и безсмертия; и в это разум не только нужно верить, "о его нужно и понимать."

Знать Бога, в таком случае значит знать безконечный Разум; а так как мы верим словам Павла, что "мы Ми живем и движемся и существуем," то наше истинное духовное я не может быть ничем иным, как совершенной мыслью безконечнаго Разума. Здоровье, святость, благостройность, непорочность, любовь, мудрость, ум, доброта —все это составляет сущность человека его истинное я его божественную личность, отражающую Бога. Где-же тогда находиться какое либо основание для ложной веры в конечный, заключеный в теле разум, разум проявляющийся в болезни, грехе, страхе и разладе? Несомненно то, что основание это не может быть найдено ни в Боге ни в человеке, созданном по Его подобию.

Предположим, что кто-либо, кто проявляет в значительной степени справедливость, ум, доброту и другие желательные качества, внезапно заболел; это не должно быть основанием для нас думать, что благодаря этому состоянию своего тела он стал менее справедливым, умным или добрым. Более того, никто, проявляя эти качества, не стал бы ссылаться на них как на "мою справедливось," "мой ум" или "мою доброту," так как общепризнано, то что эти качества доступны всем. Таким-же мы должны считать и здоровье ибо здоровье есть качество безконечнаго Разума. Здоровье — это внутренняя красота, святость и непорочность.

Что-же такое это плотское тело, для котораго создаются обременяющие законы? Христос Иисус заявил, что "плоть не пользует ни мало." Зачем-же нам тогда безпокоиться об этом теле и бояться за за него? По истине если мы хотим осуществить в жизни нашей здоровье и благостройность мы должны следовать совету Павла и желать "лучше выйти из тела и водвориться у Господа." Мы должны прежде всего обратиться к истинному описанию сотворения мира (Первая Глава Книги Бытия) в котором сказанно что Бог, Разум нашел, что все что Он сотворил было "весьма хорошо." Ничто не существует вне единой действительности, а именно, безконечнаго Разума и его безконечной мысли—человека и вселенной.

Предадим ложное учение о здоровьи забвению, перестанем относиться к нашему телесному я как к действительности и начнем сосредоточиваться на истинном духовном я человека. Будем лелеять и питать нашу духовную личность, смиренно, упорно, непрестанно обращаясь к безконечному Разуму для достижения непорочных и святых мыслей. Никакое ложное верование в болезнь, грех, страх или разлад не может устоять против такого одухотворения мысли; ибо то чем полна наша мысль выразится в состоянии нашего тела.

Mrs. Eddy говорит (Science and Health стр. 520), "Неизмеримый Разум выражен." Кто-же его выражает, как не человек, мысль Божия, славой увенченное творение Разума? Кто проявляет святость и безсмертие безконечнаго Разума, как не человек, одаренный божественною способностью вечно отражать своего Создателя?

Справки относительно литературы Христианской Науки на этом языке могут быть получаемы путем письменного обращения к Издательскому Обществу Христианской Науки. (The Christian Science Publishing Society.)

F. MILDRED RICKMAN.

Spring Flowers of Australia

Come, roam with me in the wilds of Australia!

In the home paddock, near a house in the western district of Victoria, there grows a tall, wiry grass, and among it, in spring, all sorts of little orchis. There is one tiny green fellow about three inches high with very open mouth (old Nannie used to call him the grandfather); and spider orchis, as though cut out in velvet, in every shade of cream and buff and dark red, with thin, tough stalks. Also a dear little blue one, not unlike an English bluebell, but shorter, more sturdy and of a gentian blue. One is a daffodil yellow and its first cousin has brown on the petals.

It is September, the equivalent of April in northern lands, with glimpses of sunshine and intervals of squally rain. A little later there will be a small flower, possibly of the scabious or cornflower family, but a bright forget-me-not blue with gray stalk and two tiny gray leaves on either side, flat on the ground. A child is with me there. How happily we hunt for the sweet flowers! Overhead the wattle—mimosa you call it—is in full bloom, its fragrance filling the air.

Near by one could find an occasional specimen of what we used to call the she-oak, an untidy, sad-looking tree with long needles for leaves. You know, if you put a cockle shell to your ear, how you get a sound as of the ebbing of the sea? One gets the same soughing of wind and waves under these strange trees. A moment comes back to me, when, riding home in the twilight one summer's evening with a dear companion, we lingered and listened. What did the tree tell us?

Now let us skip over some one hundred and fifty miles or so to the Grampian ranges, in Victoria still. There, under a big hill called ambitiously Mount Abrupt, we find ourselves at its base among a species of low scrub, with very sandy soil, and all around us heaths tall and short, pale pink, deep pink, white and red, and a bush with spiky red flowers which may be a grevillea. In such country, there will be later a shrub which we called wild fuchsia, with long hanging narrow flowers, red near the stem and then soft green; and bottle-brush, resembling its name but a brilliant crimson, and with notches rather like small nuts on its scrappy boughs.

Shall we take a long flight now, right away to the Riverina in New South Wales, where the great plains are? There they stretch before us for miles and miles, covered with myriads of everlastings, white and yellow. Is their dry, sweet scent wafted to you on the gentle breeze? In every dampish hollow we hall find a delightful vetch with large flowers, some mauve and some violet, and a delicious perfume is wafted on the breeze, reminding one of wistaria or, still more, of hyacinth moreno.

The sun is burning even in spring and the sky a brilliant, cloudless blue. The crows are cawing lazily. Presently we are baked and wander toward the river which skirts the plain on one side with a narrow belt of timber. There it is cool and shady; not a tidy riverside, as in England, but with great gum trees and fallen logs, where one may rest and dream a little. In the bends there are tall buttercups, two or three feet high, and mallows similar to those in other countries, but a sweet, half-forgotten fragrance seems to come to me from them—that is missing elsewhere. There are patches of mint beneath one's feet.

Long ago one would have come across an occasional mia-mia, the temporary dwelling of a native, shaped like a tent but made of green branches.

The mountain thrush is calling to his mate, a wild, beautiful note, echoing down the river.

A deep peace reigns!

How sweet are reminiscences of other days and other climes.

A Mediæval Tower

One of the oddest bits of Rouen, and one which it is to be hoped will be long cherished, is to be found in the rue de la Grosse Horloge. The great clock itself is a marvellous work in gilt, standing on a low, heavy archway which bestrides the street. . . .

La Grosse Horloge conceals an older clock of the fourteenth century, and itself dates from 1529, when it was put up on the newly completed arch. The inner part of the arch is highly carved, the chief figure being the Good Shepherd. Close at hand is a strongly built and well-designed tower or belfry, begun in 1389 and finished about a hundred years later. It contains a deep-toned bell, from which the hour of curfew sounds sonorously every night. This bell, whose name is Rouvel, is cherished by the citizens, as in times of danger and distress they have been summoned by its tongue echoing over the walls and roofs for many hundred years. . . . It is not, however, the clock, the arch, and the belfry, that constitute this as one of the most quaint and picturesque corners in Rouen, though they all add to it.

There is also a fountain, begun in 1250, and decorated with a large stone bas-relief in the reign of Louis XV. There is a tiny house of carved woodwork that looks as if it were glued to the wall behind it. There are many other quaint houses near at hand, and, if one had to choose a sample of the old city, one could not do better than to select this bit. Take it as we may see it any day from the western side. There is the heavy arch, with its somber shadows beneath its broad curve; there is the wonderful glittering clock, which may perhaps catch the rays of the declining sun. Rising high at the corner is the solid tower with its cupola. We may people this background with figures to fancy.—From "Normandy," by NICO JUNGMAN and G. E. MITTON.

Permanent Health

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

NOT long ago, a medical journal commended the popular interest in health and hygiene, but declared that it is "being carried to extremes, and is getting to be a burden." After several paragraphs to this effect, this journal spoke as follows: "After all, we doubt if there is anything so unhealthful, mentally as well as physically, as excessive attention to self." It is a fact that humanity has been given a mass of advice and of contradictory opinion which has tended to concentrate thought upon self, and especially upon the physical body.

Where, then, can one turn for relief from the bewildering maze of human opinions on the subject of health? Christ Jesus gave the recipe for permanent health when he declared, "And this is life eternal, that they might know thee the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom thou hast sent." In eternal Life there can be no sense of inharmony. On the contrary, eternal Life includes health, holiness, perfection. The way out of material health lore into the consciousness of perfect health is to turn attention away from the physical body to God, seeking to attain that spiritual understanding of Him which destroys the false sense of mind, intelligence, or life as material. This understanding gives the true concept of self, a concept to which too much attention cannot be given.

Christian Science is in accord with the teaching and works of Christ Jesus; and it was through the spiritual apprehension of divine law, which was the basis of his miracles, that the Discoverer and Founder of this divine Science, Mary Baker Eddy, was restored from sickness to health. On page 339 of her textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," she writes, "The basis of all health, sinlessness, and immortality is the great fact that God is the only Mind; and this Mind must be not merely believed, but it must be understood."

To know God, then, is to know infinite Mind; and since we believe Paul's declaration that "in him we live, and move, and have our being," our true spiritual selfhood can be nothing else than a perfect idea in infinite Mind. Health, holiness, harmony, purity, love, wisdom, intelligence, goodness,—these constitute man's substance and selfhood, his divine individuality reflecting God. Where, then, is there any basis for the false belief of a finite mind in matter, manifesting itself in sickness, sin, fear, and inharmony? Certainly it cannot be found in God or man in His likeness.

Suppose an individual, expressing justice, intelligence, goodness, and other desirable qualities in a marked degree, were to become suddenly ill; we should not imagine that he had become less just, intelligent, or good because of his physical condition. Furthermore, no individual expressing these qualities would allude to them as "my justice," "my intelligence," or "my goodness," for it is generally acknowledged that such qualities are universal. Health must be regarded in the same way, since it is a quality of infinite Mind. Health is mental loveliness, holiness, and purity.

What is the physical body about which such a burden of health laws is being made? Christ Jesus declared that "the flesh profiteth nothing." Then why be anxious or fearful about the material body? The fact is, if we are to demonstrate health and harmony we must take Paul's advice and be "willing rather to be absent from the body, and to be present with the Lord." We must begin with the true record of creation, in which God, Mind, found everything which He had made "very good." There is nothing outside of the one fact, namely, infinite Mind and its infinite idea, man and the universe.

Let us, then, consign false health lore to oblivion, turn from the contemplation of a material self as real, and dwell upon man's true spiritual selfhood. Let us cherish and nourish our spiritual individuality, reaching out to infinite Mind humbly, persistently, unceasingly, for pure and holy ideas. Against such spiritualization of thought no false belief of sickness, sin, fear, or inharmony can stand; for the body will express the condition which occupies the thought.

Mrs. Eddy says (Science and Health, p. 520), "Unfathomable Mind is expressed." Who expresses it but man, God's idea, the crowning glory of Mind's creation? Who shows forth the holiness and immortality of infinite Mind but man, endowed with the divine ability to reflect his Maker throughout eternity?

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into Russian]

Thames Embankment

Bridge beyond bridge in silver shadow hangs
Across the flood;
Even so are threads flung as a spider
Spins his web, and stretches it
In angled octagons athwart the air.
A bond of frailest magic
Binding shore with further shore.
Long strings of barges sweep adown the stream;
Like chains of dusky beads
Threaded with crystal facets
Where the pale, foaming wash of tide
Sprays up against the ripping, dripping keels.
Throbbing of hidden engines, drift of smoke;
The trailing shadows pass, low, long, and gray,
Slipping like water serpents through the waves.

The mist creeps up, encroaching on the light.
The sliding columns fade and disappear,
They vanish with the sound of a deep pulse
The throbbing of a heart
Whose warm, impelling force
Labors to help, and draws its drifting load
Away down stream, past bridge, and wharf,
And towering chimney stacks.
Past houses bright with watching eyes: and trees
Whose bare, brown stems
Lift slender arms aloft,
Mourning their fallen leaves,
Dry drifts of tawny brown, and rosy gold
Upon the iron pavement.

Away down stream: how far?
To open sea, to stormy straits,
And the low, sandy shores,
The dikes of Holland or of Belgium
Lying along the distant, hazy cloud
Of fathomless horizon.
And green emerald sea,
Striped like a summer awning
With the white-tipped waves.

F. MILDRED RICKMAN.

A Meeting on the Seine

It was on a lovely bend of the river, about thirty miles above Paris, where the Seine is provincial, countrified, and fresh, where reeds and rushes, iris and water-lily, encroach upon its waters, and tufts of long grass and roots float about, on which the water wagtails, tired by flight, abandon themselves to the course of the stream. On the slopes of each bank, cornfields, squares of vineyards; here and there a few green inlands dotted about — l'ile des Paveurs, l'ile des Moineaux — this last quite small, a mere nosegay of brambles and straggling branches, which had become my favourite mooring-place. I used to push my dinghy between the reeds, and when the soft rustling of the long slight canes had ceased and my wall was well closed in around me, I found myself in a tiny harbour of clearest water, hollowed under the shade of an old willow which served me as a study, the two oars crossed before me making a desk.

I loved the smell of the river, the hum of the insects among the rushes, the murmur of the long quivering leaves. . . . My islet was more populous than Paris. I heard busy creatures hunting and ferreting beneath the grass, the flight of birds pursuing each other through the branches, the shaking of damp feathers spread out to dry. No one paid any attention to me; they took me for an old willow. The black dragon-flies shot by under my nose, the water-flies bespattered me in their luminous leaps, the swallows came to drink actually beneath the oars.

One day, on penetrating into my island, I found my solitude invaded by a yellow beard and a straw hat. That was all I beheld at first—a yellow beard and a straw hat. The intruder was not fishing; he lay at full length in his boat, his oars crossed like mine. He was working, too, working in my study! At first sight both our faces expressed the same feeling of annoyance. Nevertheless we bowed. There was no help for it; the shadow cast by the willow was limited and our two boats touched. As he did not appear inclined to go away I settled myself without saying a word, but this hat with a beard to it so near to me disturbed my train of thought. Probably I, too, embarrassed him. Inaction made us speak. My boat was called *L'Arlésienne*, and the name of Georges Bizet served at once as a point of contact.

"You know Bizet? Are you by chance an artist?" The beard smiled and replied modestly,

"Sir, I am in the musical line."

Generally speaking, literary people have a horror of music. Gautier's opinion on "the most disagreeable of all noises" is well known; Leconte de Lisle and Banville share it. The moment a piano is opened Goncourt frowns. Zola has a vague impression that he once, in his youth, played some instrument, he no longer remembers what it was. That excellent Flaubert pretended to be a great musician, but it was only to please Tourguéneff, who in reality never cared for any music but that heard at the Viardots. As for me I love every kind. . . .

This musician falling upon my islet won my heart. His name was Léon Pillaut. He had wit, ideas, a pretty imagination; we suited each other at once. Started oy nearly the same things, our paradoxes made common cause. From this day, my island belonged to him as much as to me; and as his boat, a Norwegian craft without a keel, rolled horribly, he got into the habit of coming to talk of music in mine. His book—Instruments et Musiciens, which caused him to be named Professor at the Conservatoire—was already running in his head, and he used to relate it to me. We lived that book together.—ALPHONSE DAUDET, in "Thirty Years of Paris and of My Literary Life." Translated by LAURA ENSOR.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Founded 1908 by MARY BAKER EDDY

An International Daily Newspaper

Published daily, except Sundays and holidays, by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass.

Communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to

THE EDITORIAL BOARD OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

If the return of manuscripts is desired, each manuscript must be accompanied by a stamped and addressed envelope, but the Monitor Editorial Board does not hold itself responsible for such communications.

Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries:
One year . $9.00 Three months $2.25
Six months . $4.50 One month . . 75c
Single copies, 5 cents

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use or republication of all telegraph and local news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper.

All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are reserved to The Christian Science Publishing Society.

The Christian Science Monitor is on sale in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world.

Those who may desire to purchase the Monitor regularly from any news stand where it is not on sale are requested to notify The Christian Science Publishing Society.

Cost of remailing copies of the Monitor is as follows:

Foreign
14 pages . . . 3c 24 to 30 pages 6c
16 to 22 pages 4½c 32 pages 7½c
Including Canada, Newfoundland and any Pan-American countries.

United States
14 pages . . . 2c 24 to 30 pages 4c
16 to 22 pages 3c 32 pages 5c

NEWS OFFICES
WASHINGTON: 1281-1287 National Press Building Washington, D. C.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Ave., New York City.
CENTRAL: Room 1058, 332 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago.
PACIFIC: 625 Market St., San Francisco.
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: 210 West Seventh Street, Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 2, Adelphi Terrace, London.
PARIS: 3 Avenue de l'Opéra.
BERLIN: Unter den Linden 59A.
GENEVA: 16 rue du Mont Blanc.
ROME: Via Fontanella di Borghese 23.
VIENNA: Reisnerstrasse 42/8 Vienna III.
AUSTRALASIAN: Perpetual Trustees Buildings, 100-104 Queen Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

BRANCH ADVERTISING OFFICES
New York . . . . 270 Madison Avenue
Detroit . . . . 3-101 General Motors Bldg
Chicago . . . . . 1058 McCormick Bldg
Miami . . . . . 1329 Ingraham Bldg
St Louis . . . 1775 Rwy Exchange Bldg
Kansas City 405 Nat'l Fid Life Bldg
San Francisco . . . 625 Market Street
Los Angeles 210 West Seventh Street
Seattle . . . . . 824 Skinner Bldg
London . . . 1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace
Paris . . . . . 3, Avenue de l'Opéra
Berlin . . . . . Unter den Linden 59A
Florence . . . . . Via Magenta 11

Advertising rates given on application. While endeavoring to accept only reliable advertisements, The Christian Science Publishing Society will not be responsible to the public for advertisements and the right to decline or discontinue any advertisement is reserved.

CIRCULATION SERVICE BUREAUS
NEW ENGLAND: 107 Falmouth Street Boston, Mass.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.
CENTRAL: Room 1058, 332 So. Michigan Avenue Chicago.
WESTERN: 911 Van Nuys Building Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace, London.

Published by
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY
Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

Publishers of
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE JOURNAL
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SENTINEL
THE HERALD OF CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
(German Edition)
(French Edition)
(Scandinavian Edition)
(Dutch Edition)
(Braille Edition)
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE QUARTERLY

SCIENCE AND HEALTH
With Key to the Scriptures
by
MARY BAKER EDDY

The original, standard, and only Textbook on Christian Science Mind-healing, in one volume of 700 pages, is published in the following editions:—

Library Edition, cloth. . $3.00
Vest Pocket Edition, black or blue morocco, Bible paper 3.00
Stiff Leather Edition, same paper as library edition 4.00
Students' Edition, with index to marginal headings, black or blue morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 4.00
Pocket Edition, black or blue morocco, Oxford India Bible paper. 5.00
Edition de Luxe, black or blue levant, heavy Oxford India Bible paper, wide margins. . . 8.50
Large Type Edition, black morocco, Bible paper 11.50
Braille Edition, Grade One and a Half, for the Blind. 5 vols. 12.50

FRENCH TRANSLATION
Library Edition, cloth. . $3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth, Oxford India Bible paper 4.50
Pocket Edition, black morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 7.50

GERMAN TRANSLATION
Library Edition, cloth. . $3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth, Oxford India Bible paper 4.50
Pocket Edition, black morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 7.50

The book may be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world, or sent prepaid to any address.

Other works by Mrs. Eddy may also be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms. A complete catalogue sent on request.

Address orders and make remittances payable to

HARRY I. HUNT
Publishers' Agent
107 Falmouth St., Boston, U. S. A.

REAL BULLISH SENTIMENT IN STOCK MARKET

World-Wide Cheapening of Credit Stimulates Buying

NEW YORK, April 21 (AP)—The securities markets were stimulated today by further signs of world-wide cheapening of credit. Stocks slipped a little for a time in the morning, coincident with selling of some of the oils, but quickly recovered, showing numerous gains of 1 to 4 points.

Further strength of bonds, most directly affected by cheapening credit, was helpful to shares.

Stocks moved up further this afternoon, and closed with a strong tone.

Leaders generally showed net gains of 1 to 3 points. Issues up about 3 included American Telephone, which sold a couple of points above par; Santa Fe, Union Pacific, People's Gas, American Can and Eastman.

U. S. Steel, General Electric, Consolidated Gas, Allied Chemical, Case and New York Central, among others, rose 1 to 2 points or more.

Transactions approximated 1,100,000 shares.

Bank Rate Reduction

The reduction of the Bank of England's discount rate to 3 per cent from 3½ led to the belief in some quarters that the expected cut in the New York Reserve Bank's rate, now at 3 per cent, might be announced after the close of today's market. While reductions in the rediscount rate have frequently left the stock market cold, bankers pointed out that coupled with an aggressive open market Reserve policy, such as is now in progress, lowering money rates become distinctly more impressive.

In other words, it is one thing for the Reserve to mark down the price of credit, then sit and wait for the demand to develop, and quite another not only to mark down the price but at the same time actively pump it into the open market by buying government securities. It was pointed out that a 3 per cent rediscount rate was quite out of line with the open market.

Outside call money was offered at 1½ per cent, and short term acceptances were quoted at 1⅛ per cent, bid.

The selling of Royal Dutch, which was also weak yesterday, was attributed to forecasts of adverse dividend action. The selling of Standard of New Jersey from time to time lately has looked like liquidation of loan collateral, but has been accompanied by rather bearish estimates of the showing to be made in the annual report due in May.

The numerous bull demonstrations in the New York tractions in recent months have been based on rumors of progress toward unification, or in the campaign for higher fares.

Bonds Are Firm

The firming tendency which developed in yesterday's bond market continued today, although price changes generally followed a narrow range, and trading was comparatively quiet.

U. S. Government bonds came back for gains of fractions to around a point in some issues.

Traders and investors were interested in the offering of $30,000,000 gold notes of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Boston, at prices yielding from 4.75 to 5.44 per cent on maturities ranging from one to three years.

There was a much better feeling for the railroads, some dealers expressing the opinion that most of the carrier liens had discounted about all the bad news that could be expected.

Moderate advances were recorded by various loans of Atchison, Baltimore & Ohio, Chicago & North Western, St. Paul, Delaware & Hudson, Erie, Illinois Central, Nickel Plate, Frisco, Southern Pacific, and Union Pacific.

A number of the utilities and industrials raised their prices a point or more. Among those that improved were American & Foreign Power 5s, bonds of American Telephone, Postal Telegraph 5s, Kansas Gas 4½, North American 5s and Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron 6s. Loans of Armour & Co., Goodyear, Kreuger & Toll and a few of the oils were slightly higher.

Foreign bonds were irregular. French 7s and 7½s again moved forward to new highs for the year. The Chileans showed faint signs of activity, as did some of the other South Americans. The Australians rallied moderately.

GRAIN VALUES AVERAGE HIGHER

CHICAGO, April 21 (AP)—Considerable strength developed in grain prices today, largely on the belief that $100,000,000 of Reconstruction Finance Corporation funds would become available to facilitate wheat and cotton exports.

Immediate fresh demand for North American wheat to be shipped overseas was only fair, and price bulges failed to hold well. At one stage, September corn today outdid the season's low price record.

Wheat closed unsettled, ⅝-¾ above yesterday's finish; corn ⅛ off to ½-⅝ up; oats at ⅛-¼ advance, and provisions unchanged to a rise of 7 cents.

GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR COMPANY

Gillette Safety Razor Company for the three months ended March 31 reports net income of $1,714,049 equivalent, after preferred dividends, to 66 cents a share. This compares with net income for the corresponding 1931 period of $2,021,770 before a special reserve of $600,000 for obsolescence, and net of $1,421,770 after such reserve, equivalent respectively to 82 cents and 52 cents a common share.

LONDON WOOL SALES

LONDON, April 21 (AP)—At the wool auction sales today prices were firm and trading was active for moderate selection offered, which sold at full current rates. There were some withdrawals among medium greasy merinos. Offerings consisted of 6506 bales, of which 5159 were sold.

COTTON SPINNING OPERATIONS

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP)—The cotton spinning industry was reported by the census bureau to have operated during March at 90.1 per cent of capacity on a single shift basis, compared with 92.5 per cent in February this year and 91.2 per cent in March last year.

THURSDAY'S NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Closing Prices

1932 High	1932 Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last Apr.21	Last Apr.20
3	1	..	Abitibi Pow & P	700	1	1	1	1
5¾	3½	..	Adams Express	800	3½	3½	3½	3½
70	51	5	Adams Exp pf	10	51	51	51	..
13	10¼	1	Addressograph	200	10¼	10¼	10¼	..
16½	7	1.60	Affiliated Prod	400	9	8½	8½	..
42⅛	37	4½f	Air Reduction	3500	40⅛	37	39⅞	37⅝
16⅝	11⅞	.50	Alaska-Juneau	1400	13½	12¾	13½	12⅞
3½	1	..	Alleghany Corp	500	1⅜	1¼	1⅝	1¼
7¾	2	..	Allegh pf ww xxx	300	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
87½	57½	6f	Allied Chem	10300	61	57½	60¼	58½
119	96½	7	Allied Chem pf	100	103	103	103	101½
13⅜	7½	.30	Allis Chalmers	1100	7¾	7½	7⅝	7⅝
18½	8¾	..	Am Bank Note	700	9¾	9¼	9¾	..
3½	1⅜	..	Am Beet Sug pf	30	1½	1½	1½	1¾
15½	8	1.60	Am Brake S&F	100	8¾	8¾	8¾	..
78⅝	43⅛	3f	Am Can	24100	46⅝	43¼	45½	43⅝
6	2	..	Am Chain	100	2	2	2	2
11	6½	..	Am Com Alcohol	500	8⅝	7⅞	8⅝	7⅞
9¼	2¼	..	Am & For Pow	1900	4½	4	4½	4
32	7	..	Am & For Pow 6	100	12½	12½	12½	..
38⅛	8	..	Am & For Pow 7	700	14	12¼	13	13
17¼	4	..	Am & For Pw 2pf	500	7½	7½	7¾	7⅛
21⅝	12	2	Am Ice	600	14⅞	14½	14⅝	14¼
8½	4¾	..	Am International	400	5⅛	5	5⅛	4⅝
9⅛	5	..	Am Locomotive	100	5	5	5	5⅛
44⅜	30¼	7	Am Loco pf	900	33⅜	33½	33⅝	33¾
35	23	..	Am News	20	23	23	23	23
16⅞	6⅛	1	Am Power & Lt	1400	9½	9⅛	9½	9
29½	29½	4	Am P&L 5% pf	400	31½	31½	31½	..
32	31	6	Am P&L 6% pf	1200	37⅜	36	37⅝	37½
8½	4⅞	.40	Am Radiator	1400	5⅛	4⅞	5	5
13	7	..	Am Rolling Mill	400	7⅞	7½	7⅝	7
29¼	16⅛	3	Am Safety Razor	300	17½	17¼	17½	17¼
18⅝	7½	..	Am Smelt & Ref	300	9½	9	9½	9
8⅜	4⅜	..	Am Steel Fdries	200	5⅛	5	5⅛	..
80	62⅞	7	Am Steel F pf	10	62⅞	62⅝	62⅞	62½
38	32¼	2½f	Am Stores	400	32	32⅜	33	33
39¼	15¼	4	Am Sugar Ref	100	17¾	17⅜	17⅜	..
137⅜	97½	9	Am Tel & Tel	21600	102	97⅝	101⅝	98¾
34½	19½	3	Am Wat W&E	300	21½	20	21½	19⅝
31	19	3	Am WW&E ct	100	20	20	20	..
30⅝	15½	..	Am Woolen pf	600	24¾	24	24⅜	23⅝
3⅜	1⅛	..	Am Zinc Lead&S	100	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	..
12⅜	4½	..	Anaconda Cop	6100	5¾	5⅛	5½	5⅜
17½	11⅝	2.40	Anchor Cap	300	13½	13	13½	13
44	32	7	Armour Del pf	100	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35
2	1	..	Armour Ill A	700	1⅛	1	1⅛	1
1⅛	½	..	Armour Ill B	200	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
7½	5	85c	Art Metal Const	400	5	5	5	..
2⅝	1	..	Asso Apparel Ind	2200	1⅛	1	1	1⅛
34	32¼	6	Asso Dry G 1pf	200	34¼	34	34	..
94	42½	6	Atchison T&SF	9500	48¾	44¾	47⅝	45¾
41½	15	4	Atl Coast Line	400	18	17¼	18	..
12⅞	8¾	1	Atl Refining	600	10	9¾	10	9¾
25½	9⅝	4	Atlas Powder	500	9⅞	9⅜	9⅞	..
79½	58	6	Atlas Powder pf	20	58	58	58	58
181¾	37¼	4§	Auburn Auto	12900	42¾	39¼	41⅜	39⅝

—B—

8½	3¼	..	Baldwin Loco	100	4	4	4	4
28½	10¼	..	Baldwin Loco pf	*10	14	14	14	12⅞
21⅜	8¾	..	Balt & Ohio	6200	10⅜	9½	10¼	9¾
41½	11½	..	Balt & Ohio pf	300	15	14¾	15	13⅜
99	80¼	2	Bamberger pf	10	82	82	82	..
8	4	..	Barnsdall A	800	4¼	4	4¼	4
43½	22¾	4	Beatrice Cream	600	23⅛	22¾	23⅛	23⅛
4¾	2⅜	..	Belding Hem	200	3¼	3¼	3¼	..
62⅜	59	4.81	Belg Nat Rys ppf	100	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞
18¾	7	.60	Bendix Aviation	1400	7¾	7⅛	7¾	7
28⅞	13½	2	Best & Co	400	14¼	13½	14¼	14
26⅞	12⅜	..	Bethlehem Steel	2600	14	13⅜	14	13¼
74	39¼	7	Beth Steel pf	300	42	42	42	..
22¼	8	..	Bohn Alum & Br	200	9⅜	9	9⅜	8¾
43¼	30⅝	3f	Borden	3500	32¼	30⅝	31¾	31½
19	8	..	Borg Warner	200	7½	7	7	7
11⅞	5½	1	Briggs Mfg	700	6¼	6	6¼	5⅞
50¼	30¼	4	Brooklyn Man T	2200	40¾	37¾	40¼	37
10¼	5⅜	..	Brooklyn Queens	100	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7
58	45¼	6	Brooklyn Q pf	100	52	52	52	51¼
89½	68	5	Brooklyn Un Gas	100	72	72	72	70
3	1⅜	..	Brunswick Balke	100	2	2	2	..
5	2⅜	..	Bucyrus Erie	100	2¾	2¾	2¾	..
8⅜	5	..	Bucyrus E ev pf	500	5	5	5	..
4½	1½	..	Budd Wheel	100	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	..
13	6¾	.80	Burroughs Add	200	7¾	7½	7½	7½
21¾	12½	2½	Bush Terminal	3100	13½	12½	13	13¾
65	28	7	Bush Term deb	330	30½	28¼	29¾	30
85	64	7	Bush T Bldgs pf	30	65¼	64	65¼	68½
19	7¾	..	Butte & Superior	700	¾	¾	¾	..
			Byers	800	10⅛	9	10⅛	8½

—C—

11⅞	5¾	..	Calif Packing	500	6⅜	6½	6⅝	6⅞
½	⅛	..	Callahan Z & L	200	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
4	2	..	Calumet & Hecla	100	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
13½	6¾	1.20	Canada Dry	400	8	8	8¼	8¼
20⅜	10⅞	1¼	Canadian Pacific	800	13⅜	12¾	13¼	13
70	50	5	Caro C&O st	10	50	50	50	..
43¾	15⅜	..	Case Thresh	4100	25⅝	23⅛	25⅛	24⅜
75	40⅝	7	Case Thresh pf	110	40¾	40⅝	40¾	40½
75	6⅞	..	Caterpillar Trac	500	6¾	6⅜	6¾	6½
12½	9¾	1½	Central Aguirre	100	10	10	10	10
15	5½	1	Cerro de Pasco	600	6¾	6½	6¾	6⅞
20⅝	7½	3	Chesapeake Corp	1400	11½	10¼	11¼	10
31½	12⅞	2½	Ches & Ohio	2500	18¼	16¾	17⅞	17⅞
4⅞	1¾	..	Chi & Gt West	300	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
8	3	..	Chi & Gt W pf	1400	7	7	7⅞	7
3¼	1⅜	..	Chi Mil & St P	100	1½	1½	1½	1½
5¼	2	..	Chi Mil & St P pf	700	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜	..
12⅝	4⅝	..	Chi & N western	2700	6¼	5⅛	5⅞	5⅜
31	12¼	..	Chi & N west pf	400	13½	12¼	13½	..
6¾	2⅜	..	Chi Pneu Tool	100	2¾	2⅛	2⅜	2½
16⅞	4½	..	Chi Rock Isl & P	1100	6¼	5⅞	6	5⅞
24½	6¼	..	Chi RI&P 6%	100	9	9	9	..
14	9	2	Chi Yellow Cab	10	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	..
15⅜	8¼	1	Chrysler	1200	9⅞	9⅛	9⅞	..
31½	22¼	2½	Colgate-Palm-P	400	23⅞	22⅝	23¾	22½
80	60	6	Colg-Palm-P pf	80	80	80	80	80
10⅞	4¾	..	Collins & Aikman	200	5½	5½	5½	5½
16⅛	6½	1	Columbia Gas	1600	8⅜	8	8¼	8
79	40	6	Columbia G pf A	300	53	52⅝	52⅝	..
41⅞	23	3	Columbian Carb	1400	25¼	23¼	25	23¾
11	7¾	1	Comm Credits	100	8	8	8	6
27⅞	15½	1	Comm Inv Tr	500	16⅜	16	16⅜	15
95	89	6½	Comm I Tr 6½%	100	91¾	91¾	91¾	..
101	94	7	Comm I Tr 7%	100	96	96	96	..
10¼	5½	.60	Comm Solvents	2600	6¾	6½	6¾	6½
4⅞	2⅛	.30	Comwith & So	2900	2¾	2⅜	2¾	2⅛
11	8	1	Congoleum Nairn	100	8⅛	8⅛	8	8
11¾	7	2	Consol Film I pf	200	7½	7¼	7½	..
68¾	43⅝	4	Consol Gas	15700	52½	49⅞	51⅞	50¼
95	81½	5	Consol Gas pf	400	88	87¾	88	86¾
10⅞	6	1	Consol Laundries	200	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝	6¾
7⅛	4⅛	..	Consol Oil	2800	4½	4¼	4½	4⅞
⅝	⅛	..	Consol Textile	400	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
1	½	..	Cont Baking B	1400	⅝	½	⅝	½
47¾	28¼	8	Cont Baking pf	400	34¾	34	34¾	..
41	24⅝	2½	Cont Can	2600	27⅛	25½	26¾	25½
25¼	13½	2.40	Cont Insurance	1400	14⅛	13⅝	14	13¾
1¾	1	..	Cont Motors	400	1	1	1	1
7	4⅞	..	Cont Oil	2600	5⅛	5	5	5
¾	⅜	..	Cont Shares	1600	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
47⅜	39⅛	3	Corn Products	5400	32½	30¾	32	31
129½	104	7	Corn Prod pf	20	106¼	106¼	106¼	..
4¼	2	..	Coty	900	2½	2½	2½	2⅜
15⅞	9¼	1.20	Crown Cork & S	100	11	11	11	10⅜
49⅞	23	7	Crucible Steel pf	40	25	24½	24½	25
35½	28⅞	4	Cudahy Packing	100	29½	29½	29½	29
31	15	2	Curtis Publishing	100	17	17	17	..
2¾	1	..	Curtiss-Wright	900	1⅛	1	1⅛	1¼
10	6	..	Cutler Hammer	200	6	6	6	6
76	67	8	Cushman 8%	10	68	68	68	..

—D—

89½	50¼	9	Del & Hudson	500	60	54⅜	60	52¾
28⅜	11	..	Del Lack & W	400	15½	14⅞	15½	14½
122	80	8	Detroit Edison	400	86⅞	85½	86⅞	85
15⅞	12	1	Diamond Match	500	14	12½	14	13½
23	10¾	3½	Dresser A	1100	13	10¾	10¾	14
12½	5	2	Dresser B	200	5	5	5	5¾
59¾	29⅝	4	du Pont de Nem	26800	32⅜	29⅝	31½	30¼
105	89¼	4	du Pont deb	900	91	90	91	91
97	89	5	Duquesne Lt pf	10	91	91	91	..

—E—

5¼	2	..	Eastern Roll Mill	100	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	..
87⅞	52¾	5	Eastman Kodak	4800	56⅞	54	56½	53¾
8	4¼	.60	Eaton Axle & Sp	300	4¾	4⅝	4¾	4½
1¼	⅛	4	Eitington Schild	200	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
32¾	13⅜	4	Elec Auto-Lite	900	16	15½	15⅝	15
2½	1¼	..	Elec Boat	400	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
4	2	..	Elec & Mus Ind	500	2½	2½	2½	2½
15⅜	5½	1	Elec Pow & Lt	4600	8⅛	7⅞	7¾	7½
64	22	7	Elec Pow & L pf	200	33¾	33	33	30
55½	19¾	6	El Pw&L 6% pf	100	28¼	28¼	28¼	30
33¾	16⅜	3	Elec Sto Battery	600	19	18⅜	19	18⅛
25	12	1.40	Engineers Pub S	100	12	12	12	..
57	37	5½	Engineers PS ww	200	37⅛	37	37⅛	..
10	3¾	..	Erie RR	2100	4⅝	4¼	4¼	..
9½	4	..	Erie RR 2pf	100	4¼	4¼	4¼	4½
2¼	1⅛	..	Evans Products	200	1¼	1¼	1¼	..

—F—

5¾	3⅜	..	Fairbanks Morse	100	3½	3½	3½	..
14	10	.80	Fed Dept Stores	100	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10¾
10⅜	3½	..	Fed Water Serv	200	6¾	5⅞	6⅞	6½
17⅜	14	2.60	Fidelity Phe F In	900	15	14⅝	14¾	15
15⅞	11¾	1	Firestone T& R	200	12⅜	12	12⅛	12
59½	48⅞	6	Firestone T&R pf	100	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞	..
53	33½	2½	First Nat Stores	500	44	43½	44	42⅞
12	4⅞	..	Foster-Wheeler	400	5½	5¼	5½	5½
21½	15	1.10	Fourth Nat Inv	100	15½	15½	15½	15
4½	1⅜	..	Foundation	100	1½	1½	1½	..
5⅜	2	..	Fox Film A	300	2⅜	2¼	2¼	..
19½	14	2	Freeport Texas	4200	15⅜	15	15⅛	15

—G—

17⅛	7	1	Gamewell	140	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¼
61	43½	6	Gen Am In pf ww	100	43½	43½	43½	..
35¾	16½	4	Gen Am Tnk Car	1200	18½	16⅝	18½	17
15½	7⅜	1	Gen Asphalt	100	8½	8½	8½	8½
19⅝	11	2	Gen Baking	200	13½	13½	13½	13⅛
5½	1⅞	..	Gen Cable A	300	2	1⅞	1⅞	2
26⅛	13⅞	1	Gen Electric	19600	14¾	13⅞	14½	13⅞
11¼	10⅞	.60	Gen Elec Sp	300	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
40½	31⅝	3	Gen Foods	3100	33⅜	32⅜	33¼	33
2¾	1⅛	6	Gen Gas & E A	700	1¼	1⅛	1¼	1⅛
24⅜	8½	6	Gen G & E cv pf	200	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8½
37	28⅛	3	Gen Mills	200	30½	30	30½	30¼
88	85	6	Gen Mills pf	100	85	85	85	..
24⅝	10⅝	2	Gen Motors	13200	11¾	11¼	11½	11⅜
87¼	62⅜	5	Gen Mot 5% pf	1100	74½	72	74½	72
4	3½	..	Gen Out Ad	900	4	3¾	4	4
9	5	..	Gen Out Ad A	200	5½	5½	5½	5
28⅝	13	3	Gen Ry Signal	1200	16⅛	15⅜	16⅛	15⅞
11⅛	7⅜	..	Gen Realty	100	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
16⅛	10½	..	Gen Rlty pf ww	100	10½	10½	10½	..
14⅜	6	..	Gen Refractories	400	6¼	6	6	..
24¼	10⅜	1	Gillette Saf Raz	17600	17⅜	15⅜	17⅛	16½
31	10	..	Gimbel Bros pf	200	10	10	10	10
7	4¼	..	Glidden	500	4½	4⅜	4½	4½
54	39¾	7	Glidden ppf	6000	40	39¾	40	40
19⅜	11¼	1.60	Gold Dust	2700	13⅜	12¾	13½	13
18¾	9⅛	..	Goodyear	1800	11	10½	11	9⅝
11½	7¼	..	Gotham Silk Hos	2800	10⅝	9	10⅜	9
65½	50¾	7	Gotham S H pf	40	63	62	63	..
4⅝	1⅛	..	Graham Paige	800	2	1⅞	2	1⅞
9¾	5½	..	Grand Union	100	5¾	5¾	5¾	..
35¼	23¼	3	Grand Un pf	100	26	26	26	..
30¼	22¼	1	Grant (WT)	500	22¾	22¼	22¾	22¾
35	10	2	Great Nor pf	2800	13	11½	12⅜	11½
13¼	7½	2	Great Nor Ore	1700	7⅞	7½	7¾	7⅞
6½	3¼	..	Great West Sug	300	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4½
80	63⅜	7	Great W Sug pf	200	65	65	65	..
8	1	..	Gulf Mobile & N	200	4	4	4	..
8	4¼	..	Gulf States Steel	100	4¼	4¼	4¼	..

—H—

2¼	1	..	Hahn Dept Sto	200	1¾	1½	1½	..
19	10	..	Hahn D S pf	300	11⅜	10⅜	11⅜	..
11½	6½	1.20	Hall Printing	100	8½	6½	6½	7
1⅞	⅝	..	Hartman Corp B	200	1	1	1	⅞
10	5	..	Hawaiian Pine	100	5	5	5	..
95	84	7	Hercules Powd pf	50	84	83	83	84
83	62	6	Hershey Choc	200	68	68	68	..
4	2	..	Houdaille Her B	200	2½	2⅜	2½	2⅜
34¾	12½	..	Houston Oil	600	13¾	12	13¾	13
5½	2⅝	..	Houston Oil new	900	3	2⅝	3	2¾
16½	6	1	Howe Sound	100	6½	6⅛	6½	..
30¾	17¼	3½	Hudson & Man	100	18	18	18	..
11¾	4½	..	Hudson Motor	800	5	4⅝	5	4⅝
5⅜	2	..	Hupp Motors	500	2¼	2⅛	2¼	2

—I—

18¼	9½	..	Ill Central	6300	12⅛	11⅛	11⅞	11
36	20½	4	Ill Central LL	10	23	23	23	23½
38⅝	23¼	4	Indus Rayon	200	26⅝	26	26⅝	25½
30½	19¼	3	Ingersoll-Rand	800	20½	19⅝	20⅜	19½
24	14	1	Inland Steel	100	14	14	14	..
4⅞	1⅛	.50f	Inspiration Cop	300	2	2	2	2
8	4½	..	Insuranshare Del	900	7	6¼	7	6
3⅞	2¼	.25	Insuranshare Md	100	2¼	2¼	2¼	2⅜
14⅝	8½	..	Interbor Rap T	2200	10½	6⅝	8½	8⅝
117	73½	6f	Int Business M	2800	83½	77½	82⅝	78½
18⅜	7½	2	Int Cement	100	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝	8¾
1⅞	⅝	..	Int Combustion	100	¾	¾	¾	..
21	4⅞	..	Int Combus pf	500	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜	7⅜
29⅜	16½	1.80	Int Harvester	2600	19½	18⅜	19½	19⅝
108	94⅛	7	Int Harvester pf	20	93⅞	93¼	93¾	94¼
11⅜	5½	2b	Int Hydroelec	900	7⅜	6¾	7⅛	6⅝
24½	⅛	4	Int Match pf	6300	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
9¼	5⅜	..	Int Nickel	3200	6⅝	6	6¼	5⅞
88	77¼	7	Int Nickel pf	100	73	73	73	..
2½	1	..	Int Pap&Pow A	100	1	1	1	..
11	3½	..	Int Pap&Pow pf	100	4	4	4	..
8¾	4¼	..	Int Print Ink	1800	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	4¾
10¼	6¾	..	Int Rys C A pf	20	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
23½	14	2	Int Salt	300	15	14	15	14
44⅜	35⅞	3	Int Shoe	9600	36½	36	36¼	36½
12¼	4⅝	..	Int Tel & Tel	9200	6¼	5⅞	6⅛	5⅞
52½	36	7	Int Dpt St pf xw	10	30	30	30	..
11	2½	..	Interstate Dept S	300	3	3	3	..
7	3¾	..	Intertype Corp	100	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
2⅜	1	..	Investors Equity	300	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1½

—J—

| | | | | | | | | |

FARM PRODUCTS PRICES HIGHER IN DOMINION

Improvement in Retail Trade Seen—Savings Deposits Increase

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

OTTAWA, April 21—A decided upward trend in wholesale prices for farm products, a sharp rise in wheat and a marked improvement in retail trade are a few of the favorable factors in Canada's economic position.

Other encouraging features, as noted in current reports, are a large increase in savings deposits, continued activity in the radio industry as indicated by the increasing number of new radio licenses being issued; increased purchasing of Canadian-made footwear, a gain in production of automobiles and trucks, and an increase in exports of bacon, butter, copper and other mineral products.

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics reporting on conditions during the month of February states that industrial operations, measured by production indices, showed moderate improvement compared with the preceding month. There was a slight betterment in the primary iron and steel industry, a strengthening of demand in external markets for Canadian lumber, and increased imports of crude rubber and raw cotton for use in Canadian industries.

The rise in wheat is regarded as one of the most important developments of the last week. During the period cash wheat at Winnipeg advanced four cents a bushel. No. 1 hard being quoted at 66¾ cents, and No. 1 Northern at 64¾ cents. Winnipeg futures ranged four cents a bushel higher during the same period.

The performance of wheat has been particularly stimulating in view of the continued slump in other primary commodities. Wheat continues to be Canada's source of new wealth, especially the prairie section of the country, and the recent tendency of the grain markets, accordingly, is of the greatest economic importance to the country as a whole.

Wheat Prospects Bright

Indications are that the carryover of Canadian wheat in the Dominion at July 31, 1932, will be in the neighborhood of 103,000,000 bushels, which will be the smallest carry-over since July 31, 1928. Bright prospects for the new growing season are reported. Conditions in the prairie provinces are promising, while eastern Canada and British Columbia report adequate current and reserve moisture.

The outstanding feature of the February statement of Canadian chartered banks was the indicated gain in savings deposits over the January total to the amount of $22,000,000. The total of notice deposits for February stood at $1,390,-075,263, as compared with $1,368,275,-419 for January of this year.

The significant feature of the showing is the fact that during the year, and particularly in the closing months of 1931, and in January and February of the current year, heavy Government and municipal borrowing was completed in the domestic market to a total of upward of $300,-000,000. That borrowing of this dimension should be accomplished with a small reduction of savings deposits, emphasizes the range of the financial resources of the country.

Retail Trade Active

Retail trade last week made the best showing in many months. Purchases that ordinarily are made during the pre-Easter shopping season were particularly numerous, and the increased demand spread to all branches of the wearing apparel trades, with sales of millinery and shoes particularly heavy.

The traditional spring improvement in business is just beginning, but it gives evidence of being more pronounced than it was a year ago. Retailers' stocks are so low that travelers are sending in more orders than they did last spring, and report that there is less hesitancy about making commitments.

Orders in hand for hardware are fairly numerous. Sales also are more numerous in agricultural implements, chemicals, machinery and rubber products. Prices in the leather market are well stabilized, and shoe factories are well employed. Textile and hosiery mills are making a good showing, and household electrical appliances are selling well, both in Quebec and the maritime provinces.

Railway traffic for the last two weeks of March registered a net loss, as compared with the corresponding period of last year, of 15,-605 carloads, or by 15.96 per cent. The contraction in the eastern division was by 15,894 carloads, while the western division made an actual gain of 289 carloads over 1931.

The Montreal Industrial Commission has concluded negotiations with several important United States concerns that have opened or are about to open branch factories in Montreal. Within the last three months the commission has obtained 10 new industries for the city, and, it is stated, negotiations with a number of other concerns in both Great Britain and the United States are proceeding satisfactorily.

An analysis of the financial statements of 138 companies for the 1931 fiscal period shows that in the face of the extreme operating difficulties prevailing throughout the period total net working capital amounted to $427,872,980, as compared with $504,262,197, in 1930, a decline of $76,-389,217, or only 15.08 per cent.

PUBLIC SERVICE OF NEW JERSEY

NEW YORK, April 21 (AP)—Public Service Corporation of New Jersey reported March net income from operations of $3,430,990 compared with $3,478,792 in March, 1931. Operating net income for the 12 months ended March 31, 1932, was $45,338,737, compared with $44,044,825. Balance available for dividends and surplus in March was $2,229,488, compared with $2,187,577 a year ago, while for the latest 12 months period this item totaled $30,715,564, compared with $30,675,926.

ELECTRIC POWER OUTPUT UP

Electric power production in the United States last week showed a gain of more than 15,000,000 kilowatt hours over the previous week. Output was 9.8 per cent under the same period of 1931, but the comparison with last year was the best since the week ended March 19, when the percentage of decrease was 8.6.

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 1:30 p. m.)

	High	Low
Ab Straus 5½s '43	79	79
Adams Express 4s '48	60	60
Alleghany Corp 5s '44	22	20¾
Alleghany Corp 5s '49	17	16⅛
Alleghany Corp 5s '50	18¾	18¼
Allis Chalmers deb 5s '37	72	72
Amer & Foreign Pow 5s 2030	35	33½
Amer I G Chem 5½s '49	59½	59
Amer Inter 5½s '49	70⅞	70¾
Amer Smelting 5s '47	83	82
Amer T&T 4½s '39 cv	101⅛	101
Amer T&T col 5s '46	101¾	101⅛
Amer T&T deb 5s '60	99¾	98⅞
Amer T&T 5s '65	99¾	98⅞
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	104¾	104
Amer WW & Elec 5s '34	86¼	86¼
Amer WW & Elec deb 6s '75	63	63
Armour & Co 4½s '39	68	66
Armour & Co of Del 5½s '43	58¼	57⅝
Armstrong Cork 5s '40	55½	55⅛
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	85½	85⅜
Atch T&SF 4½s '48	82½	82
Atl Coast L L&N col 4s '52	58	58
Atl Refining deb 5s '37	94	93
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33	59½	59
Balt & Ohio 4½s cv '60	34½	33¾
Balt & Ohio rfg 5s '95	47	46¾
Balt & Ohio 1st 5s ct '48	82½	81¾
Balt & Ohio 5s series D 2000	47	46
Balt & Ohio rfg 6s '95	55½	55
Bell Tel of Pa 5s '60 C	102⅞	102⅞
Ben Ind Loan 6s '46	72⅞	72⅞
Beth Steel pur mon 5s '36	90	90
Bing & Bing 6½s '60	25	25
Boston & Maine 5s '67	61¾	60¼
Botany Cons Mills 6½s '34	10	10
Bklyn Ed gen 5s A '49	103¾	103¾
Bklyn-Man Tr sf 6s '68	89¾	87¼
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s '50	70	68½
Bush Term con 5s '55	65	65
Calif Petroleum deb 5½s '38	81	81
Can Nat Ry 4½s '51	81	81
Can Nat Ry 4½s '36	79¾	79⅜
Can Nat Ry 4½s '68	79⅜	79
Can Nat Ry 5s July '69	85	85
Can Nat Ry 5s Oct '69	84¾	84¾
Can Nat Ry 5s July Reg	82	82
Can North deb 6½s '46	97⅜	96¾
Can North deb 7s '40	98¼	97¾
Can Pacific deb 4s	59	58½
Can Pacific 4½s '60	67¾	67¾
Cen Ill El & Gas 1st 5s '51	68½	68½
Cen Pacific 1st 4s '49	75	75
Cen Steel Co 8s '41	89	85½
Ches Corp 5s '47	54	53
Ches & O cv 4½s A '93	75⅛	75⅛
Ches & O gen 4½s '92	88	87¾
Ches & O con 5s '39	101¼	101¼
Chicago & Alton rfg 3s '49	40	40
Chicago B & Q 4½s '77	83¾	82½
Chicago B & Q rfg 5s '71	93½	92¾
Chicago & East Ill 5s '51	9½	9½
Chicago Gt West 4s '59	41	40⅛
Chicago Ind & L rfg 6s '47	46	46
Chicago M StP&Pac adj 2000	6½	6
Chicago M StP&Pac 5s '75	28½	27½
Chicago & Nw 4½s 2037 "C"	33¾	33
Chicago & Nw 4½s cv '49	19	18¼
Chicago & Nw 6½s '36	70½	70½
Chicago RI&P rfg 4s '34	43¾	43
Chicago RI&P 4½s '52 "A"	40¼	40
Chicago RI&P 4½s cv '60	23½	22⅝
Chi StL Pitt 5s	100¼	100¼
Chicago Un Sta 5s B '63	100	100
Chi Un Sta 5s '44	96	96
Chicago & W Indiana 5½s '62	84	84
Chile Copper 5s '47	38	38
Cin Gas & Elec 4s '68 A	91	90⅛
Clev CC&StL Cairo	81½	81½
Clev Un Term 4½s '77	71	71
Clev Un Term 5½s "72	90	90
Colonial Oil 6s '38	34	34
Columbia Gas & E Co 5s deb '61	69	68
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 Apr	69⅛	69
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 May	70	70
Com Inv Trust 5½s '49	83	82½
Con Coal (Md) rfg 5s '50	19⅜	19⅜
Con Gas 4½s '51	95½	94
Con Gas Co deb 5½s '45	104	104
Consum Pow uni 5s '52	101	101
Container Corp 5s ct '43	12	12
Crown Wil Paper 6s '51	68⅛	68⅛
Cuba RR 1st 5s '52	35	35
Cumberland T&T 5s '37	101¼	101¼
Del & Hudson rfg 4s '43	79¼	79¼
Del & Hudson 5½s '37	87¾	87¾
Den Gas & Elec 5s '51	85	85
Den & Rio G 4½s '36	47	47
Den & Rio G Wn 5s '55	20¼	19¼
Detroit Ed 4½s D '61	94	94
Detroit Ed col 5s '33	101½	101½
Detroit Ed 5s '49	100⅞	100⅞
Detroit Ed 5s '55	100	100
Detroit Ed 5s '62	99½	99½
Dodge Bros sf 6s '40	70	69½
Dold Packing 6s '42	54⅛	54⅛
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67	96¾	96⅛
Erie RR ref 5s '67	29⅞	29
Erie RR gen lien	45	45
Erie RR gen 5s '75	30¼	29¼
Fed Lt & Trac 5s '42 sta	67	67
Fisk Rubber 8s '41	18	18
Gannett 6s '43	71	70¼
Gen Bak Co 5½s '40	93½	93½
Gen Cable Corp 5½s '47	44	44
Gen Mot Acc Corp 6s '47	100⅛	100
Gen Pub Cve 5½s '39	83	83
Gen Theater Equip 6s '40	3⅞	3¾
Godrich 6s '45	43½	43½
Godyear Tire 5s '57	70½	70
Gotham S Hos '36	80	80
Grand Trunk Ry Can 6s '36	95¾	95½
Grand Tk Ry Can 7s '40	79¾	96¾
Great Northern 4½s '76 D	56	56
Great Northern 7s '36 A	80	78¼
Gulf States Steel 5½s '42	29	28⅞
Housatonic 5s '37	88	88
Houston Oil 5½s '40	53¾	53
Hudson Coal 5s '62	30	30
Hudson & Man adj 1n 5s '57	48	48
Hudson & Man rfg 5s '57	76½	76⅜
Humble Oil 5s '37	99¾	99¾
Elk Horn Coal Corp 6s	20	20
Ill Bell Tel rfg 5s '56	101⅞	101⅞
Ill Central 4s '52	51½	51½
Ill Central 4s '53	37	37
Ill Central 4¾s '66	34½	33¼
Ill Central 5s '52	60	60
Ill Central CStL&NO 4½s '63	37½	37½
Ill Central CStL&NO 5s A '63	39	39
Ill Steel deb 4½s '40	96⅛	96
Inland Steel 4½s A '78	71⅛	71⅛
Inter Hydro El 6s '44	37	35¾
Inter Match 5s cv rcts '41	3	3
Inter Match Corp 5s '47	2½	2⅛
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	49	45½
Inter Rap Tran 5s sta '66	49	46
Inter Rap Trans 6s '32	30¾	30¾
Inter Rap Trans 7s '32	63	59½
Int Cement Corp 5s '48	52½	52½
Int Mer Mar col 6s '41	42	42
Int Paper 6s '55	23	23
Int Ry Cen Am 6s '41	35	35
Int Tel & Tel 4½s '52	30¼	30⅛
Int Tel & Tel 5½s cv '39	35	34¾
Int Tel & Tel 5s '55	33	32
Kan City Ft&Mem 4s '36	36¼	46¼
Kendall Co 5½s&ww '43	59	58½
Kan City P & L 4½s '61	93	92¾
Kan City P & L 4½s B	92½	92¼
Kan City So 1st 3s '50	58	57½
Kan City So rfg 5s '50	50	50
Kan City Term 1st 4s '60	84	83¼
Kan Gas & Elec 4½s '80	82½	82¼
Keith Albee Orpheum 6s '46	42½	42½
Keystone Tel 1st 5s '35	68	68
Kings Co Lt 6½s '54	108½	108⅝
Lehigh Val (Pa) con 4s 2003	43	43
Lehigh Val Term 5s	89¾	85
Lowe's Inc 6s '41	80	80
Louis Arkansas 5s '69	39	39
Louis Gas & Elec rfg 5s '52	97½	97
Manhat Ry con 4s '90	33⅜	30⅞
Manila Sol 4s '59	52	52
Metro Water 5½s '50	41¾	41¾
Mil El Ry & Lt 1st 5s '61	84	83
Min StL & SSM 5s gtd	44	44
Mo K & T 4½s '78	54½	54½
Mo Pacific gen 4s '75	19¼	18¾
Mo Pacific rfg 5s A '65	37¼	37¼
Mo Pacific 5s '77	37¼	36½
Mo Pacific 5s H '80	37	37
Mo Pac 5s I, '81	37¼	37
Mo Pacific 5½s '49	18½	18
Morris & Co 1st 4½s '39	68¼	68⅛
Nat Dairy Prod 5½s '48	90¼	88
Nat Steel 5s	70½	70½
Newark Gas 5s	95½	95½
Newberry 5½s	69	69
New Eng T&T 4½s B '61	97¾	97½
New Eng T&T 5s '52	103¾	103¾
N J Pow & Lt 4½	84⅞	84⅞
NYC&HR deb 4s '34	80¾	80¾
NYC&HR con 4s A '98	70½	70
NYC&HR rfg & im 4½s 2013	58½	58½
NYC&HR cv 6s '35	76	76
NYC M C col 3½s '98	65	65
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	26	25½
NY Chi & StL 6s A '32	45¼	44¼
NY Edison 5s '44	104	104
NY Edison rfg 6½s '41	109¾	109¾
NY GEL&P pur m 4s '49	93	92½
NY NH&H 4½s '47	43¼	43¼
NY NH&H cla 6s '40	80	80
NY NH&H cv 6s '48	81	79
NY Railway inc 6s '65	1½	1½
NY Steam Corp 5s '51	94½	94½
NY Steam Corp '56	94	93⅝
NY Tel gen 4½s '39	100⅛	100
Niag Share 5½s '50	57½	57
Norf & W con 4s '96	89	88½
North Am Co 5s '61	76½	74¾
Nor Am 5s C '69	75½	75½
Nor Am Ed 5s A '57	76	74½
Nor Am Ed 5½s '63	80	80
Nor Ohio Tr & Lt 6s A '47	99	99
Nor Pacific gen 3s 2047	57	57
Nor Pacific gen 3s 2047	57	57
Nor Pacific 4½s A 2047	59¾	59¾
Nor Pacific 6s B 2047	71¼	70
Nor States Pow 5s A '41	96	95¾
Ore Short Line gtd 5s '46	97	97
Ore Wash RR & N 4s '61	72¼	72¼
Otis Steel 6s '41	31½	31½
Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	99¾	99¾
Pac Tel & Tel 1st 5s '37	102	102
Pan-Am Pet & T 6s '40	12	12
Paramount Public 5½s '50	28	28
Park-Lex Leasehold 6½s '53	17	17
Penn O & D RR 4½s A '77	68½	68½
Penn Pow & Lt 4½s '81	88	87
Penn Railroad con 4s '48	89	89
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	60½	60
Penn Railroad 4¾s '63	63	63
Penn Railroad con 4½s '60	94½	94½
Penn Railroad gen 4½s '65	72½	72¾
Penn Railroad 5s '64	67	67
Penn Railroad, gold 6½s '36	98¾	98¾
Peoples Gas L&C (Chi) 5s '47	94	93½
Phillips Pet 5½s '39	54	53¾
Philadelphia Co 5s '67	77	76¾
Philadelphia Elec Co 4s '71	90½	90¼
Phil & Read C&I 5s '73	63	63
Phil & Read C&I 6s '49	38¼	37½
Portland Gen Elec 4½s '60	53	52⅝
Pitts McKeesport	99¾	99¾
Postal Tel & Cable 5s '53	24½	23½
Pub Svc E&G 4s	91	90¼
Pub Svc E&G 4½s '67	97½	97½
Pub Svc E&G 4½s 1970	97½	97½
Pure Oil 5½s '37	70¼	70
Remington Arms sf 6s '37	63	63
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	21¼	20½
St Louis & SF 4½s "B '78	15½	15
St Louis SW con 4s '32	66	66
Seabd All Fla Ry 6s A '35	2½	2½
Shell Pipe 5s '52	65½	64½
Shell Union 5s '47	62	61¼
Shell Union 5s ct ww '40	161½	61¼
Sinclair Cn O col 6½s '38	86½	86
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	89	88⅜
Sinclair Cru Oil 5½s "38	96¾	96¾
Smith A O 6½s '33	100½	100½
Solvay Amer Inv 5s '42	77	77
Southern Bell Tel & Tel 5s '41	101¼	101⅛
Southern Pacific col 4s '49	49	49
Southern Pacific rfg 4s '55	73¼	73¼
Southern Pacific 4½s '68	54½	54¼
Southern Pacific 4½s '69 ww	52⅜	51
Southern Pacific 4½s '81	52	51
Southern Pac Ore A 4½s '77	68½	68½
Southern Ry gen 4s '56	31	30½
Southern Ry gen 6s '56	38	38
Southern Ry gen 6½s'56	41	39
Southwest Bell Tel rfg 5s '54	101⅝	101⅜
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	101⅝	101½
Stand Oil NY 4½s '51	90	89¾
Tenn Elec Power 6s '47	95¾	95⅜
Texas Corp 5s '44	75	75
Tex & Pac 1st 5s 2000	82	82
Third Ave rfg 4s '60	42½	42½
Third Ave adj 5s '60	29½	28¼
Trumbell Steel 6s '40	56	56
Ulster & Del con 5s '28 sta ctf	52¾	52¾
Union El L & P 1st 5s '32	100½	100½
Union El L & P rfg 5s '33	101	100½
Union El L & P 5½s '54	100	100
Union Oil Cal 6s '42	97	97
Union Pacific 1st 4s '47	91¼	91¼
Union Pacific rfg 4s 2008	76⅞	76¼
US Rubber Co 5s '47	36	35½
Utah Pow & Lt 5s '44	76	76
Util Pow ¾ Lt 5s '59 ww	24	23
Vanadium 5s '41	37¾	37¾
Virginia Ry & Power 5s '34	99½	99½
Wabash RR 1st 5s '39	61½	60⅝
Walworth 6s '45	12¾	12¾
Warner Sugar 1st 7s '41	100½	100¼
Warner Bros Pict 6s '39	19½	19½
Warren Bros 6s '41	32½	31
West Pa Pow 5s A '46	101	101
West Pa Pow 5s G '56	100¼	100¼
West Shore 4s 2361	69	69
Western Electric 5s '44	96½	96
Westren Pacific 5s A '46	33	32
Western Union 5s '51	50	50
Westren Union 6½s '36	74⅞	73
Western Union 5s '60	49¾	47¼
Youngstown Sheet 5s A '78	59¼	59¼
Youngstown Sheet 5s B '70	59½	59

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Last Apr 21	Last Apr 20
3½s '47	100.28	100.24	100.26	100.20
1st 4¼s '47	101.27	101.18	101.27	101.19
1st 4¼s reg	101.16	101.16	101.16	101.16
4th 4¼s '38	102.21	102.16	102.21	102.17
US 3s '55	94.18	93.25	94.12	93.27
US 3½s '49	95.24	95.3	95.24	94.26
US 3½s '43 Mar	99.	98.20	98.30	98.11
US 3¼s '43 June	98.29	98.27	98.30	98.15
US 3¼s '47	98.29	98.29	98.29	98.18
US 3¾s '56	101.	100.24	101.	100.19
US 4s '54	103.	102.16	103.	102.15
US 4¼s '52	106.	105.19	106.	105.18

FOREIGN BONDS

Abitibi P&P 5s '53	38	37½
Alpine Mon Stl 7s '55	45	45
Antioquia 7s A '45	6¼	6¼
Argentine Gov 5½s '62	42	42
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	48½	48½
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	49½	47½
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '60	49	49
Argentine Gov 6s Feb '61	49½	48½
Argentine Gov 6s '57 A	49	49
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	49½	49½
Australia 4½s '56	52	51½
Australia 5s '55	57	56½
Australia 5s '57	57½	56½
Austria (Gov) 7s '57	44	44
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	89½	89
Batavian Pet 4½s '42	75	75
Belgium (King) 6s '55	84	83⅜
Belgium (King) 6½s '49	90¾	90¼
Belgium (King) 7s '55	97	96⅝
Belgium (King) 7s '56	97½	97
Berlin (City) 6½s '50	24½	24¼
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	31¼	31¼
Berlin Elec 6½s '59	29	29
Berlin Elev (City) 6½s '51	29½	29
Berlin Elec 6s '55	28	27¾
Bogota (City) 8s '45	11½	11½
Bolivia (Rep) 8s '47	6	6
Bordeaux (City) 6s '34	102	102
Brazil (Cen El Ry) 7s '52	18½	18½
Brazil 6½s '26-'57	18½	18½
Brazil 6½s '27-'57	18¼	18
Brazil (US) 8s '41	22	22
Bremen 7s '35	38	38
Brisbane 6s '50	50¾	50¾
Brisbane 5s '58	40½	44
Buenos Aires 6s Apr '60	36¾	36¾
Buenos Aires 6s '61 (Prov)	27	27
Canada (Dom) 4½s '36	95	95
Canada (Dom) 5s '52	95⅞	95¼
Chile (Bank) 6s '61	7⅞	7⅞
Chile (Bank) 6¾s '61	23½	23
Chile (Bank) 6s '62	9	9
Chile (Rep) 6s '60	8¾	8
Chile (Rep) 6s Jan '61	8⅝	8⅝
Chile (Rep) 6s '61	8	8
Chile (Rep) 7s '42	8¾	8⅝
Chile (Rep) 6s '63	8½	8½
Cologne (City) 6½s '50	33½	33½
Colombia Agr Bk 6s '48	29¾	29¾
Colombia Mtg 6½s '47	20⅜	20⅜
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Oct	18½	18½
Costa Rica (Rep) 7s '51	36¼	36
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '53	71¾	71¾
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '45	39	39
Cundi (Rep) 6½s '59	5¾	5¾
Deutsche Bk 6s ctfs '32	63½	63½
Duke Price Power 6s '66	57½	56½
Dutch E I 6s '47	87½	87½
Flat 7s '46 war	81¾	81¾
Finland 5½s '58	49	49
Finland (Rep) 7s '50	53½	53½
Framerican Dev 7½s '42	83⅜	83⅜
Frankfort 6½s '53	20	20
French Nat SS 7s '49	117¼	117¼
French (Rep) 7½s '42	120	120
German 7s '49	60	59½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	30	29½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s July '60	29	28½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	28½	28½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 7s '50	29¾	29¾
Germ Cen Elec 6s '48	30	29⅞
Germ Gen Elec 7s '45	40	40
Germ Gen Un 5½s '65	33	33½
Graz 8s '54	38	38
Hamburg 6s '46	24⅜	24⅜
Helsingfors 6½s '60	51	50
Hungary (Kings) 7½s A '44	35	35
Italy (King) 7s '51	90½	90½
Jap (Con Pwr) 5½ '44	45	45
Jap (Im Gov) 5½s '65	59¼	59¼
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '54	69¼	69⅛
Jugoslavia Bk 7s '37	37½	37½
Karstadt 6s '43	19	19
Kreuger &Toll 5s '59	10	9
Lombard El 7s '52 ww	66½	66½
Lyons (City) 6s '34	102	102
Marseilles (City) 6s '34	102	102
Mex 4s A '04	3	3
Mex 6s small A	3	3
Milan (City) 6½s '52	67¼	66⅛
Montevideo (City) 6s '59	12	11⅛
Montevideo (City) 7s '52	16½	16⅛
New South Wales 5s '57	50	48½
New South Wales 5s '58	50	48
Nord Rys 6½s '50	101⅞	101⅞
Norway (Mun) Bank 5s '67	68½	68½
Norway (King) 5s '63	70½	69¾
Norway (King) 5½s '65	72	72
Norwegian El 5½s '57	50⅛	50⅛
Oriental Dev Ltd 6s '53	54	53¼
Paris-Lyons-Med 6s '56	101½	101
Paris-Lyons-Med int ctf 7s '58	102¾	102¾
Peru (Gov) 6s '61	4	4
Poland (Gov) 7s '47	52	52
Poland (Gov) 8s '50	52¾	52⅜
Prussia 6½s '51	25	24½
Prussia 6s '52	23½	23⅛
Queensland (State) 7s '41	73⅜	73⅛
Rhine Westphalia 6s '52	26½	26½
Rhine Westphalia 6s '53 ww	25	25
Rhine Westphalia 6s '55 ww	25	24½
Rhinelbe 7s '46	23	23
Rio de Janeiro (City) 6½s '53	7½	7½
Rome (City) 6½s '52	69¼	68½
Royal Dutch 4s '45 ww	66⅜	66½
Sante Fe (Prov) 7s '42	40½	40½
Sao Paulo (City) 8s '52	14	14
Sao Paulo (State) 7s '40	60	60
Sao Paulo (State) 8s '36	36	36
Serbs Cro & Slov 7s '62	34½	34½
Shinyetau El Pow 6½s '52	39¾	38½
Siemens 6½s '51	41½	41½
Silesia (Prov) 7s '58	38½	38½
Sydney 5½s '55	39½	39
Sweden (King) 5½s '54	77¼	77
Swiss Government 5½s '46	103½	103½
Taiwan Elec 5½s '71	50	50
Tokio Elec Pow 6s '53	99	99
Ujigawa El Pow 1st 7s '45	55	58
U K Gt Br & I 5½s '37	100¾	100¾
Uruguay (Rep) 6s '64	26⅞	26¾
Uruguay (Rep) 6s '60	27⅝	27⅝
Westphalia El 6s '53	19	18⅞

COMMODITY PRICES

NEW YORK, April 21—Following are commodity prices quoted on the floor of the New York Produce Exchange and comparisons with last week and a year ago:

	April 21	Week Ago	Year Ago
Wheat 2 red	$.70½	$.76	$.93⅞
Corn 2 yellow	.47¾	.50	.77¼
Oats 2 white	.34	.35	.39
Flour	4.55	4.60	4.50
Beef family	13.25	13.25	17.75
Pork	16.50	16.50	25.50
Lard	.0305	.0520	.0935
Cotton mid up	.0625	.0625	.1020
Zinc	.0277½	.0280	.0360
Iron	15.64	15.64	17.76
Steel, bil Pitt	27.00	27.00	30.00
Copper	.05¾	.05¾	.09⅝
Tin	.1937	.1850	.2450
Rubber	.03½	.03	.0600
Sugar	.0300	.0300	.0450
Lead	.0300	.0300	.0450
Print cloth	.02¾	.0275	.0425

BANK OF ENGLAND

LONDON, April 21—Weekly statement of Bank of England compares as follows:

	April 21, '32	April 14, '32
Circulation	£354,271,000	£356,753,000
Public deposits	9,149,000	12,258,000
Private deposits	107,424,000	111,369,000
Bankers accounts	72,839,000	78,446,000
Other accounts	34,585,000	32,823,000
Govt's securities	57,605,000	55,385,000
Other securities	34,479,000	46,100,000
Disc and adv	11,197,000	11,267,000
Securities	23,282,000	34,833,000
Reserves	42,188,000	39,695,000
Prop res to liabs	36.1%	32.1%
Bullion	121,429,000	121,448,000
Bank rate	3%	3½%

Business of Three Auto Concerns Rises

THE automotive industry, after a long period of declining activity, appears to be getting under way again. About 500 employees of the Ford Motor Company's plant on the Hamburg turnpike, near Buffalo, N. Y., have returned to work, following resumption last week of production of commercial cars. At Detroit, the Continental-Devaux Company has started volume production of the new Devaux car and is operating on a nine-hour six-day basis. The May schedule calls for between 1500 and 1600 cars.

At the annual meeting of the Chrysler Corporation this week, B. E. Hutchinson, treasurer, said that the company's production and shipments in the first quarter this year were well ahead of the corresponding period of last year, with each division participating in the improvement. For February, Chrysler sold 15.5 per cent of all cars sold at retail in the United States, or more than double the corporation's share of the total business in February, 1931.

Industry Fares Better Than In Poor 1921 Year

Although 1931 marked the second full year of declining business conditions, operating results of leading industrial corporations made a better record than during the depression year of 1921, according to Ernst & Ernst, accountants.

The compilation covers 432 representative compan

THE YOUNG FOLKS' PAGE

Lem and the General

By LOUISE HUBERT GUYOL

SYNOPSIS

[Dick Robin's father is accountant for the construction company employed to work on the Mississippi levees in Arkansas during the summer. This means something quite new in Dick's experience, and his contact with Lem Carter, an orphan, who has grown up on the banks of the Mississippi, is a difficult one for both boys. Lem is determined to get an education and, packing up a few belongings, he sets out for Helena on his mule, General Lee.]

Chapter III

IT WAS dinner time aboard the Amelia. Dick ate—shrimp gumbo and fricasseed chicken and rice and gravy—as fast as the white-coated waiters could bring in the little oval dishes and put them around his plate. He was hungry, after his long day inspecting the fleet, walking down the road, sailing through the air. He grinned, remembering his encounter with the heels of Robert E. Lee.

Then he listened attentively. His father was talking about mules to Captain Stuart, who had just arrived.

"There's boy named Lem Carter," Mr. Robin was saying; "they tell me he's the best muleteer around here, and owns a bell mule. I'll hire them both tomorrow, and put them in charge of a team, and the clearing."

Dick was delighted, when the captain, dinner over, said: "I'm driving down in Helena this evening, want to go?"

Half an hour later Dick was seated beside the Captain. It was a long, low roadster with a spotlight that sent a beam like daylight far along the road. The Captain showed him, then switched it off, and drove slowly through the dust.

"We'll speed up," he said, "when we get on the highway."

* * *

They talked about the river. It was in flood when De Soto first saw it. And about levees, those artificial banks of earth built between the inhabited land and the great width of the Mississippi. The first one had been built by a Frenchman, de la Tour, who laid out the city of New Orleans. That had been two centuries ago. In all these last years levees had been built, higher and higher. Engineers had argued; the Government had taken a hand, all the skill that could be brought into play to solve the problem had been drafted. There had been arguments about the river's bed rising, and arguments against it. But never had there been any argument against the force of the water itself, when it swept down from every corner of the United States, pouring into the great stream, and then flowing out over the alluvial valleys from Missouri to far south in New Orleans.

"Taming the Mississippi" had become a byword, and a goal, until this last few years, Captain Stuart explained.

"Now," he said, "we've learned that something more subtle than strength is needed—I'm quoting our Colonel almost verbatim—when the old river insists on acting obstreperously. It has determined to take all the room it needs to get to the Gulf. All right. We agree to that. We'll stop trying to tame you, and hold you rigidly to man-made barriers. But," the Captain raised his head, as though speaking to the Mississippi in person, "we'll conquer you yet, by working with you, rather than against you."

"How?" Dick asked.

"With spillways and concrete revetments and reforestation," the Captain answered slowly, "and we'll dredge new channels and, of course, keep right on with the levees. And strengthen the banks with the permeable dikes."

"The mattresses, woven out of willow trees?" Dick asked, and the Captain nodding, he went on, "and sunk along the curve on the shore, after it's been cleared, and graded."

"You know a lot about it, don't you?"

"Yes, sir," Dick was humble. "And I'd like to have a job, this summer."

"You'll have to learn," the Captain said.

"Of course," Dick was quick to agree, "I'll have to begin at the bottom."

"That's the stuff! Let—what was that lad's name—Lem Carter, teach you to manage mules."

"Let—Lem—Carter—teach—me?" Dick could hardly get the words out of his mouth.

"Why not?"

"He—he's never even finished grammar school," Dick remembered what Lem had told him that afternoon, "and I"—the brown head was held high—"I've already graduated from high."

"What of it?" the Captain tossed the entire matter overboard, leaned forward, turned on the spotlight.

Dick sat back, furious that the Captain could not realize that a boy of his position could not work under a boy like Lem.

Then Dick sat up, suddenly. The Captain had been searching the sides of the road, far ahead, with the great shaft of light. He turned it now down the very center of the highway.

And there—like actors on a movie screen—stood a great black mule. Astride of him was a man, in a gray felt hat, and dark suit. From each side of the road a masked man came. One held a gun that he pointed at the man who rode the mule. The other jerked at a jug that swung, like a saddle bag, against the animal.

The car leapt forward. The movie scene shifted, becoming a medley of mule's heels and men's heads and arms. The air was filled with cries, and shouting and a mule's braying.

"It's Robert E. Lee, and Lem!" Dick shouted. The car came to a stop, he leaped out after the Captain, beside a confusion of struggling figures in what appeared to be a snowstorm of feathers.

A figure crawled out, only to be lifted in the air by the mule, who was on his feet—at least on two of them. The other two were busy, and the other man hurtled into space. He was followed by chunks of mud and something that looked like a stump; then General Lee stopped kicking.

Lem stood up, molasses trickling down his face, feathers in his hair but, clutched in his hand, were his college catalogues.

"Give a hand here," said the Captain, "both of you boys."

And Lem and Dick helped him pick the two men out of the bushes, and bind their hands and feet.

"We didn't want nothin' but the jug," one of the men muttered.

"Where's my Bible?" Lem stood over them threateningly.

"Your— your—"

"My money! My college money. My money I have been saving for for—ever since I could, for my education," Lem was almost hysterical.

"I ain't seen your money," one of the highwaymen stated and the other said, still looking frightened, "I thought you said—Bi-Bible," he blurted.

"I did," Lem snapped. "The money was in my Granny's Bible. Where is it?"

"Calm down my lad, calm down!" Captain Stuart spoke firmly, and Len calmed down.

* * *

"Now, what's your story?"

Lem sat down on the side of the road. "Where's my mule?" he glared up and down the road.

"Your mule?"

"Yes, sir. The society gave him to me, when they took my sister, to educate her in Helena. I was going to sell the mule, and get my education, with the money I'd—"

He did not finish that sentence for there was Robert E. Lee, standing behind him, saying something that sounded far from good-tempered.

Lem rose. "They gave me my clothes, too. The society did. I looked real collegiate, when I started out. "Now," he glanced at the torn, spotted, feather-dotted costume, "I look like something out of the back yard. And then he told of the $50, saved with so much care, and put between the pages of his Granny's Bible, that he had put in the pillow slip to balance the jug.

"Where did the feathers come from?" asked Dick.

"The pillow. I was riding on a pillow. Made it easier for the General, to carry the jug and—but what's the use? The money's gone."

The Captain laid a hand on Lem's shoulder.

"Never mind, lad. You can save some more. There's work waiting for you at the plant, tomorrow. They say your're the best muleteer all up and down the river."

Lem raised his long arms in the air.

"Can't anybody see," he shook his fists, and his thin body trembled, "that it ain't mules I want? What I wank is books, like that Robin boy there. Where's my money?"

His voice rose high, he dropped on all fours, and went crawling through the mud, back and forth across the road. Dick dropped beside him, feeling up and down through the mass of Arkansas dust and Louisiana molasses.

"We'll find it," he said. "We'll find it."

Robert E. Lee joined in the conversation, persistently.

"Shut up!" Lem yelled.

The mule paid no atention.

Captain Stuart, on the way to his car, looked into the wide open jaws.

"I believe you're trying to tell us where that money is," the Captain remarked, and the General stopped braying.

[To Be Concluded Next Thursday.]

Taking the Air in an Autogiro

The Christian Science Monitor

The Shadow of the All-Important Autogiro Rotor Sweeps Over David as He Climbs to His Seat Beside the Pilot, at the Left. At the Right You See How Comfortably Pilot and Passenger Sit Side by Side. Below Is the McCormick's Steel Pier Ship.

Flying Windmills

Part II

"WELL, that was a real ride," David exclaimed as he jumped down from the Kellett autogiro. And then he gave me a full account of his great adventure.

"It was a lot of fun getting the feel of the stick and the rudder bar on the ground, but the real thrill began when the pilot let me hold the controls all by myself in the air. It was a bit like being on a roller coaster and deciding just where the hills were going to begin and end!

"I don't know that I should have enjoyed it so much in an ordinary airplane—but in this old 'flying windmill' you feel as if you were hanging to a pretty steady rope, instead of being ready to slip sideways any moment.

"When I pushed the stick just a little forward, we started going down hill just as easily and gently as a wheel does at the top of a grade. Then I pulled a bit more and we stopped practically still—but the rotor went on humming round overhead, with its shadow flickering over my hands, and I knew there was no chance of anything uncomfortable, like a stall.

Taking Curves

"Then Mr. Miller showed me how to take a curve—just tip the stick over a little and press on the rudder at the same time. I tried it several times, first one way and then the other. Each time we swung around just as easily as one of those airships that swings out around a tall post in an amusement park.

"I should say it takes a lot of practice to fly an ordinary airplane, but in time the autogiro felt just as much an extra part of me as my wheel does. I would think of turning or diving, and in a second we would be doing it—without my having to figure out which way to move my hands or my feet at all.

"Then I moved the throttle too—and that's another nice thing about it—with the engine cut off we could talk in our ordinary voices and look at the scenery underneath. There was nothing to worry about—the good old rotor kept humming around, holding us safely up.

Up and Down and Around

"Well, I covered a lot of ground, or rather air, without getting anywhere in particular—left turns, right turns, up, down and around, faster and slower. And one good thing about an autogiro is that you can stay practically still if you want to take a picture or look down a chimney or anything.

"At last Mr. Miller said: 'You've been getting 'long finely up here, but what would you do if you wanted to go down?'

"If you were here," I said, "I'd probably say 'Here you are! You take it now!' But if you weren't, I'd do just what you told me—cut off the motor and let the ship settle straight down by itself."

"'Suppose you begin like that, then,' Mr. Miller said, 'and I'll just finish up the landing business for you so that we shall not get quite such a jolt.'

"So we cut off the motor and I let the stick stand straight up. The rotor kept on turning at its regular speed close over our heads and we started to settle down, just as straight and as easily as a parachute does when there's no wind—and not nearly so quickly, it seemed to me.

"Then when we were a couple of hundred feet above the field, Guy Miller opened up the motor a bit and I sat back comfortably in the seat. We landed and came to a stop on the field just as smoothly as a car pulling up in front of a traffic light. You know, when you come to think about it, an autogiro is easier to stop than a car. If you let go of its controls it settles down and lands without damage to anything—unless, of course, it happens to choose the top of a house or a tree—but if you folded your hands and dangled your feet in a car it would probably not have half such a happy landing!"

And, David still holding forth about his adventure, we marched happily homeward, both determined to make further acquaintance with the autogiro at the earliest available moment. D. M.

RULES FOR CORRESPONDENCE

1. Letters to Mail Bag correspondents should be inclosed in an envelope stamped and partially addressed, and mailed to the Editor of the Mail Bag, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass. The Editor will see that the addresses are completed and that the letters are forwarded to their destinations. A note giving the full name and address of the sender must also be inclosed. Do not write in asking for names and addresses.

2. When there is any doubt about postage rates, inquiry should be made at the local post office. To most foreign countries the rate is 5 cents.

3. If you are writing from outside the United States inclose stamps of your own country for forwarding your letters, but do not attach them to the envelope. These can be exchanged for American stamps here.

Mail Bag

Bexley Heath, Kent, England

Dear Editor:

Through the Mail Bag I have gained a large number of lovely correspondents in many parts of the United States and in many countries. I think this correspondence is very interesting and I am very keen on it. My family thought my list of correspondents was far too long but it is not long enough for me. I like writing letters quite as much as I like having them.

My first letter to the Mail Bag was published two years ago and it brought me many new friends. I'm sorry that some of them did not write more than once. I answered every letter I had. I shall be delighted if all those who first wrote would write again.

My sister and I decided that we would always have an interesting summer holiday and so the first year of that decision, we toured Cornwall and Devon on our bicycles and the next year we went through Normandy, visiting Rouen, Orleans, Fontainebleau and Paris. Last year I went on a tramping tour in the Black Forest in Germany. It was wonderful and I am anxious to go to Germany again. We met many new German friends who write to me now. It was fun talking to each other. Each had to help the other out.

We stayed in the Youth Hostels most of the time and think it will be a great thing when they are widely introduced here.

My work in a small but famous London publishing house interests me very much. I see a number of well-known authors and other people. I am very interested in books and literature generally and so the work is congenial. We have a large number of American visitors in the summer and that makes it all the more interesting.

The book reviews in the Saturday Monitor particularly interest me, as books we publish are often reviewed. I also like the Editorials, the Sundial Column, the Young Folks' Page and I like the Archibald articles whenever they appear.

I am very keen on hockey, tennis and swimming. I am a member of the League of Nations Union and love going to the meetings they oranize in London. Peggy W.

Los Angeles, California

Dear Editor:

This is my first letter to the Mail Bag, and I hope to gain many "pen friends" through this channel. As I begin to write this letter, there comes to mind a little saying that goes like this, "The only way to have friends is to be a friend." This expresses my feelings completely, for I really want to have "pen friends," and I shall try to be one in every way.

Mother and I enjoy reading the Monitor very much, and while she is especially interested in the Home Forum Page, the Educational and the Mail Bag are the pages which interest me very much.

At school I am taking a social science course in preparation to enter the University of California at Los Angeles next fall, where I hope to study law. I don't necessarily mean to be a lawyer, but my aim is to be employed in the diplomatic service, and for that reason I am going to major in foreign languages.

I am a very interested member of the "World Friendship Club," which has a branch at our school. As you know, the purpose of this club is to make us become friends with others all over the world, which is just what the Mail Bag is doing, I think. I am also an active member of the "Girl Reserves," a branch organization of the Y. W. C. A. for high school girls. We have many enjoyable times together, and our activities are carried out in the same manner as the Girl Scouts.

I enjoy writing and should like to receive letters from foreign countries, especially from England, South Africa, and France. Hoping that I shall have many correspondences through the Mail Bag. June F.

South Portland, Maine

Dear Editor:

Although I am not a steady reader of the Mail Bag, having spent a great deal of my life in the country, I always enjoy it when I do read it.

We used to live on a farm in Vermont. The house was very big and it had an enormous attic where I spent many afternoons reading old newspapers and magazines. For pets we had three cats, two raccons and a canary. We lived beside a river where it was splendid fun to swim and fish. We also owned an island in the middle of it, where, early in the morning, I would go out and look for new birds.

I am interested in reading, architecture, and winter sports. In school I am a freshman. I should be glad to answer letters from anywhere in the United States, especially from Texas or New Mexico.

Hoping for a pen pal soon,

Beverley S.

The following would like to receive letters:

From Girls

Muriel B. (12), Sowerby Bridge, Yorks, England.—Interested in reading, drawing, stamp collecting and sports.

Hope K. (12), Ventura, Calif.

Esther S. (13), Dedham, Mass.

Roberta B. (14), Pittsfield, Mass.—Especially from Africa, Australia and South America. Interested in stamps.

Florence S. (14), Marysville, Ohio.—Interested in Girl Scouts.

Mary Catherine W. (14), Carlisle, Penna.—Exchange stamps.

Peggy S. (15), Salisbury, S. Rhodesia, Africa.—Interested in reading, animals and sports.

Joyce M. (12), Flushing, L. I., N. Y.—Interested in books, stamps and pets.

Jane M. (15), Seattle Wash.

Beatrice C. (16), Ohoka, New Zealand.—Interested in stamps, embroidery and sports.

Katherine deB. (16), Carmel, Calif.

Virginia P. (16), San Pedro, Calif.—Interested in books and sports.

Sue Katherine V. (18), Del Rio, Texas.—Interested in literature, Spanish and outdoor sports.

From Boys

Hollis E. (14), Canoga Park, Calif.—Interested in stamps.

Maxwell A. (17), Adelaide, Australia. Especially from American boys. Interested in wireless.

Hugo P. (19), Hamburg, Germany.

Over 20

Ragna L., Reykjavik, Iceland.

Rita B., Hannover, Germany.

Helene K., Rockford, Ill.—Interested in music, literature and sports.

Leone M. F., Milwaukee, Wis.—Interested in books, travel and sports.

Edward G. B., New Hartford, N. Y.—Especially from North Carolina and other southern states.

These names of German boys seeking correspondents were sent in by the editor of The Monthly Review. Write to the addresses given.

Friedrich Ruesing (16), 703 Stadtfeld, Wiedenbrück/Westf, Germany.

Hans Sachs (17), 16 Parkstrasse, Grube Ilse, N./Lausitz, Germany.

Hans Schmid (15), Neuburg, Donau, Gymnasium, Germany.

Werner Schmitz (15), 11 Oranienstr, Magdeburg, Germany.

Herbert Schoenwald (18), 19 Bahnhofstr, Döbeln/Sa., Germany.

Leonhard Stamminger (17), 67 Schalkhauserstrasse, Ansbach, Germany.

Herbert Tamme (16), 5 Dresdnerstr, Böbeln,/Sa., Germany.

Edgar Vogel (15), Lichtenbrunn b./Lobenstein, Thüringen, Germany.

Karl Joachim Fahrenkrug (16), 30/31 Walterstr, Berlin/Neukölln, Germany.

Johannes Klocke (16), 83 Groppel, Herzebrocl/Westf., Germany.

Ludwig Amann (16), 10 Dantestrasse, München, Germany.

Ludwig Altmannspacher (17), Mallingerstr, München, Germany.

Fritz Braun (17), 35 Kreittmayerstr, München, Germany.

Hans Borisch (17), 35 Kreittmayerstr, München, Germany.

The Adventures of Waddles

DRAKEVILLE BASEBALL SCHEDULE
1. THE BASEBALL SEASON ALWAYS MAKES A HIT WITH OUR ATHLETIC DRAKES.
2. TED WEB REMARKED, "THIS YEAR I AIM TO PITCH AT LEAST ONE NO-HIT GAME."
3. OUR HITTERS SAY THEIR BATTING EYES WILL GIVE THE "FANS" A BIG SURPRISE.
4. BUT AS FOR ME, I WON'T DO MORE THAN WATCH THE GAME AND KEEP THE SCORE.

Drawn for The Christian Science Monitor

Tewkesbury Road

It is good to be out on the road, and going one knows not where,
Going through meadow and village, one knows not whither nor why;
Through the grey light drift of the dust, in the keen cool rush of air,
Under the flying white clouds, and the broad blue lift of the sky.

And to halt at the chattering brook, in the tall green fern at the brink
Where the harebell grows, and the gorse, and the foxgloves purple and white;
Where the shy-eyed delicate deer come down in a troop to drink
Where the stars are mellow and large at the coming on of the night.

O, to feel the beat of the rain, and the homely smell of the earth,
Is a tune for the blood to jig to, a joy past power of words;
And the blessed green comely meadows are all a-ripple with mirth
At the noise of the lambs at play and the dear wild cry of the birds.

—JOHN MASEFIELD, in "Poems."

Key to Puzzle

Key to What Inventor? Puzzle published April 14:

The names of the objects are: moon, vase, hats, dial. The American inventor is Thomas Alva Edison.

Master or Servant?

Do you run your affairs, or do your affairs run you?

That's a queer question, perhaps, but it's one that most of us ought to ask ourselves.

Returning library books, mending clothes, answering notes, planning outside work, doing lessons, may not seem such huge tasks when viewed alone. But when they begin to pile up, they assume such huge proportions that many of us find ourselves scurrying here and there, trying to get this, that, and the other thing done at the last minute. And then it is that our affairs begin to run us.

A little careful planning will save much time and worry about such small duties. A thoughtfully worked out study schedule will help you to get lessons done on time and leave you with minutes to spare. A determination not to take on too many activities will keep you from rushing from one thing to another, unable fully to enjoy or do justice to anything. A definite day, half-day or hour or two set aside in each week during which you will do nothing but tie up the loose ends will do much to keeping your affairs running smoothly. In this time, you will be able to run errands, answer letters, and perform those other small duties which have somehow had to be postponed. Above all, these small duties should never be allowed so to crowd our day that we have no time to cultivate high ideals, no time for the serious effort required if we are to become the true thinkers the world so sadly needs today.

CAMPS FOR BOYS

PASSACONAWAY
Camp for Boys 6–18
Lake Winnepesaukee, N. H.
Ideal location. Extraordinary Equipment. Enviable records. 60 land and water sports, golf trips, aviation ground course, sailing, speed boats. Fee all inclusive. No extras
Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Carlson, Directors. Box 4507, Scarsdale, N. Y.

SKYLARK The Junior Camp of Horsemanship
For Boys Under 16
Ideal living conditions. Experienced counselors. Beautiful location, twenty miles from Boston, secluded yet accessible.
All land and water sports. Catalog.
Alexander H. Mitchell, Director
Mitchell School, Box M, Billerica, Mass.

LEELANAU for Boys
A Character Building Camp. 12th Season
All land and water sports, including hand craft model airplane making and boat building. A camp where a real boy may find real men and boys. For information write to WILLIAM BEALS, Director
GLEN ARBOR, MICHIGAN
Leelanau advertises only in The Christian Science Monitor

MON-O-MOY The Sea Camps for Boys
BREWSTER, MASS., CAPE COD
Superb sailing, bathing, canoeing, deep sea fishing, land sports. Rifelry. Riding. Cabins. Tutoring. Camp Mother. Nurse. Junior, Upper Junior, Intermediate, Senior Camps. Booklet.
Harriman M. Dodd
Worcester Academy, Worcester, Mass.

ELVES and the COBBLER
and Other Plays
By EDNA WHITEMAN
Author of Jane and Jerry, Playmates in Print.
ELVES AND THE COBBLER
LITTLE CLOUD-FACE
THE PRINCESS LAUGHS
PERSEPHONE
50c EACH SET OF FOUR 1.75
Special Prices on Quantities
14617 Lake Shore Blvd., CLEVELAND, O.

CAMPS FOR BOYS

THE TOLTECS
TOLTEC HILLS
WESTPORT, CONNECTICUT
FOR FORTY-FIVE BOYS
12th Season, July 1st to Sept. 2d, 1932
Address: WALLACE GREENE ARNOLD
424 E. 57TH ST., NEW YORK, N. Y.

MOWGLIS
EAST HEBRON, N. H.
THIRTIETH YEAR
The Aims—HAPPINESS—FAIR PLAY—CO-OPERATION
BOYS—The CUBS: 7 to 9 years
The PACK: 10 to 14 years
Placed in this newspaper in appreciation for its standards.

CAMP ROOSEVELT
Senior—Boys 14 to 17
Junior—Boys 7 to 13
Unexcelled Site near Mercer, Wis. Staff of Experts—Christian Science students may attend service every Sunday—Accredited School—Horsemanship—Sports 7 weeks $115 to $140. Information:—Camp Commander, Board of Education, 460 S. State Street, Chicago, Ill.

POCONO PINES CAMP
FOR BOYS, Pocono Pines, Pa. High in invigorating mountains. Four hours N. Y. and Phila. Sandy beach, 3-mile lake. Swimming, canoeing, riding. All sports. Catalog.
J. E. CALHOUN, 5906 Pulaski Ave. Philadelphia, Pa.

ADVENTURE ISLAND
ON GREEN BAY NEAR FISH CREEK WISCONSIN
A BOYS' WORLD
WRITE FOR BOOKLET
CHARLES A. KINNEY WINNETKA, ILL.

An Ideal Camp for Boys of all Ages
CAMP ROPIOA
Expressing our standard of thought
REFLECTION OF PERFECTION IS OUR AIM
on Long Lake, Harrison, Maine
GEO A STANLEY, Director
RIDGEWOOD, N J

CAMPS FOR GIRLS

EAGLE'S NEST
In the Heart of the Blue Ridge
BREVARD, N. C.
Delightful camping at moderate cost. Land and water sports, horseback riding, gipsy trips, dancing, handicrafts, all included in fee 50 happy girls, 4-16, from North and South. Write
MISS CAROL OPPENHEIMER
620 E. 40th Street, Savannah, Ga.

T-LEDGE "The Seashore Camp for Girls"
Orr's Island, Maine. Connected with mainland On wooded Maine coast in lovely Casco Bay. Horsemanship, squaplaning, deep-sea fishing, sailing, speed boating, canoeing, swimming and life saving, woodcraft, tennis, archery, dancing, dramatics, crafts, tutoring, trips. Excellent food. Mature counsellors. Cabins Harmonious companionship. No extras. Booklet.
Mrs. N. B. Knorr, Box 542, Orr's Island, Me.

KeokukCamp
For 40 girls 8-18 on beautiful Pentucket Lake, Georgetown, Mass. 14th season. Junior, Senior groups. Land and water sports. Riding, archery, crafts. Sleeping tents, dining and recreation hall.
Season $150 Month $80
Catalog
Mrs. M. L. Fox, Box C, 2 Abbott St., Danvers, Mass.

GOOD TIMES
at Mars Hill Camp
Crawford Lake, Union, Maine
All water sports, horseback riding, trips to ocean and mountains, handcrafts, music, rhythm and natural dance. Carefully selected girls and counselors insuring right companionship and guidance. Enrollment limited to 35 girls, ages 6-18. Booklet.
BEULAH FRANCES PACK, Director
250 FOREST AVE., LAKEWOOD, N. J.

TEELA-WOOKET
ROXBURY, VERMONT
The Horseback Camps
A 300 acre wonderland in the heart of the Green Mountains. Famous for beautiful horses, free riding, and thorough instruction in horsemanship. Land and water sports. Private golf course. Cabins. Showers. Delicious food in abundance. No extras. The kind of leadership readers of our paper appreciate. Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Roys, 18 Ordway Rd., Wellesley Hills, Mass. Camp Idlewild for Boys, Lake Winnepesaukee, N. H.

Camp . . . Newfound
LONG LAKE, HARRISON, MAINE
For girls of all ages. 3 groups. 18th season. All land and water sports; sandy beaches; aquaplaning; dancing; dramatics; riding ring, high jumping; arts and crafts; jewelry. 18 experienced councilors.
MRS. W. K. HORTON, Tarrytown, N. Y.

CAMPS FOR GIRLS

Sea Pines Camp for Girls
26TH YEAR
Four Units: separate programs. Sub-counselorship training course. All land and water sports. Swiming in warm waters of Cape Cod Bay. Art and Crafts. Dramatics. Dancing. Horseback riding.
FAITH BICKFORD, Director
BREWSTER, MASS.

KOHAHNA for GIRLS
In the North Woods on Lake Michigan
Land and Water Sports, Crafts, Dramatics, Dancing, Campcraft. Carefully chosen Saddle Horses. Staff College Women. Tutoring if desired. Booklet.
MRS. MAUDE BEALS TURNER, Director
Maple City, Michigan, Route 3
Advertises only in The Christian Science Monitor

CAMPS FOR GIRLS

CAMP HA-HANA
on Los Coches Canyon
20 miles from San Diego
Fourth season, July 4-July 31. Land and water sports, nature study, dramatics, music, handicrafts.
First week for adult recreational and cultural session. Remainder of season for boys and girls in junior and senior groups. Enrollment may be for one, two or three weeks.
ALFRED H. CAROTHERS, Director
HA-HANA SCHOOL, LAKESIDE, CALIF.

CAMPS FOR GIRLS

BLAZING TRAIL
DENMARK, ME.
A Log-Cabin Camp at Denmark, Me., for a selected group of girls 13-18 years endeavoring to develop courage, self-reliance and ingenuity thru a unique program of simple woods life and outdoor training. All sports. Trips. Maine guide.
All counsellor positions already filled.
MISS EUGENIA M. PARKER
408 MAIN STREET, WINCHESTER, MASS.

SARGENT SCHOOL CAMPS
FOUNDED 1912 BY DR. DUDLEY A. SARGENT
A DISTINCT UNIT OF BOSTON UNIVERSITY
Peterboro, N. H., Exclusive Recreational Camps for Girls. Five hundred acres surrounding Half Moon Lake. Juniors 6 to 12. Seniors 12 to 20 years. Superior equipment. All sports. Mr. Ernst Hermann, Director. Booklet: Miss Emma Sanborn, Secretary. 80 Everett St., Cambridge, Mass.

CAMP WATATIC
ASHBURNHAM, MASS.
For Girls 4-16 14th Season
On Lake Winnekeag Alt. 1200 Feet
Easily accessible. Lodges well screened. Instruction in swimming, canoeing, riding, nature study, handicraft, music and dramatics. Experienced staff, delicious food, modern sanitation.
Rate $235 for eight-week season.
Catalog—MISS A. M. ROBERTS
MOUNT KISCO, N. Y., Box 717

Fill Your Inner Vision with "Garnered Loveliness"

By associating with great artists, authors and poets for at least ten minutes each day. This privilege is yours if you read the

Home Forum Page

CELEBRATED ARTISTS of this and other ages meet on this page to give you examples of their work. You visit a world-famous art gallery in Florence where there is a masterful portrait of a Doge of Venice. Again, a charming modern etching of two small alert dogs at a winter window pane greets you. Then there are short exquisite poems from every period of literature. And each day appears original material, contributed by current writers; as well as carefully selected excerpts from books of biography, travel and fiction.

The Home Forum Appears Daily in

The Christian Science Monitor
107 FALMOUTH STREET
BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

The Christian Science Monitor.
107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass.

Please enter my subscription to The Christian Science Monitor for a period of ☐ one month 75c; ☐ three months $2.25; ☐ six months $4.50; ☐ one year $9.00, for which I enclose remittance.

Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

TARIFF PACT IS EXPECTED IN AMERICAS

(Continued from Page 1)

exhausted so that discontinuance of the service was a clear case of 'force majeure' involving a wholesale dismissal of the staff.

"Abandonment of the railway will require a complete reorganization of the mail service which henceforth will have the option of the sea route, a lengthy rail transport through the Bariloche, Nahuel Huapi region, or a roundabout railway route via Bolivia to Antofagasta. Measures will also be taken to augment the aerial services.

"Cable dispatches reveal that the press of both countries regards the development as of great seriousness, urging ways and means toward the resumption of the service at any cost, suppression of the line being considered as a blow to the prestige of both nations concerned."

Mr. Davies held that a way out of the situation was practicable.

"If Chile removes her present prohibitive duty on Argentine livestock," he said, "it is quite probable that Argentina would, in turn, make certain concessions on Chilean products now banned from the country."

Mr. Wallace Thompson, editor of Ingenierieria Internacional and author of "Greater America" and many other books on Latin America, declared that the closing of the Transandine shows "how far the influence of increasing tariffs and trade barriers can reach into the business life of the world." He compared the road to the Simplon Tunnel through the Alps.

"The Transandine has suffered for years from the fact that it was a narrow gauge line, linking the standard gauge state railways of Chile and the broad guage Pacific Railway of Argentina," he said. "The Argentine and Chilean portions of the Transandine were owned by separate companies and the share of freight charges which fell to it after the powerful railways at either end had taken their share was always small—out of proportion to the cost of construction and operation of the mountain line.

"The recent additional duties, together with the exchange embargoes, have literally stifled the last of the international trade which once flowed over the Transandine. The fine passenger service that formerly made travel delightful, as well as picturesque, across the Andes also has disappeared, but it is to be hoped that the inconveniences which will follow will bring a full realization of the importance of the road and a prompt resumption of service."

Chile Uses Airplanes To Get to Argentina

LOS ANDES, Chile, April 21 (AP)—Airplanes may replace the famous Transandine Railway, service on which was abandoned yesterday.

Los Andes was still unable today to comprehend that the railway, two miles high, which gave most of the people their livelihood, had stopped running.

All available automobiles capable of standing the high road trip over the mountain tops to Mendoza, Argentina, were requisitioned for a stage line, but the cars can operate only under ideal weather conditions.

All planes were loaded to capacity, and tentative preparations were made for adding planes if the railroad does not resume operations.

Nations Writing History at Geneva

(Continued from Page 1)

sults of this conjunction of statesmanship may be analyzed.

One knows, however, that heads of the British, French and German Governments and the Foreign Ministers of the United States and Italy have the heavy responsibility of guiding the Disarmament Conference, with such allied problems as bringing France and Italy into the London treaty; they must prepare the way for a reparations conference in which German interest concentrates; and they must assist constructively in ending the Sino-Japanese strife and preventing precipitation of the war clouds of the Soviet - Japanese frontiers. The conversations may reasonably be assumed to turn on these questions and, in particular, on immediate problems facing the Disarmament Conference.

American Views Outlined

As the conference's general commission debated the previous day's resolution which favored the fundamental of abolishing aggressive weapons, Mr. MacDonald and Dr. Bruening came to strengthen their delegations in the forefront of this drive. They heard Mr. Hugh S. Gibson clearly elaborate America's firm support of the abolition campaign.

The American delegate listed the arguments posed against the Anglo-Saxon plan, namely, that aggressive arms cannot be defined, that nations will violate agreements to abolish them, and that industrial states can remanufacture abolished arms in the event of war.

All of these arguments, said Mr. Gibson, apply equally to gas warfare, yet the very nations which advance them against big guns and tanks admit they are not insuperable regarding chemical warfare.

Mr. Gibson also stressed the necessity of combining the all-round reduction of all armaments with abolition of offensive arms. This refers to the American plan for reducing men under arms by a new plan of dividing forces into two categories, namely, police protection and defense effectives.

For the first time the great stress which the United States places upon this new method of limitation was revealed when it was officially described as one of the topics of conversation at Mr. Stimson's château.

France's Objections Defined

Previous to Mr. Gibson, M. Joseph Paul-Boncour had developed France's objections to the resolution against aggressive arms. The Paris delegate pleaded that France's plan for placing these very arms at the service of the League of Nations should not be prejudiced by passing a resolution to abolish them.

In effect he urged more and better aggressive arms—to be kept by the governments concerned, but theoretically at Geneva's disposal—and thus he categorically opposed the Anglo-Saxon position at the very moment when M. Tardieu at Bessinge was undoubtedly applying a different sort of French pressure to nullify the Anglo-American move.

But back in the general committee an impressive group of powers, including Canada, Norway, Ireland, South America, India, Hungary, the Netherlands, Australia, Portugal and China, was urging abolition of aggression.

Japan's approval was qualified by an amendment to add to the word abolish the additional phrase "or limit" aggressive arms, which, indeed, destroys the effectiveness of the entire campaign.

Mr. C. T. te Water of South Africa satirically referred to the rustle of voting papers in the national ballot boxes which he heard as national arguments were delivered—meaning the forthcoming French elections. Despite the highly contentious debate, the general impression was that private conversations among heads of governments will achieve agreements on this as well as other vital points.

Move by Roumania

In a last-minute attempt to forestall a vote against aggressive weapons, Mr. Nicholas Titulescu of Roumania, backed by other French allies, introduced a counter resolution to the general commission, sidetracking all further discussion of the subject into the technical commission.

Since the conference has only recently escaped from technical commissions which had clearly demonstrated their incapacity to make progress without political agreement, it is all too evident that the French group are grasping at straws to evade the drive led by the English speakers.

Mr. Titulescu udged that technicians should define what arms should be abolished and by what methods. Pursuit of such task would postpone indefinitely decision on the "principle of abolishing offensive weapons," which is regarded as a vitally necessary stage in the present progress of the conference. Next the delegates must reply to Mr. Titulescu's difficult gambit.

Radio Tonight

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

WEEI, Boston (590kc-508m)

5:00 p. m.—Y. W. C. A. Talk.
5:15 NBC, "Skippy"; children's program.
5:30 Job-Finding Campaign.
5:45 Incidental soloist.
6:00 Black and Blue, detectives.
6:15 Plectrum Players.
6:30 Old Painter; announcements; news.
6:45 Dunlop Quarter Hour.
7:15 NBC, Campbell Orchestra.
7:30 Alice Joy, contralto; orchestra.
8:00 NBC, Ray Perkins; Rudy Vallée's Orchestra; quartet; Irene Bordoni, guest.
9:00 NBC, "Big Six of the Air"; piano duo; quartet and soloist; Welcome Lewis.
9:30 NBC, Rudyard Kipling's Stories.
10:00 NBC, Humorist; Don Bestor's Orchestra from Cleveland; Jack Denny's Orchestra.
11:00 Forecasts, E. B. Rideout; news.
11:16 Mickie Alpert and his orchestra.

WBZ and WBZA, Boston and Springfield (990kc-303m)

6:00 p. m.—Agricultural markets.
5:15 Junior League play, "Jumbleland."
5:30 "Singing Lady."
6:00 Studio announcements; Job-Finding Campaign.
6:15 Black and Orange Orchestra.
6:30 Dutch Oven Band.
6:45 NBC, Lowell Thomas.
7:00 Time; NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."
7:30 NBC, Stebbins Boys.
7:45 NBC, Billy Jones and Ernie Hare.
8:00 NBC, Dr. Traprock and Harriet Lee.
8:15 NBC, "Rin-Tin-Tin Thriller."
8:30 NBC, B. A. Rolfe's Orchestra.
8:45 NBC Sisters of the Skillet.
9:00 NBC, Sanderson and Crumit, songs.
9:30 NBC, "Thompkins' Corners."
10:00 NBC, A. & P. Gypsies Orchestra.
10:30 NBC, Hirsch Orchestra; soloists.
11:00 Studio announcement; news.
11:25 McEnelly's Orchestra.
11:45 Egyptian Room Orchestra.
12:15 Louis Weir, organist.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 p. m.—The Dance Parade.
5:15 "Musical Mirror," Salon Ensemble.
5:30 "The Three Minute Men."
5:45 Lillian Perrin; orchestra.
6:00 News; announcements; short subjects.
6:45 Shepard Mirror of Fashion.
7:00 CBS, "Myrt and Marge."
7:15 The Mills Brothers.
7:45 CBS, Morton Downey; orchestra.
8:00 The Bath Club; interview; soloist; orchestra; quartet.
8:15 CBS, Abe Lyman's Orchestra.
8:30 Adrian O'Brien.
8:45 CBS, "Your Child," by Angelo Patri.
9:00 CBS, Orchestra; soloist.
9:15 "Sportslants"; orchestra.
9:30 CBS, Magazine Hour sketches.
10:00 "Scrappy" Lambert; Frank Burns; orchestra.
10:15 Broadcast from Boston Arena.
11:00 Weather; news; time.
11:15 Organ; Francis Cronin.
11:30 Joe Solomon's Orchestra.
12:00 CBS, Guy Lombardo's Orchestra.
12:30 a. m.—CBS, Art Kreuger's Orchestra.
12:45 Don Bigelow's Orchestra.
1:00 CBS, Claude Hopkin's Orchestra.
1:30 CBS, Paul Tremain's Orchestra.

WAAB, Boston (1410kc-213m)

5:00 p. m.—CBS, piano pictures.
5:15 CBS, Tito Guizar, tenor; orchestra.
5:30 CBS, Singing Comedians.
5:45 "Movie Stars Revue."
6:00 Current Events; H. V. Kaltenborn.
6:15 CBS, Reis and Dunn, comedy duo.
6:30 CBS, Jack Miller's Orchestra.
6:45 "Joe Palooka."
7:00 Time; news; weather.
7:15 Joe Solomon's Orchestra.
7:30 Sylvia Fr[illegible]; Victor Moore; orchestra.
7:45 Concert ensemble; Edward Jardon, tenor.
8:00 The Gossipers.
8:15 "Mystery Baritone."
8:30 CBS, "Quiet Harmonies."
8:45 Chemical Society talk.
9:00 Copley-Plaza Orchestra.
9:30 Organ recital; Francis J. Cronin.
9:30 Time; news; weather.
9:00 CBS, Trumpeters; Edwin C. Hill.
10:30 CBS, Nat Shilkret's Orchestra; Boswell Sisters.
10:45 CBS, Arthur Jarrett; orchestra.
11:00 Toscha Seidel, violinist; concert orchestra.
11:30 CBS, Noble Sissle's Orchestra.

WHDH, Boston (830kc-361m)

5:00 p. m.—Hawaiian Melodists.
5:15 Flying Fingers.
5:30 Frederick Bonner, baritone.
5:45 Ethel Coolidge, soprano.
6:00 "Harmony Sisters."
6:30 "The Monitor Views the News."
6:45 Skit.
7:00 Truman Carew's Royal Collegians.
7:30 Marguerite Moss, violinist.
7:45 "Songs We Love to Hear," Trayton Drake, tenor.
8:00 Norma Jean Erdman, soprano.

Tomorrow's Features

WEEI

8:00 a. m.—NBC, Gene and Glenn.
8:15 a. m.—E. B. Rideout; news.
8:30 a. m.—NBC, "Cheerio."
9:15 a. m.—NBC programs.
11:00 a. m.—NBC, Music appreciation hour; Walter Damrosch, conducting.
12:00 noon—NBC, G. E. Circle.
12:15 p. m.—News; stocks; produce; pianist.
1:00 p. m.—The Daily Tattler.
2:15 p. m.—Neapolitan Dutch Girls.
2:30 p. m.—New England Kitchen.
3:00 p. m.—Neapolitan Dutch Girls.
3:30 p. m.—Reading Circle.
3:45 p. m.—Harold Hurley, tenor.
4:00 p. m.—News; stocks.
4:20 p. m.—Del Castillo, organist.

WBZ

7:00 a. m.—NBC and studio programs.
8:15 a. m.—NBC, Phil Cook, the Quaker Man.
8:30 Studio and NBC programs.
11:00 a. m.—Music Appreciation Hour; Walter Damrosch.
12:45 p. m.—NBC, Farm and Home Hour.
1:30 p. m.—Studio programs.
2:15 p. m.—"Books and Authors."
2:30 p. m.—Studio and NBC programs.
3:30 p. m.—Home Forum Cooking School.
4:00 p. m.—Studio period.

WNAC

6:30 a. m.—Studio and musical programs.
11:00 a. m.—"The Forecast Cooking School."
11:15 a. m.—CBS, Reporter.
11:30 a. m.—CBS, Round the World Cooking School.
11:45 a. m.—CBS, Ben Alley; orchestra.

General Classified

Advertisements under this heading appear in the Atlantic, Central and Pacific editions of The Christian Science Monitor. Rate 40 cents a line. Minimum space four lines. An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under most of these headings. Write or call for detailed information.

AGENTS WANTED

ESTABLISH your financial independence through distribution of an exclusive cosmetic; commission basis. Write for prospectus telling how we help at our expense. Dijon Laboratories, Westport, Conn.

EMPLOYMENT SERVICE—MEN

SALARIED POSITIONS $1500 to $25,000. The undersigned provides a thoroughly organized service of 22 years' recognized standing through which preliminaries are negotiated for position of the calibre indicated; the procedure is individualized to each client's personal requirements and identity covered and present position protected; not a registration bureau; send only name and address for details. R. W. BIXBY, INC., 120 Downtown Building, Buffalo, New York.

MFRS' REPRESENTATIVES

WANTED—To represent on commission basis reliable, firm supplying materials to automobile and body builders. D. A. GREENE SALES CO., Genesee Bank Bldg., Flint, Mich.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

MILLINERY buyer and merchandiser of high producing power seeks new connection; extensive experience in local and foreign markets in buying and merchandising for one of New York's largest stores as well as other well-known stores throughout the country; resourceful in ideas that move merchandise quickly; notable record of achievements; accustomed to handling volume from 300,000 up to 800,000 in both popular and higher priced millinery; salary to be commensurate with results shown. Box A-2, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass.

SUCCESSFUL sales executive desires connection in similar capacity; extensive experience in automotive field; 9 years domestic, 7 years foreign; age 30; A-1 credentials. Write Box T-96, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

Local Classified

APARTMENTS—FURNISHED

BOSTON—Sublet, furnished sunny 1-room, kitchenette and bath, $35 per month; attractive location. W-91, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

NEW YORK CITY, 521 West 111th—Five rooms, piano, electrolux; less than unfurnished rental. Tel. Cathedral 8-4982.

APARTMENTS—UNFURNISHED

FOUR sunny rooms and bath; select, convenient neighborhood; light, heat, yard. 236 Quincy St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lafayette 3-7943-J.

APARTMENTS TO LET

ARLINGTON ARMS
144-44 SANFORD AVE., FLUSHING, N. Y.
Opposite Christian Science church
2-3-4-room apartments; reasonable rents. W. F. TAYLOR, Inc., 163-24 Northern Blvd., Flushing, N. Y. Phone Ivanhoe 2-7800.

BOSTON—BACK BAY
7 Haviland Street
5-room apartment, steam heat, janitor service; excellent condition, moderate rent; convenient to subway. Call MR. HELLER, Lafayette 7185.

BROOKLINE, MASS.
Beautiful 7-room apartment, all sunny; large, Frigidaire, open porch, garage; 10 minutes to Park St.; very nice location. For inspection every day and Sunday. Tel. Reg. 3736.

JAMAICA, L. I., 89-18 184 St. Phone Republic 9-2126—Five large, sunny rooms and sun porch, heated, modern improvements; garage optional.

NEW YORK CITY—Furnished for the summer or unfurnished for longer period; co-operative apartment; quiet surroundings; 3 large rooms, bath, real kitchen; very attractive; immediate possession. HASTINGS, 171 W. 12th St.

SCARSDALE, N. Y., Eton Lodge, Garth Rd.—4-room apartment, completely furnished, grand piano; May-October; parkway view. Enquire Supt., Telephone 2458.

AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

MARMON limousine, elegant, $2 hour, $300 month, or by trip; owner drives; reference. Flatbush 2-3200, BACHMAN, 175 Fenimore St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOARD FOR CHILDREN

ARKAVEN offers loving home and happy vacation to girls 5-10 and boys 6-13. Inquire MRS. IRENE SEE IVES, P. O. Box 294, Lake Placid, N. Y.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS

HUDSON FULTON CONSTRUCTION CO., Inc.
Specialists in Landscape Construction. Roads, Swimming Pools, Walls, Ponds, Dams, Tennis Courts, Rock Gardens, etc.
Estimates cheerfully given.
WILTON, CONN. Tel. Wilton 244

CAMPS AND COTTAGES

ADIRONDACKS—For rent, Corlear Bay Club, on shore of Lake Champlain, in the pines, on privately owned estate, furnished housekeeping cottages, with open fireplaces, running spring water, sand beach, tennis courts; within driving distance of all principal points in the Adirondacks; daily delivery of supplies and mail; rentals $140 to $538; references required. C. E. EASTON, Scarsborough, N. Y.

HAIRDRESSERS

HARVARD BARBER & BEAUTY SHOP, Maurice L. Kornberg, Prop. 23A Harvard St., Brookline, Mass. Marcelling a specialty.

12:00 noon—Shopping news; news;
12:45 p. m.—CBS, Columbus Revue.
1:00 p. m.—Boston Information Service.
2:15 p. m.—CBS, Columbia Artists Recital.
3:00 p. m.—CBS, U. S. Marine Band.
3:30 p. m.—CBS, Arthur Jarrett, tenor.
4:00 p. m.—Spotlighting Modern Education.
4:15 p. m.—CBS, Light Opera Gems.
4:45 p. m.—CBS, Great Britain; international Exchange.

WAAB

7:45 a. m.—Time; news; records.
8:45 a. m.—CBS and studio programs.
12:30 p. m.—Noonday service from King's Chapel.
1:00 p. m.—CBS, Hall's Taft Orchestra.
1:30 p. m.—CBS, Presentation of Ligue International Trophy to Clyde Pangborn.
2:00 p. m.—Records; shopping news; news.
3:00 p. m.—Baseball game, Brayes vs. Brooklyn, Braves Field.

Harvard Plans Commencement

Harvard College's commencement program, from June 19 to 24, will be changed materially from previous years. Activities of the annual Class Day will not be held in the Harvard Yard, traditional home of the seniors, but in the triangle bounded by Winthrop, Eliot and Kirkland Houses on the river. The time schedule has been changed and all events will be concentrated into a much shorter period.

The committee in charge in attempting to eliminate periods of inactivity, have moved the Sanders Theater exercises, formerly held at 11 o'clock in the morning, to the afternoon, with only a short period intervening before the Stadium exercises. At Sanders Theater the oration and class poem will be read, with the singing of the class ode as the final event. The ivy oration will be delivered in the Stadium, to be followed by the confetti battle between graduates and undergraduates. Another gap preceding the evening events will be filled by a buffet supper and dance in the houses following the Stadium exercises.

Kirkland House has been reserved for members of the class of 1907, which will be celebrating their twenty-fifth anniversary. The evening concert by the Instrumental Club and Glee Club will also be an added innovation this year.

AIRWAYS SHOW ROLL OF 17,628 PILOTS

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP)—There are 17,628 pilots and 7476 aircraft licensed in the United States.

Col. Clarence M. Young, Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Aeronautics, said yesterday there had been a slight decrease in these licenses since Jan. 1. The licensed pilots included 512 women.

Local Classified

FURRIERS

FUR COATS remodeled, repaired and new garments sold. Attractive prices for scarfs.
Storage at Revillon Frères costs 2% of your valuation.
All coats received for remodelling and repairing are stored free. We call and deliver.
VICTOR WEISER
127 EAST 28TH ST., NEW YORK CITY
Alg. 4-7435

HOUSES TO LET

BRONXVILLE, N. Y.—Delightful section, 8-room house, furnished, for summer season or longer, 3 baths, lavatory, garden, garage, terrace; $300 monthly. Write Box N-4, Room 1804, 270 Madison Ave., New York City.

COTTAGE, beach privileges; 6 rooms, bath, electricity; $35 on lease, $50 furnished. Jones Beach 7 miles. Address TRADER, Seaford, L. I., N. Y.

LOST AND FOUND

Found by Boston Police Dept.

7146111—Velocipede, red and white, marked Colson Fairy.
CALL LOST AND FOUND DEPARTMENT Ken. 6700, Line 9

PAYING GUESTS

HILLVIEW
Tel. Woodstock N. Y. 140 Woodstock, N. Y.
In the beautiful Catskill Mountains; especially erected for quiet rest and study.
Mrs. Sibyl Weinert, Manager

SILVER BIRCHES
Lake Ronkonkoma, Long Island, N. Y.
Artistic and cultured environment for study; out-door dining rooms, sleeping porches; bathing, tennis.
Booklet Ronkonkoma 18

PIPE ORGAN TUNING

ORGANS MAINTAINED
tuned, repaired or rebuilt on an economical annual contract basis. Pianos tuned and repaired.
HENRY LEHR
27 years' experience—serving Greater New York.
6351 77th Place, Middle Village, L. I., N. Y.
Tel. Juniper 6-7781.

REAL ESTATE

AT RYE
Country Home for the Summer
Overlooking Long Island Sound, back in West Chester Hills.
SUZANNE GEDNEY
19 Purchase St., Rye, N. Y. Tel. 671

FOR SALE—Small hotel on Barnegat Bay, N. J.; completely furnished, vapor heat, garages, bathhouses and gas station. For further information write Box 32, Bayville, N. J.

LARCHMONT, N. Y.—For charm and stability one will look long before finding a home like this, for the price; 8 spacious rooms, 3 baths, 2-car garage; brick colonial on approximately one-half acre of land; price $31,500. Tel. Lar. 1070. THOS. B. SUTTON, Inc., 93 Boston Post Road.

MAMARONECK HOMES AND BUSINESS PROPERTY—Excellent values; good terms; open Sundays. FRED T. WILSON, Real Estate, 236 Mamaroneck Ave., Mamaroneck, N. Y., near Post Office.

ROOMS TO LET

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—Large airy room, use bath; business woman preferred; by month $11 unfurnished; $15 furnished; near church. Write MISS HAMMER, 1319 49th St.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., 328 Marlborough Road—Small room, clean and comfortable, in very quiet private home; 2 minutes B.M.T. Tel. Bu. 2-3453.

Luxury plus Economy
One of the most ideally located hotels in Metropolitan New York, 18 minutes from Times Square, 4 minutes from Wall St., offers you every luxury plus real economy, large suite rooms, full hotel service, swimming pool, roof solarium. B. M. T. to Borough Hall.
$10-$20 weekly
The PIERREPONT
Pierrepont at Hicks St., Brooklyn
Tel. Main 4-5500

N. Y. C., 130 West 74th—Modern single, double, $6-$10; also 3 rooms $20 week; private house. Sus. 7-9424.

N. Y. C.—Two furnished rooms, single or en suite, lavatory; private apartment; exceptional; near church. Tel. Riverside 9-1402.

NEW YORK CITY, 331 W. 101st St.—Very attractive room with kitchenette, hot and cold water; reduced rates. Academy 2-2913.

ROCKVILLE CENTER, L. I., N. Y.—One or two furnished rooms in private home; stop in front of house; handy to station. 141 Brower Ave. Tel. Rockville Centre 3476.

SALESWOMEN WANTED

LINGERIE, Hosiery, Aprons; easy selling acquaintances; guaranteed merchandise; exceptional values; splendid commissions with cash sale; credit arranged. PHOEBE LINGERIE CO., 1170 Broadway, N. Y., Corner 28th.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WOMAN, married, desires position, housekeeper or caretaker; husband will give part-time service. 5136 Lancaster Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

BOY 17 wishes office work, year experience, 1½ years high school. SCHWARZ, South Ozone Park, L. I., N. Y. Luxenbergh 8-3496.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, driving his own Packard limousine, offers his services by the month; steady position preferred; is uniformed; willing, obliging; linguist; goes anywhere; best references. GASSER, 34 Convent Ave., N. Y. C.

SITUATIONS WANTED—WOMEN

ATTENDANT-COMPANION, housework or care of children; good plain cook; former school teacher; Christian Scientists preferred; references exchanged. Box W-90, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

TORONTO, ONT.—Housekeeper or companion; good cook; light work. MISS AGNES HENDERSON, 674 Dundas St., Y. W. C. A.

SOLOISTS WANTED

WANTED—Soloist for First Church of Christ, Scientist, Buffalo, N. Y.; Christian Scientist preferred. Apply to Chairman of Music Committee, 143 Northland Ave.

SUMMER HOMES

Summer Homes for Rent
We have many good properties for sale that are wonderful bargains. Homes, Lots and Farms.
PIERCE AGENCY
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
520 Arnold Avenue, Point Pleasant, N. J.
"SEE US FIRST"

TO LET—FURNISHED

NEW YORK CITY, 354 W. 72nd—Half block express subway, two sunny, attractive rooms, kitchenette and bath; monthly or weekly.

CONNECTICUT

BRIDGEPORT

GOODYEAR Means Good Wear
Blue Ribbon Tire Service
Incorporated
JOHN STREET at PARK AVENUE

Have you tried our Homemade
Clam Chowder
or
Delicious Roasted Chicken?
LIEDLE'S DELICATESSEN
48 WOOD AVENUE

MECHANICS & FARMERS SAVINGS BANK
COR. BANK AND MAIN STREETS
BRIDGEPORT, CONN.
Savings Accounts *Travelers Checks*
Safe Deposit Boxes *Christmas Club*
We solicit your business and the above departments will be pleased to serve you.

THE HEGEMAN TRANSFER and LIGHTERAGE TERMINAL, INC.
Daily Freight Service between New York City, Bridgeport, New Haven and Waterbury, Connecticut.

HENRY C. REID & SON
WATCHES
DIAMONDS *and* JEWELRY
1134 Broad Street

CONNECTICUT

BRIDGEPORT
(Continued)

Knit-Tex Topcoats
Now $25
The Knit-tex material is no ordinary material. It makes the Knit-tex Topcoat look like an expensive importation. Soft and drapey . . . comfortable because of its light weight . . . yet warm enough for the chilliest day of Spring . . .
At Meigs Corner MEIGS & CO. INCORPORATED Dial 5-2181 Ext 3400

Thompson's Apparel Shop
985 MAIN STREET
Apparel of the Better Kind
including
The Black Shire Gowns

Jewelers and Silversmiths
G. W. Fairchild & Sons Inc.
Jewelry and Silverware of Exceptional Merit, Priced Most Reasonably
Main at Arcade BRIDGEPORT

Meeting the Demand for Economy
The new "Arch Style" Shoe
$4 in all styles for Women
Arch Support—Combination Last
FOSTER-SYSTEM Co.
956 MAIN ST., BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

HOWLAND'S
Oriental Rug Sale
It is Our Sincere Belief that these are the finest Orientals we have ever had in our store. It is our certain knowledge that the prices are the lowest they have EVER been for such superb rugs.

John Reck & Son
CARL C. RECK, PROP.
Ask for Our $1.50 Week-End Flower Special
1040 MAIN STREET

GREENWICH

HARRY EDDY
Eddy's Market
GREENWICH AVE. Tel. 571

NEW ENGLAND CARPET CLEANING CO.
CLEANERS AND DYERS
169 West Putnam Ave., Greenwich, Conn.
Telephones 1800-1801

Old Greenwich Service Station
At the Railroad Station Tel. 7-1475
TIRES—GASOLINE—LUBRICATION

Leonard's Tea Room
Luncheon—Tea—Dinner
Special Fancy Ice Cream Forms
Moderate Prices
148 MASON STREET Tel. 4039

MacMillen & Company
FLORISTS
FREDERICK LAGERSTRAM, Prop.
48-50 ARCH STREET Tel. 359

HARTFORD

Monitor Advertising Information Bureau
If the advertisement for which you are looking is not in this issue call The Christian Science Monitor Advertising Information Bureau where a complete record of local and national advertisers is kept.
Telephone 2-3619
129 LAFAYETTE STREET
1-4 Daily except Saturdays and Holidays

NOW LOCATED at
269 Trumbull St.
We will be glad to welcome you to our new location.
H. F. CORNING & CO.
LEATHER GOODS to meet your needs.

All the important titles of *FICTION AND NON-FICTION* received as soon as published.
WITKOWER'S
77-79 ASYLUM STREET
MAIL ORDERS FILLED

559 MAIN Beroth Bread Shop 1133 MAIN

Wilkinson's
738 MAIN STREET
FRESHLY MADE CANDIES
Chocolates, Popcorn, Caramels, Bon Bons
Plain—NUTS—Salted Patties and Glacé
PURE MAPLE SUGAR CANDIES
with and without Black Walnuts.

COMPLETE INSURANCE SERVICE
ARTHUR M. GRAYSON
Judd Building 75 Pearl Street
Phone 2-9832

THE SCANDIA MARKET COMPANY
Meats and Groceries
858 PARK STREET Phone 3-0498

HOSIERY
CHIFFON AND SERVICE ALL PERFECT 69c
SPECIAL VALUE
WEAR-RITE HOSIERY CO.
755 Main Street *Near Pearl Street*
Men will be pleased with our HANAN or LAWRENCE shoes for SPRING 1932.
We have good merchandise and the will to serve.
JAMES LAWRENCE & SON
197 TRUMBULL STREET

JUVENILE FOOTWEAR SHOP
WALTER T. FISH
Shoes — Rubbers — Hosiery
968A FARMINGTON AVENUE
WEST HARTFORD CENTER

WEE LASSIE FROCKS
with Hats to match
DOTTED ORGANDIE in Pastel Shades. Sizes 2 to 6 years. Special $1.29. Also Children's Imported Sweaters were $2.95—now $1.95
EGAN SHOP, 53 Allyn St.

CONNECTICUT

HARTFORD
(Continued)

FOX'S GLACIER-MINTS
Just another of the many good things you can buy at
M. J. BURNHAM, Inc.
WEST HARTFORD CENTER

NEW METHOD LAUNDRY CORP.
61-99 ALBANY AVENUE
A Complete Laundry Service Designed to Meet Every Budget and Every Need. Dry Cleaning and Dyeing.
PHONE 2-3112 PLEASE

MERIDEN

ENNA JETTICK
Shoes for Women
$5 $6
Expert Fitting Service
BESSE BOYNTON STORE

Winthrop Beauty Parlor
WINTHROP HOTEL
Tel. 2708 Colony Street

New Virginia Cookies
A variety of fresh southern-made cookies in air-tight cans. Ideal for tea or bridge parties, 50c each.
GROCER—BAKER—CATERER
H. C. BIBEAU, Colony St.

CHURCH & MORSE
Hardware—Housefurnishings
Good Merchandise—Fair Prices
45-47 South Colony Street Phone 550

MIDDLETOWN

THE MIDDLETOWN LAUNDRY CO.
Our prices are reasonable.
Phone 422 for information.
79-83 COURT STREET

Willett Corset Shop
72 WASHINGTON ST. Phone 949-W
DRESSES
Advance Summer Styles
Silk $3.95, Cotton $1.95

COLUMBIA SOUP
ALL KINDS
3 cans 25c
WETHERBEE & CONROY
346 MAIN STREET Phone 2389

Shampooing—Finger Waving
Marcelling—Haircutting
All Done the Proper Way
Middlesex Beauty Salon
113 COLLEGE STREET Phone 350

HAMILTON WATCHES
CLARK & TRUE, Inc.
Jewelry—Optical Goods
Established Since 1891

WHEN IN NEED OF
Plumbing, Heating or Sheet Metal Work
Tel. 510 BACON BROS.

The NEW BOSTON
SELF FEEDER
PENCIL SHARPENER
$1.75
Fully Guaranteed
HAZEN'S BOOKSTORE

FARMERS & MECHANICS SAVINGS BANK
189 MAIN STREET

NEW BRITAIN

Let Us Serve You
RACKLIFFE OIL COMPANY
STATIONS
Franklin Square
East Main and Stanley Sts.
West Main and Corbin Ave.
1707 Stanley St.
667 Arch St.
168 Farmington Ave.
25 Washington St.

THE NEW BRITAIN DRY CLEANING CORP.
NEW BRITAIN, CONN.
CLEANERS AND DYERS
"The only exclusive retail cleaners in the city"
Branch Office 96 W. MAIN ST. Telephone 1323
Main Office and Works 415 W. MAIN ST. Telephone 364
R. J. KLOIBER — A. F. EICHSTAEDT

NEW HAVEN

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the article you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor call 5-2215, where a bureau of all local and national advertisers is maintained from 1-4 daily, except Saturdays and holidays.
Room 806 MALLEY BUILDING

THE SHOP ON WHEELS
PLUMBING, HEATING, SHEET METAL WORK REPAIR SERVICE
CHARLES A. MENZIES, Inc.
67 WHITNEY AVE.
Phones: 3-3634, 2-1274

Telegraph Delivery Everywhere
Coombs "SAY IT WITH FLOWERS"
970 Chapel St.

Call 5-6321
for QUALITY FOOD *and* PRIME MEATS
Empire Quality Market
1492 CHAPEL STREET

CONNECTICUT

NEW HAVEN
(Continued)

JOHNSON'S
is still the store for BETTER Merchandise correctly priced and becoming to New Haven Men and Boys
J. Johnson & Sons
"THE LIVE STORE"
85-89 Church Street

THE EDW. MALLEY CO.
Untrimmed Coats
$25
Tweed Mixtures
Polo Weaves
Plaid Diagonals
—In fact all of the smartest styles and colors may be found in these lovely models.
Coats Second Floor

BULLARD'S
ELM STREET, COR. ORANGE
We Invite You to Inspect
The "Good Housekeeping" Living Room and Dining Alcove on Our Main Floor. Illustrated in April Issue.

The Mechanics Bank
72 CHURCH STREET
COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS
Over a Century of Service

WALK-OVER SHOES
for MEN and WOMEN
Walk-Over Shoe Shop
SYDNEY STOKES, Proprietor
930 CHAPEL STREET
MAIN SPRING ARCH SHOES

THE ARCH PRESERVER SHOE
For Men and Women
EMERSON-DARBY, Inc.
156 Temple Street

Godfrey & Cooper GARAGE
Distributors of INDIA TIRES
32 TEMPLE STREET 3-5934

De ROTHSCHILD'S
French Cleaners and Dyers
Established 1897
70 Whitney Avenue 7-4744
47 High Street 6-3671

PERENNIALS and ROCK GARDEN PLANTS
Mary A. Harrington
NEWTON ROAD, WOODBRIDGE
Near Town Hall 5-4281

NEW LONDON

The BOOKSHOP Inc.
Books of All Publishers
Cards ✦ Gifts ✦ Stationery
MERIDIAN AND CHURCH ST.

The Woman's Shoppe
Evening Gowns—Lingerie
238 STATE ST. Telephone 9158

THE
Mariners Savings Bank
STATE STREET
Complete Savings Bank Service

NORWALK
(See Also Westport)

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor, call 3707-J where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained, from 10 to 1 daily.

Let us show you how we can save you money on AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE
Norwalk Agency, Inc.
74 WALL ST., NORWALK, CONNECTICUT

FRANK LAUDER
Jeweler
96 Washington St. South Norwalk, Conn.
Tel. 3201

ROGERS & STEVENS
Clothiers—Two Stores
Norwalk and South Norwalk

CONNECTICUT

NORWALK
(Continued)

GOOD YEAR SERVICE STATION
McCOLLUM Tire and Vulcanizing Shop
ROAD SERVICE
Phone 3359 501 West Ave., Norwalk, Conn.

Better Baked Products
de Bruycker Bake Shops
512 WEST AVENUE

ANGEVINE FURNITURE CO.
Artistic Home Furnishings
16 North Main St., So. Norwalk, Conn.
Phone 256

NORWALK SAVINGS SOCIETY
NORWALK, CONNECTICUT
Assets Over $11,000,000

STAMFORD

Monitor Advertising Information Bureau
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor call 3-7535, where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained from 10 to 3
100 PROSPECT STREET

YOU MAY STILL ORDER
Printed Personal Stationery
200 Single Sheets $1.00
100 Envelopes
A REMARKABLE PRICE!
Linen or bond paper in white, blue, pink, grey or buff
Excellent quality—as individual as your bank book!
Printed in blue ink, with neat block letters
ORDERS TAKEN NOW!
The C. O. MILLER CO.
Stationery Section

HATS, FROCKS, SPORTSWEAR
The French Shop
55 BEDFORD ST.
Phone 3-5054
New Spring Models Now on Display

Lockwood & Palmer Co.
DAVENPORT SQUARE
*Fertil

CONNECTICUT

WATERBURY
(Continued)

GRIEVE, BISSET & HOLLAND, Inc.

WE ARE MEMBERS OF THE TELEGRAPHIC ASSOCIATION
and will gladly fill your orders for flowers, ferns or potted plants.
DEAN *The Florist*
68 CENTER STREET Phone 4-2788

WESTPORT

Bon Ton Meat Market
Choice Meats and Sea Food at Reasonable Prices
10 MAIN STREET, Westport, Conn.

MARYLAND

BALTIMORE

Order Now!!
AWNINGS
WINDOW SHADES
General Window Shade Repairing
Baltimore Window Shade & Awning Co.
413 W. MULBERRY STREET
Vernon 4701

Stoll Shoppe
EUGENE
PERMANENT WAVE
Tuesday Special—Shampoo, Water Wave and Manicure, $1.00
LOUISE M. STOLL
922 W. NORTH AVE. Madison 2592

NEW YORK

ALBANY

John G. Myers Co.
ALBANY, N. Y.
A Service for
The Bride and Her Attendants
MYERS
Brides-Bureau
A Personalized shopping service to relieve you of many problems by planning your costume and your attendants' costumes with infinite care and good taste.
Brides-Bureau
Second Floor

Steefel Says
40 Odd Coats
Spring Coats
$4.95
Priced Originally at $10.95 to $25.00
Steefel Brothers
ALBANY, NEW YORK

Society Brand Suits and Topcoats
$30.00, $35.00 and $40.00
BOYCE & MILWAIN
66-68 State St., Albany, N. Y.

The Van Heusen Charles Company
470 BROADWAY
"A Gift from Van Heusen's Means More"

Cook Temperature Control
for coal or coke burning furnaces
Two-year guarantee
HOWARD DEITZ
190 WHITEHALL RD., ALBANY, N. Y.
Phone 4-6783

G. C. REARDON, Inc.
Furniture of Character
Gulistan Rugs
Glenwood and Stewart Stoves
BROADWAY AND MAIDEN LANE

DUSTLESS COAL
NIAGARA HUDSON COKE
BUILDING MATERIALS
John T. D. Blackburn, Inc.
DIAL 3-1268

HOAG & TAYLOR
MEN'S WEAR
Maiden Lane and James Street
NEW SPRING MERCHANDISE ARRIVING DAILY

HARVEY'S GARAGE
251-61 HUDSON AVE.
TYDOL—COLONIAL GAS
Agency De Soto, Plymouth Automobiles
Storage Service, Exp. Mechanics

BINGHAMTON

Parlor City Shoe Co.
40 COURT STREET
New Spring Models in STETSON SHOES for Men and Women

DOWNYFLAKE SHOP
54 COURT STREET
Best of Everything to Eat
DOUGHNUTS CAKES PASTRY

Bates-Troy Laundry
PHONE 4-1371
Special Attention to Family Launderings
A TRIAL IS SOLICITED

NEW YORK

BINGHAMTON
(Continued)

Scot Crest
SUITS and TOPCOATS
For MEN
Finer Fabrics, Better Tailored
Lower Priced, $25.00
at McLEAN'S

Cloverdale Farms Co.
PHONE 2-5361
"A" *Pasteurized Milk*
Certified Milk, Guernsey "A" Raw Milk, Cottage Cheese, Buttermilk, Butter, Ice Cream

L'OSEE
Cleaners and Pressers
Established Telephone and Free Delivery Service
Dial 4-1113 20 HENRY STREET

ENNA JETTICK
SHOES FOR WOMEN
You need no longer be told you have an expensive foot. $5.00 or $6.00.
BULL'S, 46 Court Street

The Salisbury Tea Rooms
694 CHENANGO STREET
Luncheon Dinner
75c to $1.25
For Reservation Phone 45351
TOURISTS

NORGE ELECTRIC REFRIGERATOR
"WEARS IN AND NOT OUT"
RADIO TESTING STATION
C. L. Reynolds, *Prop.*
25 STURGES ST. Dial 2-5501
Downtown Store—188 Washington Street

Central Cash Market
LEWIS M. EVANS
114 STATE STREET
Choice Meats and Groceries
FRESH VEGETABLES
Phone 4-4859

Gulbran Radio Service
45 VINE STREET
Free Inspection and Testing
DIAL {4-3148 / 4-5608}

BRONXVILLE

STUDIO ARCADE HAIRDRESSING SHOP
Artistic Finger Waving by Male Operator
Hair Cutting, Marcel and Permanent Waving and Facials
SARA H. FRY
10 Studio Arcade Tel. Bronxville 3163
Pondfield Rd. W., North End of Sta. Plaza.

WESTCHESTER FUEL COMPANY
Quality Coal
Tuckahoe, N. Y. Tels. 1472-3

FERRIS RADIO CO.
107 PONDFIELD RD. Tel. 4544—4545
ALL LINES OF MUSIC
Authorized Agents for Stromberg-Carlson, Atwater Kent, Philco, Westinghouse, also Westinghouse Refrigerators.

Miss Williams Shop
60 PONDFIELD ROAD Phone 3379
Cards—Candles—Books
Renting Library

FLOWERS
The flowers that you order through us will last; will be arranged with taste; will be delivered as promised.
Mrs. MORGAN'S FLOWER SHOP
Phone Bronxville 2338
145 Parkway Road

PONDFIELD MARKET, Inc.
HIGH GRADE
Meats Poultry Provisions Sea Food
Bronx 0153 82½ Pondfield Road

Duleto & Comstock, Inc.
Outfitters to Men and Boys
Dry Cleansing and Pressing
40 Palmer Avenue Phone 4070-4071

Bronxville Garage, Inc.
KENSINGTON ROAD STORAGE TEL. 3351-3352 SUPPLIES
Agents for Willys-Knight and Willys
Branch Service Stations
540 Palmer Ave., Bryn Mawr
502 Tuckahoe Road, Yonkers
47-49 So. Third Ave., Mt. Vernon

If It's Electrical We Have It
The Chas. H. Ryan Co.
Plumbers, Heating, Tinning and Electrical Work
74 PONDFIELD ROAD Tel. 3810
The House or the Shop on Wheels

EDGAR S. BELLIS
Pharmacist
FOR SERVICE AND QUALITY
Household and Toilet Necessities
116 Pondfield Road at Cedar Street
Bronxville, N. Y.
Phones 1073—0459—3129

BUFFALO

WE ARE THE HOME OF Matrix Shoes
YOUR FOOTPRINT IN LEATHER
MATRIX BOOT SHOP
249 DELAWARE AVENUE

Central DRY CLEANING CO.
Grant 3365
159-167 WEST UTICA STREET
Modern Cold Storage Vaults

Delaware Arms Restaurant
193 DELAWARE AVENUE
Luncheon 50c
Roast Chicken or Club Steak Dinner . 75c
Chicken or T-Bone Steak $1.00
Sunday Dinner $1.00

NEW YORK

BUFFALO
(Continued)

Lonesome Hollow Anthracite

the "high test" hard coal from the famous fields of Scranton
99.77% Slate Free
10.5% to 26.1% Less Ash
24c to 64.1c
More Heat Value per Ton
Everyone knows the extra power in High Test Gasoline. There are many brands on the market. But there is only one "HIGH TEST" Coal . . . LONESOME HOLLOW. The better gas costs more; this better coal costs the same. To you who pay the coal bills, this announcement means much.
A Fuel for Every Purpose
J. Q. Clarke Coal Co., Inc.
C. J. ARMITAGE, Mgr.
Marion Street at Elmwood
Phone: Delaware 3300

Walk-Over
Shoes and Hosiery
504 Main Street
1406 Hertel Avenue

"Buffalo's Finest Place to Eat"
MacDoels Restaurant
600 MAIN ST. at Chippewa
Full Course Noon Luncheon 50c
Club Dinners, 85c
De Luxe Dinners, $1

Mary Alma's Kitchen Cupboard
TEA ROOM and FOOD SHOP
291 BRYANT STREET
Special Luncheon, 50 cents
Special Dinners, 65c—$1.00
Also a la carte
Closed all day Sunday

Furniture Worth While
GRAF AND JOHNSON, INC.
314 WEST FERRY STREET
890-92 TONAWANDA STREET
1445 JEFFERSON AVENUE

WILLIAM PRIEBE
AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING and SIMONIZING
56 LANDON STREET
Phone Jefferson 8993-R

CORTLAND

We have a large and varied assortment of new and up-to-date
WALL PAPERS
All in the latest designs and colorings
H. C. MUNSON

ELMIRA

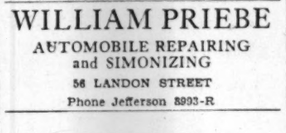
Where Fashions in Good Taste Are Not Expensive
The Gorton Coy.
Where Water St. Meets Main

Tepper Brothers
Elmira's Foremost Department Store
Quality Merchandise Lower Prices

ITHACA

Bertha Holmes Barlow
HARPER METHOD
Permanent Waving, $10
Finger and Marcel Waving
Phone 8170 208 E. STATE ST.

KELLY SPRINGFIELD TIRES
Lang's Palace Garage
125 East Green Street



"If it is good to eat we aim to have it"
ATWATERS'.

PRINTING
A Complete Printing Service
NORTON PRINTING CO.
317 EAST STATE STREET Phone 9451

Up-to-Date Dress for Your Jewels
Jewels, always lovely, demand new settings as fashion decrees. Bring them to us for an estimate.
R. A. HEGGIE & BRO. CO.
136 E. STATE STREET

VISIT THE NEW
FOURTH FLOOR!
GIFTS—CHINA, GLASSWARE and HOUSEWARES SECTIONS.
TREMAN, KING & CO.

JAMESTOWN

New Spring Styles
in Women's
SHOES—HOSIERY—MILLINERY
BAGS
Awaits Your Inspection at
WADE BROS.
212 MAIN STREET JAMESTOWN, N. Y.

Jamestown's Store of Youth and Fashion
The MARCUS CO.
216 N. Main. St.
PHONE 4-921

NEW YORK

JAMESTOWN
(Continued)

Thomas
CLEANING Co., Inc.
345 FOOTE AVENUE Phone 4760
Branch Office, 217 Washington Street
Phone 35522
JAMESTOWN, N. Y.
RUG CLEANING A SPECIALTY

WILL FAIRBANK
Dealer in
High Grade Meat Products
Poultry and Game
Distributor, Hyan Dry Ginger Ale Lime-Lithia
Dial 3-924 318 WEST THIRD ST.
Free Deliveries JAMESTOWN, N. Y.

Special Pewter
$1.00
Lockwood's
Third at Cherry
JAMESTOWN, N. Y. PHONE 6-737

KENMORE

KenmoreHaberdashery
The store for men and boys, showing new spring merchandise at new low prices.
2874 DELAWARE AVE., *Opposite School*
Open Evenings Del. 0483

NEW LOW PRICES
SIMPLEX FLEXIES
All Colors—All Sizes
Allen's Kenmore Boot Shop
2874 DELAWARE AVE. RI. 2064

LARCHMONT

Spring Is Here!
CAROLINE REAMY
Is showing HATS in new and Charmingly different styles.
Specializing in three prices
$3.75 $2.75 $1.75
32 HILLCREST AVENUE, LARCHMONT
Tel. Larchmont 3193

Long Island

CORONA

WE ARE NOW LOCATED IN OUR NEW SHOP
Ready to serve you with a new stock of merchandise very reasonable in price.
GILLS MEN'S SHOP
37-68 Junction Blvd., *near Corona Theatre*

ELMHURST

TO OUR CUSTOMERS
After taking matters into consideration, we have decided to re-open our store about May 1st, after alterations are completed, with our usual policy of—serving the best for the least amount of money.
We wish to thank you in advance for your cooperation and hope we may continue to serve you.
Sack & Daniels
DEPT. STORE
9049 CORONA AVE., *near Bridge*

SEACREST LAUNDRY INC.
ELMHURST L.I. NEwtown 9-0000
"BUNDLES OF SATISFACTION"

SEEDS
Garden Supplies—Fertilizer
Insectides and Sprayers
Hardware, Paints, etc.
VICTOR B. WEBER & SONS
8707 JUSTICE AVE. New. 9-0043

ELMHURST NATIONAL BANK
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD
Your patronage is earnestly solicited
43-33 91st Place at Elmhurst Bridge

FAR ROCKAWAY

BRODY'S—Music Shop
Majestic Refrigerators
General Electric Sun Lamp
All Standard Makes of Radios
1004 CENTRAL AVENUE

Tel. Far Rock. 7-5785
FRANCES SPECIALTY SHOP
FROCKS—HATS—COATS
NOVELTIES
1845-1851 MOTT AVENUE
Branch—FRANCES SPORT SHOP
405 CENTRAL AVENUE, CEDARHURST

RED STAR MARKET
Meat Department, 270 CENTRAL AVENUE
WEEK END SPECIAL
2 Fancy Broilers, 77 cents
TEL. FAR ROCKAWAY 7-6872

ALBERT HYMAN
Footwear of Quality
for the Entire Family
Agent for Florsheim Shoes
For Men and Women
1037 CENTRAL AVENUE

FAR ROCKAWAY
Cedarhurst

LILLIAN PERPER
Cordially invites you to her home where you can choose the smartest
JUNIOR—MISSES'—LADIES'
SPORT CLOTHES—TOWN DRESSES
EVENING FROCKS
All Specially Priced
400 Oak Avenue Tel. Cedarhurst 2560

TEL. CEDARHURST 1488
JULIUS S. WESTON
Plumbing and Heating
Materials and Labor Greatly Reduced
Agent for Sundstrand Oil Burner
477 CENTRAL AVENUE

NORGE
Rollator Refrigeration
WESTMINSTER
RADIO SALES and SERVICE
All makes of Radios Repaired
513 CENTRAL AVE. Tel. Cedarhurst 0291

FAR ROCKAWAY
Rockaway Park

Park Hardware Co.
General Electric Refrigerator
Hardware—Paints
House Furnishings, etc.
113-07 Boulevard Tel. Belle Harbor 5-2270

NEW YORK

Long Island

FAR ROCKAWAY—Woodmere

Milk's
KATZ BROS., Props.
Tailors and Furriers for Men and Women
DRY CLEANING AND DYEING
6 IRVING PLACE, NEAR BROADWAY
Tel. Cedarhurst 3286

FLORAL PARK—Queens Village

STOP FIRST AT
BITTNER'S
"Fair Deal" Market
It will repay you in Quality and Savings
An Authorized PLEE-ZING Distributor
PLEE-ZING Half Peaches, No. 2½ Can 18c
PLEE-ZING Fancy, Tiny Peas, No. 2 can 2 for 29c
PLEE-ZING Free Running Salt, 2 lb. box 2 for 9c
PLEE-ZING Assorted Sweet Relish, 1 lb. jar 2 for 25c
218-28 Hempstead Ave. Phone HOllis 5-4670
(Near Springfield Blvd.) Deliveries in Queens

ANDERSON'S
Lawn Seed and Fertilizer
GARDEN IMPLEMENTS
Full line of BENJAMIN MOORE'S PAINTS
242-27 Rocky Hill Rd. Tel. Fieldstone 3-1905

Specialist in Corsetry
Queens Corset Shoppe
EVERYTHING FOR MILADY
"The oldest and most reliable corset shop in Queens Village"
215-31 JAMAICA AVENUE
Opposite Community House

FLUSHING

New Smart Cotton Frocks are arriving daily
Priced at $5.95 and up
THE boulevard shop
141-03 Northern Blvd., Flushing, N. Y.
OPEN EVENINGS

SCHULZE'S BAKERY
Well known for delicious Coffee Cake, Danish Pastries and Cheese Cake. All kinds of Cookies and Pies, Birthday and Wedding Cakes made to order. All baking done with butter, no lard used.
Phone Ind. 3-2103 41-11 170th Street
Opposite Murray Hill Station

FOREST HILLS

Window Shades and Table Pads made to order
We Do Artistic Picture Framing
The Forest Hills Shade & Frame Co.
Continental Ave. at Queens Boulevard
Tel. BO. 8-5824 Forest Hills, N. Y.

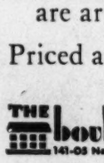
GREAT NECK

Dresses, $10 up Eugenie Young
Hats, $2 up Regina Black
The Studio Dress Shop
71 MIDDLE NECK RD., Great Neck, L. I.
Phone Great Neck 1946

Great Neck Beauty Studio
MAX TORNBY, *Hairdresser*
Specialist in
Eugene Permanent Waving
83 Middle Neck Road Tel. Great Neck 1299

HEMPSTEAD

CHEER UP!
What you need is a colorful NEW DRESS, a BEFITTING HAT or one of those NEW SPRING COATS that are so full of chic.
At extremely low prices to fit your adjusted budget.
Hats from 3.95, Dresses from 9.75, Coats from 14.95
ETTINGER'S
264 FULTON AVENUE



Telephone Hempstead 6487
MEADOW BROOK STUDIOS
Photographers Framing
283 FRONT ST.

MAYFLOWER ELECTRIC REFRIGERATOR
SINCE 1920
WINSTEN BROS.
49 CENTER ST., NEAR POST OFFICE

BRIGHTON MARKET
Prime Meats, Poultry, Provisions
FREE DELIVERY
BOB SAUERMAN JR., Proprietor
155 HENRY STREET Tel. Hemp. 400

Phone Hempstead 7243
MFP
MARCEL FROM PARIS, Inc.
MR. MARCEL
Formerly of Rue Scribe, Paris
Art Hairdresser
Specialist in Permanent Waving
44 MAIN STREET

JACKSON HEIGHTS

PHOTOGRAPHS
for the Elite of Long Island
PEARL ART STUDIO
37-14 82nd Street, *Near Polk Avenue*
Pomeroy 6-0980

Stanleys
MANUFACTURING FURRIER
Fur Coats Ready to Wear and Made to Order
40-27 82nd Street
Jackson Theatre Bldg.
Ph. Havemeyer 4-3757

37-47 82ND STREET POM. 6-8877
REKSTING-HOSKEN
Fine Dressmaking and Remodelling
Let us make over your old gowns to suit the present fashions. Beautiful line of hand-colored scarfs, handkerchiefs, negligee, pajamas, etc.

Smart Spring Hats
Also careful remodeling of old hats to suit present fashions at
THE LEE SHOP
7905 ROOSEVELT AVENUE New. 9-2111

NEW YORK

Long Island

JACKSON HEIGHTS
(Continued)

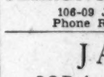
Dorothy Paton
All England Frocks
designed by a sportswoman
37-46-82nd St.

Smart Hats to match
Frances Anne Nichols

The DINNER BELL RESTAURANT, Inc.
Polk Avenue (37th) and 82nd Street
A High Standard of Service Maintained with Southern Menus a Specialty
Luncheon—Afternoon Tea—Dinner
Bridge Parties will be served as carefully as in your own home. Tel. Pomeroy 6-4018

AAA NEW YORK AUTOMOBILE CLUB
For Courteous and Dependable Service
Call Hav. 4-3966
Colony Garage
KING & EVANS, Inc.
78th St. and No. Blvd.
Cars Called For and Delivered
STORAGE—WASHING—LUBRICATION

Courteous Service Assured at Our DAIRY
BUTTER—EGGS—CHEESE
Also full line of groceries
J. HABERMAN
Hav. 4-8220 82-12 ROOSEVELT AVE.



SUPERCURLINE
$5 STEAM WAVE $6
of which we have the exclusive rights—wins for the third time 1st and 2nd prizes.
QUEENS BEAUTY SHOP
Pom. 6-5796—3744
82nd Street (over LOFT'S)

JAMAICA

New Spring Models on Display
F. R. HARRIS, *Corset Specialists*
163-27 JAMAICA AVE. Jamaica 6-2619

RICHMOND HILL

YOU CAN GET
Walk-Over Shoes
for MEN and WOMEN
and Kali-sten-ik Shoes for Children, plus 25 years of fitting experience and good service at
TOLLEY'S
Est. 1905—Phone 2-1752 R H
115-15 Jamaica Avenue
Richmond Hill, N. Y.

H. G. MAYBECK CO. Inc.
AWNINGS FLAGS
WINDOW SHADES
CHICAGO TONTINE
THE WASHABLE WINDOW SHADE
BEACH CHAIRS UMBRELLAS
145-14 Jamaica Ave. Jamaica 6-2889
9423 Jamaica Ave. Virginia 7-0008
60-26 Myrtle Ave., Ridgewood Hegeman 3-9181

Bob's
Millinery Shop
SERVES YOU RIGHT
112-23 Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill
Telephone Richmond Hill 2-1729
GUS. FERNQUIST
HYGRADE MEATS *and* GROCERIES
104-25 Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, N. Y.

HEINZ 57 VARIETIES
PERRON'S DELICATESSEN
106-09 JAMAICA AVENUE
Phone Richmond Hill 2-4001

JAHN'S
SODA CANDY
LUNCHEON
117-03 HILLSIDE AVENUE
Tel. Virginia 7-3888 *Next to R-K-O*

Pete's Florist
102-16 Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, N. Y.
Flowers for Every Occasion
Fresh Cut Flowers Daily
Wedding Decorations
Floral Designs All Kinds of Plants
Landscape Gardening
Phone R. H. 2-0277 Virginia 7-8212

Brooklyn Manor Garage and Gas Station
Accessories and Repairs
Prest-O-Lite Battery Service Station
Full Line of Standard Make Tires and Tubes
Jamaica Ave. and 101st St., Richmond Hill

GUTJAHR Inc.
Formerly Henry Bahrenburg, Inc.
Meats and Poultry of Quality
Tel. Richmond Hill 4330-4331-5932
115-19 Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, N. Y.

PARAMOUNT SHOE SHOP
Stetson Shoes
Treadeasy
Wilbur B. Coon Shoes
Sizes AAAA up. Combination Heel.
111-21 Jamaica Avenue RICHMOND HILL
Telephone Richmond Hill 2-3254

RICHMOND HILL
CYPRESS HILL

EMIL W. FABER
Dealer in
HIGH GRADE PRIME BEEF
MEAT PRODUCTS
POULTRY AND GAME
Orders called for and delivered.
3409 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y.
Tel. Applegate 3778

RICHMOND HILL
WOODHAVEN

RADIO
Expert Repairs—Service—Tubes
Battery Charging—Auto Ignition
K. S. JOHNSTON, *Prop.*
78-15 JAMAICA AVE. Phone Mich. 2-5307

NEW YORK

Long Island

ROCKVILLE CENTRE

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue, call The Christian Science Monitor Advertising Information Bureau, where a record of local and national advertisers is maintained
Tel. Rockville Centre 1615 31 Yale Place
8 a. m. to 1 p. m. daily.

HOOVER Suction Sweeper
TWO MODELS
$59.50 $79.50
Authorized Service
HOBBY & BROWN, Inc.
55 FRONT STREET R. V. C. 2486

Matrix Shoes
"YOUR FOOTPRINT IN LEATHER"
J. & E. LUTZ
FASHIONABLE FOOTWEAR
10 N. VILLAGE AVENUE R. V. C. 3058

NORGE
Rollator Refrigeration
NASH R. V. C. CORP.
241 MERRICK ROAD
Telephone Rockville Centre 3125—5171

PRINTZESS COATS *and* SUITS
Specializing in Youthful Dresses for the Larger Woman
STANLEY M. RICE
Tel. R. V. C. 1499
278 MERRICK ROAD AT PARK AVENUE

1202-J Rockville Centre
ELSIE BEAUTY SHOPPE
Frederics Permanent Waving, Special, $7.50
203 Sunrise Highway

HERMAN BROWN
MEN'S WEAR
KNIT-TEX TOP COATS $25.00
SAXON WEAVE SUITS $25.00
WORSTED-TEX SUITS $34.00
9 North Park Ave. Tel. R.V.C. 2540

HICKS & WATTS
THE HOME OF HIGH-GRADE HOUSEWARES
See our complete stock of
Trellises and Arbors
200 MERRICK ROAD Tel. 571

Williams & Weller
Shoes for the Entire Family
Nunn-Bush, Queen Quality Flexies, Dr. Campbell's
Corner of PARK and MAPLE AVENUES
Tel. R. V. C. 3064

THE STYLE STUDIO
H. L. Miller M. S. White
81 JACKSON AVENUE, between Raymond and Capitolan Blvd. Tel. R. V. C. 3533
DRESSES
SPORT, AFTERNOON, EVENING
$10.50, $14.50 and up
Telephone 2462

"Flowers for All Occasions"
Patthey's Flower Shop
Telegraph Delivery Everywhere
44A N. VILLAGE AVENUE

VON BROOK BROS. DELICATESSEN
19 N. PARK AVE.
Tel. R. V. C. 2463

"Every Kind of Insurance"
THOMAS H. DARLING
BANK OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE BLDG.
TELEPHONE R. V. C. 3763

ST. ALBANS

Telephone Lau. 8-9979
KRYSTAL UPHOLSTERY
(JOHN W. HARING)
Chairs Glued
Awnings and Slip Covers
116-63 MEXICO STREET

MAMARONECK

YOUR RUGS
can now be cleaned by the celebrated KOURI PROCESS at the
MAMARONECK INDIVIDUAL LAUNDRY, Inc.
We also give special attention to the Full Finish of Family Laundry Work
TEL. MAMARONECK 2840

HAVE YOUR
PRESSING—CLEANING
REPAIRING—DYEING
done at the
Empire Tailoring Co.
Also Modern Fur Storage at Reasonable Prices.
123 MAMARONECK AVE. Tel. 447

CHELSEA MARKET
Finest Meats and Poultry
Fancy and Staple Groceries
Fresh Vegetables Fruits
PROMPT DELIVERY
136 Mamaroneck Ave., opp. Playhouse
Telephones Mam. 1300-1301

Greenhaven Pharmacy
HARRY N. RUDNICK, Prop.
Opp. *Best & Co.* 236 East Boston Post Road
The Modern Drug Store
We carry a full line of Toiletries
Refreshing Sodas and Sundaes—Luncheons
Phone Mamaroneck 1828

Let Us Service Your Car
Nichols Auto Supply
Cor. Barry Ave. and Boston Post Road
Washing, Simonizing, Lubricating
Distributors of GENERAL Tires
Phones Mamaroneck 468—3194

MOUNT VERNON

The Cottage Dining Room
125 PROSPECT AVE.
(Corner Cottage Ave.)
Tel. Oakwood 3861
Weekdays, Luncheons, 12 to 2 ..... 50c
Weekdays, Dinners, 6 to 8 ..... 85c
Sundays, Dinners 12:30 to 8 ..... $1.00
Afternoon Tea Card Parties
ANNA E. BUCK

The Edson Lewis Co.
Clothiers—Haberdashers for Men and Boys
21 FOURTH AVE., MT. VERNON, N. Y.

NEW YORK

MOUNT VERNON
(Continued)

The Kaplan Markets
ASK YOUR NEIGHBOR
53 South Fourth Avenue
Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

The MOUNT VERNON TRUST COMPANY
24 Years a Home Bank

A Bank that seeks to serve its clients and the community.
Five Banking Offices located convenient to home and business.

PROCTOR BUILDING
Flower Phones: Oakwood 8616—9639
We Are Your Mount Vernon Telegraph Florists
House of Flowers

INSURANCE
OF ALL KINDS
BY
CHARLES J. SCHOEN
P. A. MURRAY AGENCY
TEL. OAK 6500

BON TON DAIRY
WHOLESALE
BUTTER EGGS CHEESE
Hotels and Restaurants Supplied
Tels. Oakwood 8631-6153 Fairbanks 4-5388
155 S. FOURTH AVENUE

WM. KIAR
4256 Barnes Avenue
Painter and Decorator
Phone Fairbanks 3140

J. D. Rough E. K. Taylor
Edith C. Barletta
Flower Shoppe Inc.
45 GRAMATAN AVENUE
Near Prospect Ave. Phone Oakwood 0101

NEWBURGH

HIGHLAND QUASSAICK NATIONAL BANK *and* TRUST COMPANY *of* NEWBURGH
20-22 WATER STREET
Total Resources over $13,000,000
"THE BANK OF SERVICE"
We invite your account.

FOUNDED 1856
STERN'S
NEWBURGH, NEW YORK
For over seventy-five years an institution catering exclusively to the needs of women and children.
TRUSTWORTHY GOODS—JUSTLY PRICED
STERN'S

HERBERT'S—*Florist*
246 BROADWAY
NEWBURGH, N. Y.
Say It With Flowers

FIRST IN FASHION!
Paris Millinery
92 Water
Newburgh, N. Y.

W. J. KOHL Tel. 1405-M
GEORGE KOHL Tel. 167-F-13
KOHL & KOHL
REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE
SAVINGS BANK BUILDING
94 Broadway, Newburgh, N. Y. Tel. 3173

DU BOIS & FULLERTON
Auto Service Station
323-325 LIBERTY ST. Newburgh, N. Y.
Phone 760

Tel. 2527
JOHNSON & HARE
The Store of Cheerful Service
LADIES' SPECIALTY SHOPPE
75 WATER ST., NEWBURGH, N. Y.

We want your business solely upon the merits of our merchandise and our personal service.
JANSEN & FARRINGTON
CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS
19 WATER STREET, NEWBURGH, N. Y.

Phone 1202 L. DOUGLAS BALDWIN
Carnright & Baldwin
EXTERIOR and INTERIOR DECORATING
Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Varnishes Wall Paper
117 Water St., Cor. Fourth, Newburgh, N. Y.

The C. F. S. MILK Co., Inc.
HIGH GRADE MILK and CREAM
DAIRY PRODUCTS
77 West Street Tels. 1655-2042-1042-R

NEW ROCHELLE

FERGUSON'S FINE FOODS
Telephone N. R. 8400
All Makes of Cars Serviced
Modern Up-to-Date Machine Shop
Hydraulic Lifts—Air Grease Guns, etc.
PRICES REASONABLE
MANOR GARAGE
81 Post Road, Larchmont Tel. Larch. 650

Telephones 3993—3994
Broadview Market
WALTER DITTRICH, Prop.
PRIME MEATS, POULTRY and PROVISIONS
399 NORTH AVENUE

SEE NEXT PAGE

NEW YORK

NEW ROCHELLE (Continued)

Marie Stone
Gowns and Sport Wear
106 Center Ave. Tel. 6017

"The Best of Everything to Build Your Home and Keep It Warm"
NEW ROCHELLE COAL & LUMBER CO.
"Founded on Integrity"
Phone New Rochelle 1000

NOOK and CORNER
BREAKFAST LUNCHEON DINNER
Special Sunday Dinner $1.00
HUGUENOT and CENTER
MR. and MRS. H. WALTERS

Phone N. R. 912 GOWNS
JANE DRAKE SHOP
12 LOCKWOOD AVENUE
COATS SPORTS WEAR

Kraus Beauty Studio
Features Special Attention to the Individuality of Its Clients
530 MAIN ST. Tel. N. R. 6924
Entrance on Banks Street

I. B. COHEN
507 MAIN STREET
FAULTLESS PAJAMAS
RESILIO CRAVATS
STETSON HATS

B. CASPARIAN
Importers of Oriental Rugs
Expert Cleaning, Faithful Restoration. Removal of All Ink Stains.
671 NORTH AVENUE Tel. N. R. 5965-6

SIGVALD HAALAND
Carpenter and Contractor
Alterations, Repairs, New Work
No Job Too Small, Prompt Service.
Estimates Cheerfully Given
59 BAY VIEW AVE. Tel. Hamilton 3941

Gertrude Garratt
SALON
Dresses for All Occasions
Tel. N. R. 9472 6 East Chester Road New Rochelle

NEW YORK CITY

Borough of Manhattan and Bronx

A. WARENDORFF
FLOWER SHOPS
325 5TH AVENUE 1199 BROADWAY
BOgardus 4-0984
BOgardus 4-3538
EFFICIENT SERVICE
REASONABLE PRICES

LOUISE BARBEY
Violin Instruction
New York Studio, Carnegie Hall, Studio 121 Circle 7-9534
New Jersey Studio, 153 Hudson Ave., Ridgefield Park, N. J.—Hackensack 2-2976-M
Residence—Jerome 7-3373

NATHAN H. WEIL
Incorporated
INSURANCE
501 Fifth Avenue Cor. 42nd Street
Murray Hill 6412

MEATS—POULTRY
SEA FOOD
Good Quality—Prices Reasonable
CIRCLE MARKET
145 Columbus Ave. Bet. 66th and 67th Sts.
Endicott 2-3791

Borough of Brooklyn

LADIES' HOSIERY
69c per pair, 3 pairs for $2
Service Weight and Sheer Latest Shades
Every pair of hose guaranteed
STANLEY HOSIERY CO.
Prop. Mrs. Theba Meyerson
375 Fulton St., Suite 30 (near Municipe Building). Triangle 5-4610.

Mann's Phenix Market Inc.
PRIME MEATS—POULTRY
SEA FOOD
194 SEVENTH AVENUE, corner Second St. Delivery also in Flatbush and Bay Ridge
Phones South 8-6667, 6668

THE BLUE GRILL
Luncheon 50c
Dinner 75c and $1
Sunday Dinner 75c and $1
1103 BERGEN ST. Near Nostrand Ave. Lafayette 3-7975

CATON MEAT MARKET
POULTRY and PROVISIONS
"Cleanliness and Right Prices"
2124 Caton Ave., nr. Flatbush Ave.
DEFENDER 3-7290

CHOICE MEATS
Poultry—Sea Food
Telephone orders carefully attended to
Jones' Sausages, 36c lb. box
BROOKLYN HEIGHTS MARKET
84 Montague St., near Hicks St. Main 4-0903

CLEANING DYEING
PRESSING REPAIRING
F. BRAVERMAN
2135 Beverly Road, Near Flatbush Ave.
Buckminster 2-9166

Borough of Richmond

WEST NEW BRIGHTON

Arlas
Home Made Chocolates
Fresh Daily, $1.00 per pound, plus postage
318 Jewett Ave., West New Brighton, S. I.
Phone Pt. Richmond 7-5683
Mail orders promptly filled.

Don't Miss This Opportunity
Manufacturer's Outlet Cash Sale
A Revelation in Furniture Values
Now in Progress. Open Evenings.
FARR FURNITURE CO., Inc.
1180 CASTLETON AVENUE
Phone Port Richmond 7-2998

NEW YORK

Borough of Richmond

WEST NEW BRIGHTON (Continued)

COAL FUEL OIL
FAYE COAL CO.
ANNA B. FAYE, Prop.
Quality Fuel of Every Description
Prompt delivery anywhere on Staten Island.
Installation of Automatic Coal Stokers and Oil Burners
Expert Engineering Service
Vacuum Furnace Cleaning at Cost to Customers.
West New Brighton Office Gib 2-6500
Elting ville Office Honeywood 6-0800

NIAGARA FALLS

KIRBY'S GROCERY
PRIME MEATS
Fancy Poultry, Vegetables and Fruit
PHONE 617
792 Pine Avenue, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

PELHAM

IN PELHAM THIS YEAR
EXPERT WORKMANSHIP
REASONABLE PRICES
You may have your Permanent Wave
The VANITY SHOP
87 WOLF'S LANE Tel. Pelham 0913

Harper Method Shop
140 FIFTH AVE., NORTH PELHAM, N. Y.
Phone Pel. 2360

PORT CHESTER

FRANK L. ROCKEY
HARDWARE
GARDEN TOOLS
Vigoro—"The square meal for all Plants."
"Wonder Lawn Grass Seed" grows in 5 days.
Phone 1090 PORT CHESTER, N. Y.

DEADY LUNCH CO.
EAT
Home Cooking Our Specialty
18 KING STREET

WIENER'S
PURE FOOD MARKET
Phone 2892
33 NO. MAIN ST., PORT CHESTER, N. Y.
FREE AND PROMPT DELIVERY
to RYE, PORT CHESTER, GREENWICH

ROCHESTER

Fire Auto Compensation
INSURANCE
In reliable non-assessment companies
WELLINGTON POTTER, Inc.
insures anything insurable
526-528 GRANITE BUILDING
Stone 3931—7384

CALKING
(Fills up cracks, crevices around door and window frames which butt up against brick, stucco or stone. Saves costly redecorating expense.)
Outside Paint Trim Neatly Done
Bock Weather Strip & Calking Co.
65 BROAD STREET Main 6849

PROPERTY MAINTENANCE
Everything pertaining to care and upkeep of property—Painting, Paperhanging, Plastering, Mason Work, Roofing, Carpentry, Grading and Shrubbing.
CARL F. PHILLIPS
537 AVERILL AVENUE Monroe 2722

New Low Prices on
CANDIES and SALTED NUTS
Edith Ellis
38 EAST AVENUE Call Main 2217

MANICURING
RUTH I. FOX
1445 Lincoln-Alliance Bank Bldg.
Stone 4829

HEINZ
57 VARIETIES
The Burne Grocery, Market and Food Shoppe
956-960 GENESEE ST. 485 BROOKS AVE.

The Cornucopia, Inc.
Broad Street, Corner Fitzhugh
LUNCHEON and DINNER
Dinner 75c and $1.00

THERE IS NO BETTER FUEL THAN
SEMET-SOLVAY
City Coal & Coke Co.
GLENWOOD 5895

QUALITY
Meats, Vegetables and Groceries
ELDER'S
527 MONROE AVENUE Monroe 1050

A FOOD SHOP
Delicious Baked Goods
OLIVE N. MOREHOUSE
Formerly of Pine Tree Tea Room
470 COURT STREET Main 7099

"Over a Century of Service"
LEARY'S
CLEANERS and DYERS
MAIN 3822

J. E. THOMPSON COMPANY
Specialists in Women's Clothes
78 CLINTON AVENUE, SOUTH
ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

Geo. P. Hoffman Co.
Quality Coal & Coke Service
Moving Vans
136 BROOKS AVENUE Genesee 3367

FLOWERS
Better Flowers Than Ever Before at Lower Prices Than Ever Before
Rochester Floral Co.
33 FRANKLIN STREET

THE REAL HOME TYPE GOOD THINGS at
Richardson's BAKERY
72 CLINTON AVENUE SOUTH

NEW YORK

ROCHESTER (Continued)

Walk-Over
SHOES for MEN and WOMEN
STYLE, FIT and SERVICE GUARANTEED
ONLY ONE STORE IN ROCHESTER
324 Main Street, East

E. H. CLARK COAL CO.
INCORPORATED
"blue coal"
Try it today, you'll order it tomorrow
WE ASK YOUR PATRONAGE
MAIN 18

INSURE
WITH US and SAVE MONEY
E. S. Bohachek, Inc.
ROCHESTER THEATRE BUILDING

INSURANCE
of Every Description
SAFE, DEPENDABLE
Old Line Stock Companies
Guaranteed Board Rates
George Dietrich Co. Inc.
Stone 5897-Stone 7380 418-422 Granite Bldg.

RYE

CHOICE MEATS
Fresh Poultry—All Kinds
THEODORE FREMD
Established 1887
61 PURCHASE STREET Tel: 153—152

Fuel Oil
COAL CEMENT
Rye Coal & Supply Co.
Phone 1231 99 PURCHASE STREET

SCARSDALE

For INSURANCE
CONSULT
FRANZ SIGEL, General Manager
Scarsdale Agency, Inc.
HARWOOD BUILDING Phone 2100

Bullard's
SODA-CANDY SHOP
LUNCHEON
56 GARTH ROAD Scarsdale 5263

Here to Serve You
Walter A. Hoblin, Inc.
Housewares, Devoe Paints
Hardware
1 GARTH ROAD, SCARSDALE, N. Y.
Telephone 3454

JOHN R. PHILIP
Plumbing, Heating, Roofing
GARTH ROAD
Ph. Scarsd'le 2200-2201 Night calls 924

SCARSDALE—Hartsdale

Hartsdale Coal Company
COAL
OIL—WOOD
Phone Scarsdale 329

Hartsdale Garage, Inc.
Hartsdale Road and Central Avenue
SOCONY GASOLINE
Cars called for and delivered—Towing
Day and Night Service
Tel.: White Plains 3316

SCHENECTADY

6 REASONS
Why You Should Buy
YOUR RADIO
AT
WALLACE'S
1. One year's service included free.
2. An Aerial included free with each set.
3. 10 Months in which to pay.
4. Wallace's carries their own accounts.
5. 24-hour service on all calls.
6. Three of the best machines money can buy—
"Philco" "Majestic" "Zenith"
The WALLACE CO.
"Always Reliable"

A Large Assortment of
GIFTS
Displayed on First and Second Floors
CRANE'S Fine Letter Papers
UNION BOOK CO., Inc.
257 STATE STREET

Walk-Over Shoes
420 State Street

Killip's Laundry
J. B. KILLIP
207 LIBERTY STREET
Special Work
Blankets and Lace Curtains
Phone 4-9313

U. S. Tires
Royal, Peerless, Guard
Auto Accessories
ALLING RUBBER CO.
254 STATE STREET

DOBBS' HATS
MARK CROSS GLOVES
HOLTZMANN
230 STATE STREET Phone 4-9510

NEW YORK

SCHENECTADY (Continued)

ARMAND
BOUQUET POWDER 50¢
H. S. BARNEY CO.
217-223 STATE STREET
Phone 4-4811

IMPERIAL CLOAK CO.
Schenectady's Foremost Ladies' Apparel Shop
Coats—Dresses—Millinery
THE NEW IMPERIAL BUILDING
325 STATE STREET

Paints—Oils—Putty—Glass
PITTSBURGH Paint Products
FREEMAN & SON
124 WALL ST. 18-20 ERIE BLVD.

Van Voast & Leonard
INSURANCE
Ask us about RENT INSURANCE
154 Barrett Street Phone 4-7791

SCOTIA

G. E. VAN VORST CO.
Incorporated
PLUMBING—HEATING
ROOFING
Sporting Goods, Hardware
Household Furnishings
47 Mohawk Ave. Phone 2-7311
Branch at 302 Mohawk Ave.

SYRACUSE

'blue coal'
Niagara Hudson Coke
VINCETT COAL CO.
115 E. GENESEE ST. Tel. 2-0163

SCREENS—DOORS—GLASS
PITTSBURGH Paint Products
Mirrors—SASH—Paint
WOOD GLASS CO.
125 JAMES STREET

GERE & STOHRER, Inc.
General Insurance
320-322 Chimes Bldg. Tel. 2-1497

LUX
MAPSTONE BROS.
Groceries—Fruits—Meats
560 E. GENESEE STREET

"EDNA RUTH"
Really Home Made Candies
may now be purchased at our new shop
209 EAST FAYETTE STREET
The quality is the same ALWAYS

Bakery Delicatessen
Mother's Pantry Corp.
Cakes, Pastries, Rolls, etc.
929 E. GENESEE ST. Tel. 4-0175

DAY MOTOR CO. Inc.
Authorized Ford Dealer
600 NORTH STATE STREET

TROY

Miss Jane M. Bennett
FEYL'S HAT SHOP
5 Times Building

UTICA

The Fashion Center of Utica
D. PRICE & CO.
MODERN FASHIONS for MODERN WOMEN
Genesee at Devereaux

REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE
HUGH R. JONES COMPANY
INCORPORATED
JONES BUILDING Phone 4-3161

75th Anniversary Sale
in All Departments
FURRIERS SINCE 1857
Henry Martin Company
UTICA, N.Y.
"Known for Great Value-Giving"
DRESSES, COATS and MILLINERY

Famous
Bleecker Street, Corner Charlotte

Harper Method Shop
Scientific care of Hair, Skin and Nails and all branches of Beauty Culture
134 BLANDINA STREET Tel. 4-8141

NEW YORK

UTICA (Continued)

Home Craft Week
Featuring special displays of Curtains and Draperies in endless variety of color combinations and novel effects at astonishingly low prices.
Examples: Glazed Chintz Drapes, ready to hang—7 colors—$2.69
Filet Net Curtains at $1.98
Ruffled Marquisettes at $1.89
Others as high as you wish to pay.
J. B. Wells & Son Co.
195-205 GENESEE STREET

BAKER
the Florist
Seasonable Flowers
Established 45 years
809 CORNELIA ST. Phones 4-3175

GENERAL ELECTRIC
REFRIGERATORS
Radios, Washers, Appliances
SCHWENDER'S
227 COLUMBIA STREET Tel. 20419

Planters Grocery Co.
A Store of Double Service
Cash and Carry or Delivery
You will always find what you want at right prices.
COR. PEARL and WASHINGTON STREETS

INSURANCE
GUY BASILE
1123 Miller St. Ph. 4-5305

DAIRY PRODUCTS
Pure, Wholesome and Fresh, From "Utica's Cleanest Plant"
GRAFFENBURG DAIRY
OWEN BROS.
Phone 2-4169—1125 CONKLING AVENUE

WATERTOWN

Semi-Annual Sale!
Oriental Rugs
Offering the sensational purchases made at the Houri auction at prices that average ONE-THIRD of normal values!
Empsall's

The New Silk Mesh Hosiery
HUMMING BIRD
Full Fashioned and All Silk—$1.50 pair
SMITH & PERCY Inc.

Couch Millinery
LARGEST STOCK
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Special Service by Creator of Georgina Models
SAVING GUARANTEED
108 Stone Street, Near Washington
Opposite Stoeckle's

MOHICAN
MARKET and BAKERY
QUALITY FOOD
WATERTOWN, N. Y.

INSURE WITH
E. A. CHICK, Inc.
SELBY C. FOLKS, Manager
Any INSURANCE Need
55 OTIS BLDG. Tel. 340

WHITE PLAINS

C. SIEGRIST
DELICATESSEN
341 MAMARONECK AVE. Tel. W. P. 5651
Home Made Salads and First Class Cold Cuts
Open on Sunday from 8 to 10 and 4 to 8

Supplies for Your Garden
Burpee Seeds
Fertilizers
Lawn Mowers Tools
FOWLER & SELLARS CO.
HARDWARE
80 MAIN STREET Phone W. P. 4300

L. A. Schulman Inc.
122 MAMARONECK AVENUE
Gowns Coats Suits Sportswear
Millinery
Our shop depends upon the good will of patrons like you who live in the vicinity and appreciate the convenience of an exclusive woman's shop without having to travel to town for distinctive apparel.

Stone's Clothes Shop
Men's High Grade Clothing and Furnishings
(BAR BUILDING)
199 MAIN ST. WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.

YONKERS

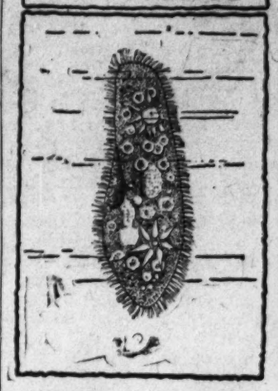
Meats—Poultry—Fish
Vegetables—Fancy Fruits
BROADWAY MARKET
Telephones 6563—8111—8112
G. H. Luithle, Prop. 359 So. Broadway

HUDSON FUEL COMPANY
QUALITY and SERVICE
Since 1899 Phone Nep. 4900

Yonkers Dairy Products, Inc.
Best Groceries at Lower Prices
473 So. Broadway Tel. Yonkers 9155
Near Woolworth's 5 and 10c Store.

DAILY FEATURES

All Nature



Slipper Animalcule
(Paramecium caudatum)

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

Where: World-wide; in fresh water.

Distinguishing features: A tiny, almost colorless, slipper-shaped animal barely visible to the naked eye. (Illustration shows one as it appears under a microscope and enlarged about 150 times.)

The Paramecium or "Slipper Animalcule" as it is popularly called, is one of the few single-celled animals visible to the naked eye. It is quite easy to raise a family of them by collecting a glass of water and a few weeds from a pond, sometimes a handful of grass and common tap water will do. Let it stand for about two weeks, and at the end of that time the water should be alive with all sorts of tiny Paramecia, Amæbæ, and other forms of fresh water, single-celled animalcules. They are quite active and can be readily observed with a good hand lens, while a small microscope will bring out many of the details.

The groove which appears to the left of the animal in the illustration is the passage for food, which enters through the mouth, into the gullet directly beneath, finally passing to the globular empty food vacuole below, which when it is full becomes detached from the gullet and passes to different parts of the animal.

In the center of the animal, to the right of the oral groove, is the large macronucleus with two micronuclei beside it. These are important in reproduction, which is affected by a process of simple division whereby the nuclei and cell contents divide into two equal parts, which, when the process is completed, results in two animals where there was formerly but one. The entire process of division takes from about a half an hour to two hours and occurs whenever the temperature, food, and other conditions are satisfactory. It has been estimated that a single one of these animalcules may be responsible for the production of 268,000,000 offspring in 30 days.

Locomotion is accomplished by the innumerable fine hairs, or cilia which are dispersed all over the entire ovoid body of the creature. The fast beating of these cilia causes the animal to swim in a free field of water. They are also important in other ways, for those about the oral groove leading to the mouth beat much faster than the others and act as implements, passing the food on toward the mouth in a current of water.

For food they depend upon microscopic single-celled plants, bacteria, and upon other Protozoans (single-celled animals) smaller than themselves. They are harmless creatures apparently of no great importance to mankind other than as interesting examples of animals of a single cell.

Brevities

Oakland Tribune: A man who had his radio going at 4 in the morning has been cited for cruelty to the neighbors. And there are some who maintain the world is not getting better every day.

Montana Standard: Le Roy, Canada, uses "cheese certificates" for money. A good limburger $10 bill ought to be considered strong currency.

Pittsburgh Post-Gazette: We suspect some sly humor in the statement that ere long Mahatma Gandhi may be seen in this country "in the flesh."

A Word a Day

Notes and Queries

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

Trespasses (Mrs. D. L.) — *Tres'-pas-es* (each *e* short as in get, *a* as in sofa).

Adamic (Mrs. D. L.) — *A-dam'-ik* (first *a* as in sofa, second short as in hat, *i* short as in it).

Authority (J. A. V., who says he commonly hears the *o* sounded as in thorn)—The word is not pronounced *au-thaur'-ih-ty;* sound it with the short *o,* nearly *au-thahr'-ih-ty.* (Note: The Feature Editor is aware that there is a tiny shade of difference between the short *o* as in odd and the two-dot *a* as in *ah;* but he believes the respelling *au-thahr'-ih-ty* more clearly indicates the value of the vowel in question than *au-thor'-ih-ty*).

Immoral, immorality (J. A. V., who thinks it might be well to remind readers that the short o as in odd in the first becomes "quick-long" *o* as in obey in the second)—Yes, the first is sounded (see "Note" above) virtually *ih-mahr'-al* (*i* short as in *it, ah* serving as approximation of short *o* as in odd, second *a* clipped as in account). The second, owing to the shifting of principal accent, is sounded *im-o-ral'-ih-ty* (each *i* short as in *it, o* "quick-long" as in obey, *a* short as in hat; secondary stress on first syllable). Avoid *ih-more-ah'-luh-ty.*

Note: First choice in Webster's New International Dictionary is accepted as authority for pronunciation.—Ed.

In Lighter Vein

Forewarned Is Forearmed

She: "Meet me at the corner at seven tonight."

He: "Sure; what time will you be there?"—*West Virginia Mountaineer.*

Humorist

She (to very tedious person): "I think I shall name my new car after you."

He (flattered): "How decidedly nice of you. May I be permitted to ask why?"

She: "It's difficult to get going in the morning."

Demands Attention

"My father is a great musician. When he whistles, hundreds of people stand still and listen."

"When my father whistles, thousands leave off work."

"I don't believe that."

"He blows the whistle at the factory."—*Lustige Kolner Zeitung* (Cologne).

Disgraced

The motorist drove his baby car back to the shop.

"I want all the wheels taken off," he said, "and replaced by four big ones. I'm not going to have every Sealyham that passes barking through *my* windows."—*Pearson's.*

The Christian Science Monitor's

Quotation for Today

NEVER say anything evil of anyone unless you know it for a certainty; then ask yourself, "Why should I tell it?"—LAVATER

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"

'Clean Windows'

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Montgomery, Ala.

A GUEST stopping at a hotel for a short time remarked upon the clear, crystal-like windows and the care the cleaners were so constantly taking in their work. It brought about a question as to this, and the story was told:

A woman who lived at this hotel was in the habit of reading her Bible early in the mornings and spending time in meditation. As it happened, the maid, coming early each day to clean the rooms, was often given some helpful thoughts to carry her through the day. It became necessary, however, for the student to ask not to be interrupted at the early hour, and in making her request to the maid she was amazed to find that this girl expressed sorrow at having to lose the inspiring and cheerful messages that were hers through coming in there.

To meet the evident need the woman promised that each day she would copy for her a verse or a sentence or two of something helpful on a piece of note paper and leave it pinned to the pillow. In this way the maid still received her uplifting and comforting thoughts through the kindness of the busy student.

One day the thought was one of self-oblivion, left in a poem from some treasured writings. It was a story about windows not seeking to be lovely art glass, but wishing to be clean and transparent, so that people seeing would say,

Not what a lovely pane of glass,
But what a lovely day.

This aspiration was caught by the maid and shared with the others. It gave them a new sense of work and thereafter their endeavors were in reality to clean so that their guests might see not windows but lovely days from the hotel windows.

Worth Knowing

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

What They Say

Inconsistent

"I am witnessing my party put on higher tariff rates than even the Republicans put on, putting on embargoes, and then going out and criticizing the bill. Consistency, thou art a jewel!" — *Representative Charles R. Crisp (D.), Georgia.*

The Sales Tax

"I know the trouble the housewife has with the family budget. I know what goes into that kitchen and what comes out of it. That's why I opposed the sales tax."—*Congressman Fiorello LaGuardia of New York.*

Robot Pilots

"All commercial planes should have automatic pilots and parachutes."—*William E. Mitchell.*

Now in Legitimate Use

"The Government has measured the amount of hops, corn, sugar, rye, barley, etc., raised and imported, subtracted the amounts used in known legal enterprises—and has reported the amount of raw material left would make less than a third of the former liquor consumption."—*Col. Amos W. Woodcock.*

Do You Know That—

(Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor)

The cultivation of the olive is thought to have originated in Syria?

The largest organ in the world is considered to be the one in Wanamaker's store in Philadelphia?

Practically three-fourths of the world's population uses silver as money?

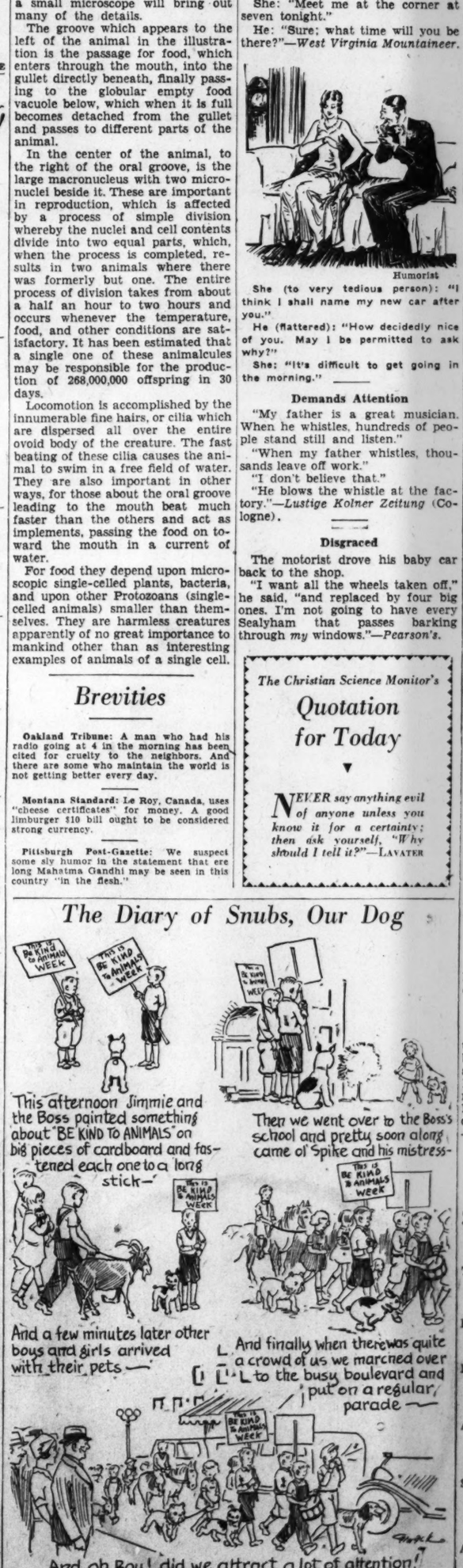
Maryland will celebrate in 1934 the three hundredth anniversary of the founding of the Province of Maryland?

Approximately one-fourth of the filling stations operated in the United States are operated by chains?

Seats in the New York Stock Exchange that once sold around $600,000 each have now reached as low as $83,000?

A $1 bill is rarely in circulation over six months before it goes back to the Treasury Department to be replaced by a new one

The Diary of Snubs, Our Dog


This is BE KIND to ANIMALS WEEK
This afternoon Jimmie and the Boss painted something about "BE KIND TO ANIMALS" on big pieces of cardboard and fastened each one to a long stick—
Then we went over to the Boss's school and pretty soon along came ol' Spike and his mistress—
And a few minutes later other boys and girls arrived with their pets—
And finally when there was quite a crowd of us we marched over to the busy boulevard and put on a regular parade—
And oh, Boy! did we attract a lot of attention!

Drawn by a Staff Artist of The Christian Science Monitor

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1932 — *"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"* — PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor

The Editorial Board as constituted by The Christian Science Board of Directors for The Christian Science Monitor is composed of Mr. Willis J. Abbot, Contributing Editor; Mr. Roland R. Harrison, Manager of The Christian Science Publishing Society; Mr. James E. Patton, member of the Board of Trustees of The Christian Science Publishing Society, and Mr. Frank L. Perrin, Executive Editor. It is the duty of the Editorial Board to consider and determine all questions within the Editorial Department of The Christian Science Monitor, and also to carry out the stated policy of The Christian Science Board of Directors relative to the entire news and editorial content of the paper. Each member of said Editorial Board shall have equal responsibility.

All communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to the Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor.

EDITORIALS

No Threat of Repudiation

EXCESSES of excitement over the fact that Great Britain's new budget omits any provision for debt payments to the United States will serve no useful purpose. Politicians' charges of "repudiation" are worse than premature; they are unfounded. No one who knows the British people, no one who has observed their scrupulous treatment of this very debt, believes for an instant that they are thinking of default.

What Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, has really done is to leave the whole debt question in suspense—where it actually is under the Hoover moratorium. Until after the conference to be held in June at Lausanne to settle the reparations questions, debt bookkeeping would be merely a temporary setting down of figures which must be revised. And Mr. Chamberlain specifically declared that he would submit to Parliament whatever budget changes might be necessitated by decisions reached at Lausanne.

Moreover, Mr. Chamberlain insisted explicitly that "this does not imply that any fresh decision has been taken on our policy." The fact is that were all debt payments to be left in the vacuum in which the new budget places them, Britain would be short about £10,000,000—the amount by which her income from debts would exceed her outgo were all war debt payments made as usual.

That sum is considerably smaller than the $170,000,000 shortage which would have to be made up in the United States' budget if Britain made no debt payment next year. But it is large enough to guarantee an adjustment of the debt items in the British budget after Lausanne.

Indeed, the British omission of all debt figures means almost the same thing as the French budget's inclusion of both normal receipts and normal payments. It is generally conceded that full payment of reparations will not be exacted from Germany this year. That means more even than the fact that they have been omitted from the German budget. It means that France, too, will have to revise its now balanced budget and find a very large sum if it is to continue debt payments to the United States.

Therefore, the British omission should not be considered in any sense a threat of repudiation. But at the same time, the publicity given to the incident should help Americans to gain a more sympathetic understanding of the weight and inequality of the burdens under which the British people are laboring. It is not to be forgotten, in any consideration of this British debt to the United States, that Britain is paying twice the rate of interest France pays and eight times the rate Italy pays.

That difference arises partly from the very unwillingness of the English to "cry poor," and partly from a misjudged "capacity to pay" which has radically altered since the settlement was made. It may well be remembered, too, that all the debts are being paid in dollars worth about twice the value of the dollars which were lent. That fact rather discounts reductions made in the debt settlements.

And perhaps no one will appreciate better than the American taxpayer, now facing an increase of his income tax rate from 1½ to 2 per cent, what the recent raising of the normal British income tax rate to 25 per cent means. When he hears that the Englishman earning $5000 a year pays about $700 income tax as against $37.50 for the same category in the United States, he is likely to look with kindlier eye upon Britain's debt to him.

It is true that payments to America make a comparatively small item in the British budget. But American disposition to erase inequalities and reconsider capacity to pay would make a very large item in Anglo-American friendship. Doubtless it is necessary that European creditors of Germany set their reparations house in order before there is any reconsideration of debts. But the United States needs also to set its house in order and understand what its rôle should be as a wise and just creditor.

Brazil and the Graf Zeppelin

THE Graf Zeppelin has completed the first voyage of a regular mail, passenger and freight service between Europe and South America. The poetical or historical justice of this fact has not escaped the Brazilians. When this ship made its first trip to Brazil about two years ago, the not-so-dusty, not-so-ancient archives were brought out by Brazilian writers and journalists.

Those records told of the Deutsch prize-winning flight from St. Cloud, a suburb of Paris, to the Eiffel Tower and back on Oct. 19, 1901, in a dirigible-of-sorts built and piloted by Santos Dumont, the Brazilian inventor and airman. Another contemporary of Count Zeppelin and Dumont was Augusto Severo, a Brazilian pioneer in aerostation. A Brazilian, Bartholomew de Gusmão, actually built an airship in the reign of John V of Portugal.

With more patriotism than pertinency the Brazilians lay claim to a priority in the inventions, research and experimentation which have culminated in the Graf Zeppelins of today. There is no doubt whatsoever that Santos Dumont's unflagging persistence and unconquerable courage and enthusiasm did contribute to keeping alive the desire and efforts to solve the problem that baffled Icarus and Dædalus. And from this point of view Brazil is entitled to look on the Graf Zeppelin with national pride. One of her sons kept up the fight when Count Zeppelin was receiving the cold shoulder of an incredulous world.

Thirty years ago the very wisdom of experimenting with dirigibles was being questioned. Today, according to an Associated Press dispatch, a five-year-old boy is boarding, alone, the Graf Zeppelin in Friedrichshafen, Buenos Aires bound. The difference of three decades! Then only the bravest of the brave took to the air for brief moments. Today a mere child embarks for an air journey of thousands of miles, crossing over mountains, deserts and oceans with no more concern than if he were going to his grandfather's farm.

No less important than the progress in the field of aviation is the new commercial and economic importance brought to Latin America by this means of contact with the world. Operating the Zeppelin is not inexpensive and the route is not without its perils, yet the commercial advantages outweigh all these considerations and the trend is in the direction of extending the ramifications of this service. A land thought of as the land of mañana has become the land of today.

The Pound Avoirdupois

SOME imp of mischief seems to be at work upsetting the world's standards of measurement. Just when everyone is regaining confidence in the pound sterling, doubts are being cast upon the pound avoirdupois. It will be difficult now to blame the grocery store man if he gives slightly short weight; for it has been established by the experts of the British National Physical Laboratory at Teddington that the pound is getting lighter and the yard is getting shorter. It seems that between 1852 and 1922 the pound lost one five-millionth of its weight, and the yard was reduced by two ten-thousandths of an inch. They are now being measured again, and it is expected that a further small but irretrievable loss will be recorded.

Britain and the United States base their measurements upon the imperial standard yard (which is a bar of gun metal) and the imperial standard pound (a cylinder of platinum) which repose in a stone coffer in a wall of the House of Commons. Both are shrinking, but it appears that the yard bar bears the greater responsibility; for the weight was standardized 108 years ago in accordance with the weight of a cubic inch of distilled water—and the experts could weigh, if necessary, another cubic inch of water. But for the origin of the yard one must go further back. He will find that an English king is to blame for the arbitrariness from which we still suffer—not, in this case, George III, but Henry I; for it was his long arm which gave the length of a standard English ell.

Evidently, something will have to be done about it. A ten-thousandth of an inch may seem a small matter, but smaller things than this have rocked empires. Consider how much depends on it. International treaties have been based on the tonnage of ships, and tons depend on pounds, and pounds depend on one piece of platinum. Diplomatists recently spent weeks seeking to find a "yardstick" by which to equate armaments; but what is the use of a yardstick, when the yard itself is variable? History records the consequences of a statesman's indifference to a "scrap of paper." But what of a bar of gun metal? True, at its present rate of shrinkage, it would take 350,000,000 years to reduce to nothing the weight of Europe's gold debt to America. But the fact is there. The British are showing considerable skill in "managing" the pound sterling currency. The next task awaiting the National Government is to approach in a nonparty spirit the problem of how much sugar goes to an imperial pound, and how much red tape to an imperial yard.

Exceptions That Disprove the Rule

THOSE who have been laboring under the impression that all business has been "in the red" during the last twelve months should receive encouragement from information which has lately come to light in regard to a number of concerns that have experienced record business during 1930 and 1931.

A well-known radio manufacturing concern increased its sales 100 per cent in 1930 and spent millions of dollars to promote a new product during a period their merchandising advisers considered unfavorable for such a product. A national floor-covering manufacturer increased his profits almost 600 per cent during 1931 to a figure of approximately $1,250,000. A manufacturer of electric refrigerators noted a gain of 460 per cent during the same period.

In the hotel field—though there has been a very considerable falling off in business, and hotel building in most large cities has exceeded the demand for accommodation—one large hotel in New York increased its profits in 1931 by 16.23 per cent. A popular oil burner raised its sales 56 per cent in 1930 and 37 per cent in 1931. Even in the building field a new corporation making structural insulation forged ahead during 1930 and 1931, considerably increased its advertising appropriation and doubled its selling force in 1930 and added twenty more salesmen in 1931.

The year 1931 was the biggest in the history of one well-known automobile company which sold 20,000 more cars in 1931 than in 1930 and 10,000 more cars than in the previous peak year. One of the largest chain restaurant companies in the world showed a remarkable profit in 1931, notwithstanding the fact that it served unlimited meals at a flat rate considerably less than any previous price.

It is interesting to note that in every one of these cases there was no disposition to curtail advertising appropriations; in many of them the expenditure on advertising was considerably increased, with the result that not only was sale volume increased, but their operating statements showed handsome profits. These bright spots in the industrial and commercial world should encourage business to look ahead with faith and hope to the future, and not only to look ahead, but to plan for increased business without waiting for hopeful prognostications from those who assume to say when and how recovery will come.

It is still true that the problem of maintaining and finding markets for products and services is simplified by minding one's own business and keeping his eyes off the apparent failures round about. It appears there are many thoughtful business people who refuse to be dragooned into the morass of fear and pessimism.

If Spring Comes—

CAN the circus be far behind? Together with the many-hued crocus and the sweet-scented arbutus, the strident calliope cries urgent invitation to leave the inglenook and radiator and bask in the sun-kissed zephyrs of springtime.

Like the colorful catalogues of the garden-seed sellers, the circus sounds the call of the great outdoors. Joyous as an Irish jig, its fluttering flags dance in the ambient air, vying in syncopated rhythm with the jazzy melodies of the side-show band. Even in advance of its appearance, the vivid picturesque colors of its alluring posters brighten the drab streets of cities and decorate the rural barn. It is marble time and lilac time. The circus is—yes, we simply must say it—that obsessing abstraction of the minor poet and the sophomore essayist yclept "Ye Harbinger of Spring."

Amid a prosaic world of dividends that pass and economists that warn, Romance, gleeful and glamorous, still persists, somehow, in clinging to the circus, forming a happy link with a day that has gone, when it was frequently the one and only holiday in the arduous routine of farmer and pioneer. In all the kingdom of the "show" business, it seems to be the least tainted by mere commercialism. Of course, one suspects that no circus owners are entirely altruistic or devote their efforts utterly without thought of reward to the delectation of the small boy and his sister, their parents, uncles, aunts, grandfathers and grandmothers. But, fancied or real, the circus manages to create the impression that it has come to your community just for the joy and fun of the thing.

Probably its perennial charm lies chiefly in its refusal to become sophisticated or modern. The acts our fathers watched in awe rouse the same breathless admiration of our children. As a matter of fact, they are not infrequently literally the same acts—with a different name—but just as potent to lift spellbound spectators off the bleachers. One such performance, a tremendously gripping aerial act, has elicited that long-drawn "Oh-h-h" from fascinated audiences for well-nigh three decades. Heralded sometimes by a succession of imaginative press agents (stout fellows who scorn to dub themselves by the high-falutin' modern appellation of "publicity directors") as an amazing aggregation of astounding acrobats from the plains of Hungary, and billed another time as Australia's astonishing and audacious aerialists, the act remains the same old, unbeatable exhibition of skill, daring and grace. After all, to a press agent worth his salt—and salary—what's in a name?

Like the flowers that bloom in the spring, may the circus long continue to bring color and cheer.

Ketchup—Handle With Care

PEACE has come at last to the ketchup industry. And now one may with a little sigh of relief look back on those turbulent days when the bottle faction and the ketchup faction took pen in hand to annihilate, with neatly wrought phrase and aptly chosen word, each other's claims.

This was the issue: "Pourability"—is it ketchup or bottle? Take thought! Laughter were unseemly at this question so moot.

But moot no more. Into his laboratory went one Mr. P. R. Nelson, devised an ingenious mechanism, made numerous tests, then announced to an expectant ketchup world: "Which is the determining factor in the rate of flow from bottle—bottle or ketchup? Both."

Thus, simply, came peace to the industry.

Only to the consumer comes peace not. Now may ketchup tycoons rest on their arms and men once opposed fraternize, chuckling—albeit somewhat shamefacedly—over reminiscences of the conflict. But the consumer knows no peace. Eternal vigilance is the price of condiments. For each bottle is a problem all its own. Come prepared to redden your hand with pounding, and as likely as not you are of a sudden confronted with an overabundant flood. Anticipate good "pourability," and you are compelled to pound. In ketchup pouring, only uncertainty is certain, and high wariness is the first requisite.

It is submitted that, having resolved their own great controversy, the ketchup manufacturers are morally obligated to bend their energies to the task of bringing peace to ketchup users.

Editorial Notes

English natural scientists have found that the decay of bananas can be retarded by coating the ends of the stalks with paraffin. Another good way is to eat the bananas before they have time to decay.

The finding of a tribe whose entire vocabulary does not exceed ten words has been reported by an African explorer. One might imagine they are all popular song writers.

That Salina (Kan.) woman who recently celebrated her eightieth anniversary by skipping a rope also showed how to skip a birthday.

No matter how many keys the honor student receives in school, still he must make the one which will unlock success for him.

Perhaps one might expect a tax on lubricating oil to cause some friction.

Why not a "Be-Kind-to-Taxpayers Week"?

Have You Written That Book?

I THINK everybody ought to write a book. Some publishers will tell you that everybody *has*—but they are biased. They must feel a good deal like goal tenders at hockey games and believe everything is coming their way.

But even if everybody hasn't written a book, everybody has said at some time, "Why, I could write a book on *that*!" And the "that" might have been anything from the use of trolley-car transfers to traffic cops! Title of the volume: "What I Know About Traffic Cops!" Admit it now, couldn't *you* write that book?

The reason I feel that everybody should write at least one book is that such a thing is one of the major experiences of this mundane existence. It is sure to be a milestone, too. In later years you will use it as a date to bound previous and subsequent events.

Imagine saying, "I remember when the Jones's came to live across the street. It was just after I wrote my book. No! It was just before I wrote my book. Well, anyway, it was somewhat *around* the time I wrote my book."

Perhaps if I told you how it felt to write a book it would spur you on to do one, too.

* * *

The first thing that happens to you is the sudden desire, inclination, spark—whatever you care to call it. It may come in the middle of the night. It may come while you are standing in line to buy stamps at one of the windows the post office has for people to stand in front of.

The next step is the important one and where so many people spoil the thing. We either do or do not go across the street to the stationer's and buy a ream of yellow copy paper! Those of you who have failed to do this should stop reading right here.

Your next step is to retire from your usual world. That is, you go to some quiet place like the corner of an attic, or the rear end of a houseboat, or some similar deserted spot.

You take several sheets from the ream, square off at them and write on the top one, "Chapter One." I don't have to tell you the next step, because nothing can stop you from leaning back, gazing up into a far corner and muttering, "Now that's funny. I had that paragraph all arranged. Where's it gone?"

But once started, it isn't the first chapter of a book that is the hardest to write. Consider the accomplishment of the chapters as the steps going up Bunker Hill Monument. Of course one *can* run up the steps of that. I can imagine myself doing it, say with an active wild cat just behind me. But the usual trip up that gray spire is done more or less leisurely—with frequent stops.

That is quite a delicious feeling that comes when you have scribbled, "And so Phyllis came running into the outstretched arms of Gordon. Silently they turned to look at the sunset, bathing the old ranch with gold. At last they were alone! The End!"

You rise from the desk, stroke your mustache if you have one, and murmur, "Well, well, that's done. And if you ask me, it's good. Maybe Kipling could have done better, but dash it, Kipling doesn't go in for that sort of thing." And somehow you feel that even if Kipling *did* go in for that sort of thing, why—er—well—hum!

Yes, you feel pretty good. The world has a rosy look to it and the impression gathers force that almost everybody is looking at you in admiration. Casually you mention to acquaintances that you have just done a book. "No! Really!" they say—and oh, that expression in their eyes. Again you feel like twirling the ends of your mustache and leaning against a huge oak mantel in a picturesque pose.

* * *

But that, dear friends, is the end of your literary voyage in smooth water. From that time on the old craft begins to pitch a bit.

The next step, in case you are one of those who see things through, is taken in the direction of a publishing house. By all means, go in person. Sending it via the mail is just the same as getting somebody to propose for you—and remember what happened to Myles Standish!

You take the thing under your arm and go down town. For some reason publishers' offices don't look like other offices. They have an air. I know one that has narrow passages, darting off here and there, and you wander about in them, hoping to bring up in the editor's room. If you take just the right turn you get to him; if you miss it you land in the shipping room.

Editors are invariably pleasant. I don't know why, but I have never met one who didn't give me the impression that he was about to invite me to dinner only there was a meeting of the guild or something. He does not laugh at your offering him a manuscript as you thought he might. He takes it tenderly in both hands as if it might be a dozen eggs. And that's that!

Going out of the place is perhaps one of the three high spots of the whole affair. There is the airiest, importantest, soaringest sensation in leaving that place. You feel you have done your part. And if that editor is as smart as he looks—well—more mustache twirling.

I dislike to speak of the next step which isn't a step at all, but an interlude. An interlude by mail. It is an interlude in which you can do nothing except sit and twiddle your thumbs. Regular book writers are probably the best thumb-twiddlers in the world.

But there comes a day when the mailman either skips lightly up the steps or staggers up them, according to whether he is bringing a thin envelope or the manuscript. There can be only two results: A. Your manuscript is accepted for publication. B. It is rejected.

* * *

A is the one we are talking about. And that is one of the high spots I mentioned. An inner glow simmers inside you as if one of these patent oil burners had been touched off. You feel kindly toward everybody.

You already know what that third high spot is! It is when the publisher hands you several new, ink-smelly copies of the most wonderful book in the world.

The members of the family cluster around and you have a frightful time trying to appear easy and matter of fact. Really you would like to leap and dance.

No matter if the book you write is not published, the effort will bear fruit. Think of the marvelous topic of conversation it will be in the future. If my advice should be universally followed think of what a different place this world would be.

Imagine the driver of the ice wagon saluting the gentleman who pries up manhole covers for the Department of Public Works of a morning. The ice man pulls up under a tree and the public works man leans one of his manhole covers against the curb and they begin.

"Well, old fellow," says the ice man. "Are you still having trouble with that chapter? The one where you and the fireman were both trying to win the same girl."

"There's still something wrong with it," answers the manhole man. "Most elusive thing imaginable. Written it seven times now."

"It will come," cheers the ice man. "I had the same trouble with the autobiography I did summer before last. Solved it by sleeping in the ice house one night and it all came to me in the dark."

I maintain this sort of thing would be much more interesting and constructive than devoting the same amount of time to the standing of the baseball clubs. There is nothing anybody can do about the standing of the ball teams and hence all conversation regarding them is utterly futile.

But when one talks about one's book, whether published or unpublished, there is meat in the conversation. Not only meat, but electricity. In fact, I don't know of a more electric conversation than that of two authors talking about their own books. Anything can happen in such a talk.

By all means, write that book! H. I. S.

Mirror of the World's Opinion

The opinions expressed in the quotations hereunder do not necessarily carry the indorsement of the Monitor.

Children on the Raging Canal

AN INQUIRING reporter taking a look into the cost of bureaucracy in Washington hit upon a bureau which issued a twenty-two page booklet on "Canal Boat Children in the United States."

Now millions of people in this country do not know from first hand experience what a canal boat is. And of those who have seen those picturesque craft on the raging canals few have seen a canal boat child. There are, according to the twenty-two page booklet, only 323 canal boat children in the country.

Whatever problem they present does not seem to be Uncle Sam's size. And, such as it is, it ought to be dealt with by the states in which the land-going craft that house the children pursue their exciting cruises.

Of course, the cost of issuing that booklet will not break Uncle Sam. It is not in itself the cause of the deficit. Neither is a snowflake the cause of an avalanche. The booklet is merely symptomatic of how bureaucracy grows and how hard it has to work at times to find an excuse for drawing its expense account.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

Economy in Kenosha

THE story of municipal finances which comes from Kenosha, Wis., is nothing more than the story of sound business sense applied in a place where it is all too often lacking—local government. This city of 50,000 last year faced the same problems of every city in the country. There was so much money available for government. There was a sudden upswing of calls for help. Nineteen hundred families and 450 single men needed assistance. Kenosha faced the obligations squarely. It has come through the year not only within its budget but with a surplus of more than $77,000. And nobody in Kenosha has gone hungry or unsheltered. Kenosha's city manager told the whole story when he said:

"It was a case of salaries and sidewalks making way for food and shelter for the needy."

In other words, every city department pruned expenses everywhere possible and turned its back on the temptation to spend money for luxuries. Approximately $300,000 was saved on normal running expenses. Any city in the country could have done as well if its officials had realized that "salaries and sidewalks" must make way for food and shelter. With patronage and political maneuvering given an indefinite holiday, the expenses of government can be cut, in Kenosha or Albany or Washington.—*New York Evening Post.*

International Radio That Counts

FOR more than two years, weekly international broadcasts of addresses by European speakers of note have held place as one of the most interesting of regular radio program features. It has now been arranged to place on the air between this country and England a regular program of different type, which is designed to promote better understanding in each nation of various phases of life in the other.

These broadcasts will dramatize four principal activities, school life, music and literature, college life, vaudeville and musical comedy. The series opened April 14.

Radio is given the opportunity, by reason of the fact that 175,000,000 people in Great Britain, Canada and the United States, all using the same language, may be reached in a single broadcast, to cement the interests of those peoples more firmly together. Probably no more effective way of accomplishing this purpose could have been conceived than through the exposition, by dramatization and example, of these ordinary phases of existence on the opposite sides of the Atlantic.

Radio programs that combine interest, entertainment and sound value are not met with every day. This is an enterprise that deserves encouragement.—*Des Moines (Iowa) Register.*

Saving the Redwoods

ONE of the outstanding triumphs in state conservation endeavors has without doubt been the gradual preservation in California of its redwood forest.

The numerous groves of these magnificent trees which have been preserved from destruction and are now a part of California's state park system owe their salvation to the efforts of the Save-the-Redwoods League. Although this organization has been functioning only ten years, it has acquired for preservation the choicest tracts of this great primeval forest wilderness. The recent addition of another area of woodlands to California's state park system is another triumph for the Save-the-Redwoods League. California has now set aside 20,000 acres of these picturesque trees.

The work of the Save-the-Redwoods League is an inspiration to other states having outstanding scenic and recreational treasures worthy of preservation. The rest of the country is grateful that the unique and impressive redwoods are so well safeguarded in their native state.—*St. Paul (Minn.) Pioneer Press.*

Letters to The Christian Science Monitor

Brief communications are welcomed, but the Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor must remain sole judge of their suitability, and this Board does not hold itself or this newspaper responsible for the facts or opinions presented. Anonymous letters are destroyed unread.

From a Radio Listener

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

May I draw your attention to a problem of more than local concern? As the mother of three small boys, I am in entire sympathy with a movement launched by the parent-teacher associations of Santa Monica, Calif., to eliminate murder and mystery sketches from radio programs at children's bedtime. From personal observation, I know them to be most unwholesome. After listening to such programs, my children go to bed flushed and excited, remain wakeful for hours and, when they do fall asleep, are more apt than not to have nightmares. I consider this kind of thing quite as pernicious as the films chosen for Saturday matinées when the theaters are crowded with school children.

Sometimes I regret having put a radio in my home, and question whether it would not be wise to get rid of it until broadcasting is conducted on a different plane. Certainly neither my husband nor I derive much pleasure from it. Cheap music, stupid jokes and tiresome advertising have vulgarized a wonderful invention. Has no one the power to clear the air of the offensive and often harmful flood of trash that now disgusts every intelligent listener?

Los Angeles, Calif. CLARA BILLINGS.